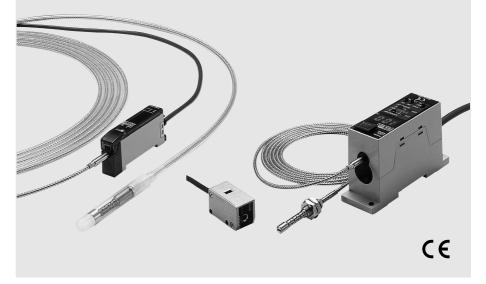
### Ultraviolet power monitor/illumination monitor



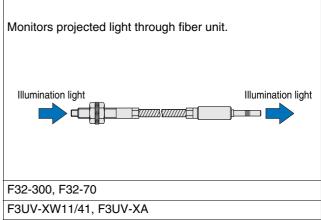
# Monitoring output state of UV (ultraviolet light)/illumination light source

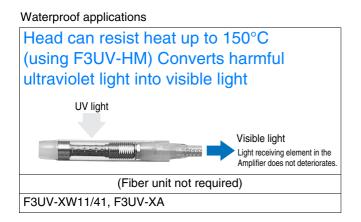


### **Features**

Can be used as ultraviolet power monitor/illumination monitor **Optical Fiber Type Fiber Units OUV Power Monitor** Heat resistance applications Head can resist heat up to 300°C (using F3UV-HM) Converts harmful ultraviolet light into visible light Case is made of ozone-proof and heatproof stainless steel (SUS303). UV light Visible light Light receiving element in the Amplifier does not deteriorates. F32-300, F32-70 F3UV-XW11/41, F3UV-XA

#### During projection monitoring





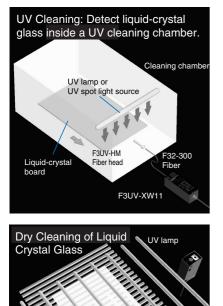
### Application

Precision Parts Resin Hardening Process

F3UV-HM

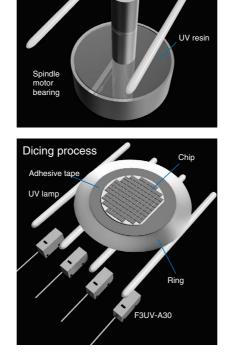
F3UV-HM

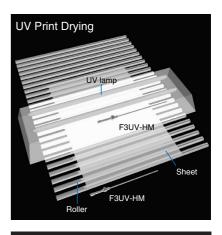
UV lamp

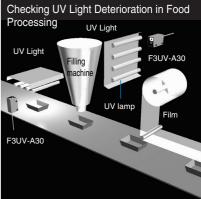


Roller

Liquid crystal glass







F3UV-A30

### **Features**

Optical Fiber Type

Amplifier Units

F3UV-XW Series

Digital % display for easy visualization of measured values

7-segment digital % display

### Easy teaching scheme

Button teaching is possible for zero-point setting and sensitivity setting.

### Output form can be selected.

Two outputs: current/voltage output + decision output

#### • F3UV-XA

### Sensitivity control scheme

Fine adjustment possible with 8-revolution dial.

# Verify output form with operation indicator lamp

Illuminates at approximate range of 4 to 5 V

Built-in Amplifier Type

(Cannot be used as illumination monitor)

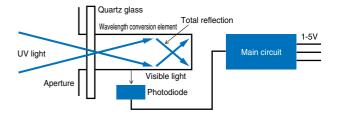
### About 1/10th the cost

The price is about 1/10th the price of a dedicated measuring instrument

# Protective Structure to Prevent UV Deterioration.

A zinc die-cast case and synthetic quartz glass for the light receiving window.

Protective tubes and covers available as options. (Option)



Monitor UV Light Output Status with an Operation Indicator. (Lit at approx. 4 to 5 V.)

With control for sensitivity adjustment

Filter Cover (reduced by 1/6.5) Available.

F3UV

### **Ordering Information**

Built-in Amplifier Type

#### Sensors

Shape	Intensity range of incident light	Output	Model
-	1 to 30 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	Analog voltage output (1 to 5 V)	F3UV-A30
· • 6 5	0.2 to 3 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	Analog voltage output (1 to 5 v)	F3UV-A03

#### Accessories (Sold Separately)

Shape		Name	Model
		Protective Tube (Protects the cord.)	F39-CU1M
		Protective Cover (Protects the display.)	F39-HU2
	2	1/6.5 Filtering Cover	F39-HU1
	C C C	Mounting Brackets	F39-L9

#### **Optical Fiber Type**

#### Sensors

#### **Amplifier Unit**

Shape	Connection method	Output	Output form	Model
		Evaluation output Answer-back output	NPN output	F3UV-XW11 *
•	Pre-wired	Current/voltage analog out- put	PNP output	F3UV-XW41
and the second se		Analog voltage output		F3UV-XA

\* A model with 5 times higher sensitivity is also available.

Head Unit (can only be used as UV power monitor)

Shape		Wavelength range of incident light	Max. temperature	Model	Remarks
( manual	*1		300°C*2	F3UV-HM	Includes two M8 nuts and one mounting plate.
	*3	200 to 370 nm		F3UV-HT 5m	Waterproof and chemical-resistant Te- flon cover *4 For the mounting procedure, see
and the second	-3		150°C	F3UV-HT 10 m	"Please use correctly". For the incoming light power range, please inquire separately.

\*1. The fiber unit is required for connection to the amplifier unit.
\*2. Use within the operating temperature range of the fiber unit you are using.
\*3. Can be directly connected to the amplifier unit.
\*4. Teflon is a registered trademark of the Dupon Company and the Mitsui Dupon Chemical Company for their fluoride resin.

#### **Fiber Units**

Compatible Amplifier Units	Compatible Head Units	Shape*1	Max. temperature	Intensity range of incident light*2	Model	Quantity
F3UV-XW11	- F3UV-HM <sup>*3</sup>	M4 screw	300°C	10 to 300 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	F32-300	
F3UV-XW41		M4 screw	70°C	10 to 300 mw/cm	F32-70	1 pc.
F3UV-XA		M4 screw	300°C	30 to 300 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	F32-300	τρο.
1001-74		M4 screw	70°C	SO TO SOO HIVW/CHI-	F32-70	

\*1. The values given are for a standard UV light source with a central wavelength of 360 nm, measured with a standard illumination meter (and for use in combination with the specified Amplifier and Head Unit). The power range is one for which teaching to 100% is possible.
\*2. For the fiber length, please inquire separately.
\*3. Not required when using as an illumination monitor.

### Accessories (Order Separately)

Shape	Name	Model	Quantity	Applicable Fiber Units
<u><u>7/////////////////////////////////</u></u>	Protective Tube (Protects the fiber.)	F39-FU1M	1 pc.	F32-70

### Rating/performance

Built-in Amplifier Type

#### Main Unit

Item	Model	F3UV-A30	F3UV-A0	
Intensity range of incident light <sup>*1</sup>		1 to 30 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	0.2 to 3 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	
Wavelength range of incident light		200 to 370 nm		
P indic	ator	Green LED		
Operat	ion indicator	Orange LED (illuminates at a 4 to 5 V)	n output of approximately	
Sensiti	vity adjuster	One-turn adjuster		
Supply	voltage	12 to 24 VDC ±10%		
Curren	t consumption	15 mA max.		
Respor	nse time <sup>*2</sup>	300 ms max.	400 ms max.	
Output	*3	1 to 5 V (offset voltage of 0.2	V or higher)	
Connection impedance		100 k min.		
Repetition precision		±2% F.S. max.		
Tempe	rature drift	0.2% of F.S./°C max.		
Ambier	nt illuminance*4	Fluorescent light 1,000 lx max.	Fluorescent light 500 lx max.	
Ambier	nt temperature	-10° to 70°C		
Ambier	nt humidity	35% to 85%		
Ambier	nt temperature	-25° to 80°C		
Insulati	ion resistance	20 M min. at 500 VDC		
Dielect	ric strength	1,000 VAC for 1 min.		
Vibratio	on resistance	10 to 150 Hz, half amplitude of 0.1 mm in 3 directions: X, Y, and Z, 8 min x 10 sweeps each		
Shock	resistance	150 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 3 times each in $\pm X$ , $\pm Y$ , and $\pm Z$ directions		
Protect	tive structure	IEC Standard IP30		
Conne	ction method	Pre-wired models (standard length: 2 m)		
Weight	(Packed state)	78 g		
Mate-	Case	Zinc diecast		
rial	Window:	Synthetic quartz glass		
Access	sories	Instruction manual		

- \*1. Using a standard UV light source and UV illumina-tion meter in a power range for which analog output can be set to 5 V.
- \*2. The response time is the rise time of the output signal to 10 to 90%.
- nal to 10 to 90%.
  \*3. An output voltage up to 6 V can be output. Adjust the sensitivity so that the output is less than 5 V. The output is 0.2 to 1 V when there is no incident UV light.
  \*4. This value is the illumination at the receiver window maintaining an offset voltage of 1 V max. with the fluorescent light.

#### Accessories (Order Separately) Protective Tube (Protects the cord.)

	Model	F39-CU1M	
Item	Shape	Tube End cap	
Ambien	nt temperature	Operating/storage: -40 to +100°C (must use in operating temperature range of sensor)	
Ambier	nt humidity	Operating: 35% to 85% Storage: 35% to 95%	
Bending	g radius	24 ±5mm	
Tensile	Tensile strength Gap between head connector/end cap and tube: 2 Nm or less, tube: 2 Nm or less		
Compre	ession load	Tube: 9.8 Nm (lateral pressure load)	
Mata	Head connector	Brass nickel plating	
Mate- rial End cap Brass nickel plating		Brass nickel plating	
inc.i	Tube Stainless steel (SUS304)		
Access	ories	M2 screws	

**Optical Fiber Type** 

#### Sensors

**Amplifier Units** 

age ion	12 to 24 VDC ±10%		
ion			
	Current consumption 75 mA max.		
tput			Voltage (1 to 5 V) (offset voltage of 0.2 V or less)
tion	NPN open collector output, 100 mA or less, residual voltage 1 V or less (when using light intensity monitor and light intensity integration mode)	PNP open collector output, 100 mA or less, residual voltage 2 V or less (when using light intensity monitor and light intensity integration mode)	
ack	NPN open collector output, 100 mA or less, residual voltage 1 V or less (when using light intensity monitor and light intensity integration mode)	PNP open collector output, 100 mA or less, residual voltage 2 V or less (when using light intensity monitor and light intensity integration mode)	
nput	When ON: 0 V short circuit (short circuit current of 1 mA or less) When OFF: Open circuit (open or 9 V or higher and 24 V or less)	When ON: Power supply voltage short circuit or 9 V or higher and 24 V or less (short circuit current of 3 mA or less) When OFF: Open circuit (open or 1.5 V or less)	
ıt	When ON: 0 V short circuit (short circuit current of 1 mA or less) When OFF: Open circuit (open or 9 V or higher and 24 V or less)	When ON: Power supply voltage short circuit or 9 V or higher and 24 V or less (short circuit current of 3 mA or less) When OFF: Open circuit (open or 1.5 V or less)	
	Protection from load short-circuit an	d reversed power supply connection	•
	500 ms max.		300 ms max.
	Teaching		8-revolution dial type
	Measurement/teaching indicator lamp (green/red) Operation indicator lamp (orange) 7 segment digital percent display (red) 7 segment digital threshold value display (red)		Power display (green) Operation display (orange)
on	±2% F.S. max.		
се	Fluorescent light 1,000 lx max.*3		Fluorescent light 1,000 lx max.*4
	±0.1% of F.S./°C max		0.2% of F.S./°C max.
ure	Operating: -25 to +55°C, Storage: -4	10 to +70°C (with no icing or condens	sation)
	Operating/storage: 35% to 85% RH		
ice	20 M min. at 500 VDC		
l	Lead wires to case: 1,000 V AC 50/	60 Hz	
ce	10 to 150 Hz, half amplitude of 0.1 r	nm, or 15 m/s², 2h each in X, Y, and	Z directions
Shock resistance 150 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions			
Protective structure IEC Standard IP30		IEC 60529 IP50	
Connection method Pre-wired models (standard length: 2 m)			
Weight (Packed state) Approx. 270 g			Approx. 60 g
	ABS		·
	Instruction manual		Operation manual, adjustment driver, clamps
	ck put t n ce ure ce e d ate)	tionor less, residual voltage 1 V or less (when using light intensity monitor and light intensity integration mode)ckNPN open collector output, 100 mA or less, residual voltage 1 V or less (when using light intensity monitor and light intensity integration mode)putWhen ON: 0 V short circuit (short circuit current of 1 mA or less) When OFF: Open circuit (open or 9 V or higher and 24 V or less)tWhen ON: 0 V short circuit (short circuit current of 1 mA or less) When OFF: Open circuit (open or 9 V or higher and 24 V or less)tWhen ON: 0 V short circuit (short circuit current of 1 mA or less) When OFF: Open circuit (open or 9 V or higher and 24 V or less)tProtection from load short-circuit an 500 ms max.TeachingMeasurement/teaching indicator lan lamp (orange) 7 segment digital per threshold value display (red)n±2% F.S. max.ceFluorescent light 1,000 lx max."3 ±0.1% of F.S./°C maxureOperating: -25 to +55°C, Storage: -4 Operating/storage: 35% to 85% RH ceco20 M min. at 500 VDCLead wires to case: 1,000 V AC 50/ ee 10 to 150 Hz, half amplitude of 0.1 r 150 m/s², 3 times each in X, Y, and ee IEC Standard IP30dPre-wired models (standard length: ate)ate)Approx. 270 gABS Instruction manual	or less, residual voltage 1 V or less (when using light intensity monitor and light intensity integration mode)       or less, residual voltage 2 V or less (when using light intensity monitor and light intensity integration mode)         Rest       NPN open collector output, 100 mA or less, residual voltage 1 V or less (when using light intensity monitor and light intensity integration mode)       PNP open collector output, 100 mA or less, residual voltage 2 V or less (when using light intensity monitor and light intensity integration mode)         When ON: 0 V short circuit (short circuit current of 1 mA or less)       When ON: Power supply voltage short circuit current of 3 mA or less)         When ON: 0 V short circuit (short circuit current of 1 mA or less)       When ON: Power supply voltage short circuit or 9 V or higher and 24 V or less (short circuit (open or 1.5 V or less)         When ON: 0 V short circuit (short circuit current of 1 mA or less)       When OFF: Open circuit (open or 1.5 V or less)         When ON: 0 V short circuit (short circuit current of 1 mA or less)       When OFF: Open circuit (open or 1.5 V or less)         Protection from load short-circuit and reversed power supply connection 500 ms max.       Teaching         Measurement/teaching indicator lamp (green/red) Operation indicator lamp (orange) 7 segment digital percent display (red) 7 segment digital threshold value display (red)         m       ±2% F.S. max.         ce       Fluorescent light 1,000 k max." <sup>3</sup> ±0.1% of F.S./"C max         Operating: -25 to +55°C, Storage: -40 to +70°C (with no icing or condens Operating: sto ase: 1,000 V AC 50/60 Hz

\*1. A model with 5 times the sensitivity is also available.
\*2. Response time: 10% to 90% of rise and fall time of analog output signal.
\*3. An analog output of up to 6 V (or 24 mA) can be output. The output is 1 V (or 4 mA) when there is no incident UV light.
\*4. Shows value at which offset voltage can maintain 1 V or less using fluorescent lamp.
Note: 1.Analog output outputs up to approximately 6 V (24 mA). Outputs 1 V (4 mA) when there is no incoming light.
2.F.S. stands for full scale. For a current output, full scale is 16 mA (4 to 20 mA).
Voltage output: 4 V (1 to 5 V)
3. Definition of the luminous energy integral: The physical unit of the luminous energy integral is energy (J: joules) and this value is calculated by multiplying the UV intensity (mV) by the time of exposure (s), but it is dimensionless when this sensor's analog output value (V) is used for the UV intensity. The integral is measured with an 11 ms sampling time.

#### Head unit

Item	Model	F3UV-HM F3UV-HT (both 5m and 1)		
Wavelength range of incident light		200 to 370 nm		
Tempe	erature drift	-0.15%/°C max.		
Ambient temperature		Operating/Storage: -40° to 300°C (with no icing or condensation)	Operating/Storage: -40° to 150°C (with no icing or condensation)	
Ambie	Ambient humidity Operating/Storage: 35% to 85% RH (with no icing or condensation)		ondensation)	
Vibration resistance 10		10 to 55 Hz, half amplitude of 0.75 mm or 100 m/s <sup>2</sup>		
Shock	resistance	500 m/s <sup>2</sup>		
Weight (Packed state)		30 g	5 m cable: approximately 170 g, 10 m cable: approximately 380 g	
Mate-	Protective casing	Stainless steel (SUS303)	Fluororesin	
rial Fluorescent fiber path		Functional fluoroglass		
Access	sories	M8 nut and mounting bracket		

Optical Fiber Type

### Sensors

### Fiber Units

Item	Model	F32-300	F32-70		
Ambient	Operation	-40° to 300°C*1	-40° to 70°C		
tempera-	Storage	-40° to 110°C	-40° to 70°C		
ture		(with no icing or cor	(with no icing or condensation)		
Ambient humidity		Operating: 35% to 85% RH, storage: 35% to 95% RH (with no icing or condensation)			
Permissible bending radius		25 mm min.			
Fiber sheath material		SUS Black polyethylene			
Protective structure		IEC 60529 IP67			
Standard fiber length		2 m *2			

\*1. Heat-resistance temperatures vary depending on the fiber part. See the dimensions for details.
\*2. For the fiber length, please inquire separately.

### Accessories (Order Separately)

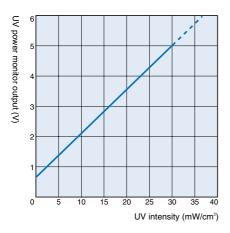
Protective Tube (Protects the Fiber.)

	Model	F39-FU1M		
Shape		1,000           Head connector		
Ambi ture	ent tempera-	-40° to 150°C for operating or storage Fiber inserted inside must be used within its operating temperature range.		
Ambi	ent humidity	Operating: 35% to 85% RH, storage: 35% to 95% RH		
Bend	ing radius	30 mm min.		
Tensi	le strength	Between tube and head connector or end cap: 1.5 Nm or less Tube: 2 Nm or less		
Comp	pression load	Tube: 29.4 N max.		
Ma-	Head connector	Brass nickel plating		
teri- al	End cap	Brass nickel plating		
a	Tube	Stainless steel (SUS304)		

### Characteristic data (typical)

#### Built-in Amplifier Type

F3UV-A30 (output characteristics when output at 30 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> is set to 5 V)



Angular Characteristics (Y-direction)

F3UV-A30/-A03

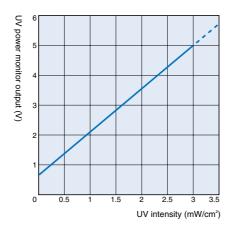
100

90

80

70

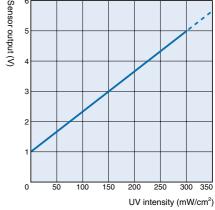
F3UV-A03 (output characteristics when output at 3 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> is set to 5 V)



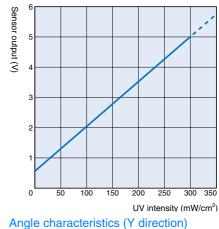
# F3UV-XW□1 + F3UV-HM + F32-300 (output characteristics at 300 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> when sensitivity is set)

**Optical Fiber Type** 

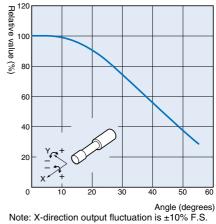
**Output Characteristics** 

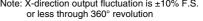


F3UV-XA + F3UV-HM + F32-300 (output characteristics at 300 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> when sensitivity is set)



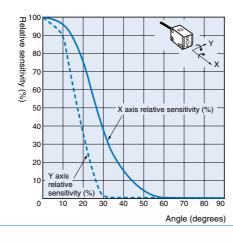
F3UV-HM/-HT



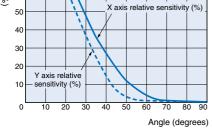


## F3UV-A30/A03 + F39-HU1 (exposure cover option)

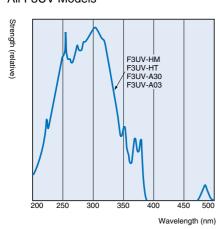
х



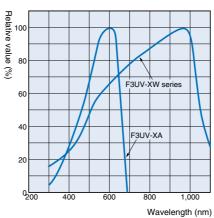
Relative sensitivity (%) 60

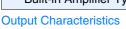


#### General **Sensitivity Characteristics** All F3UV Models

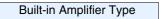


When used as illumination monitor

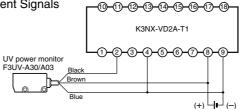




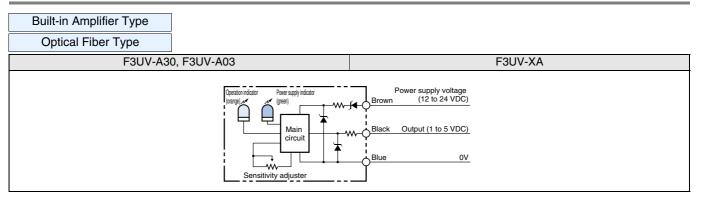
### Connected with controller

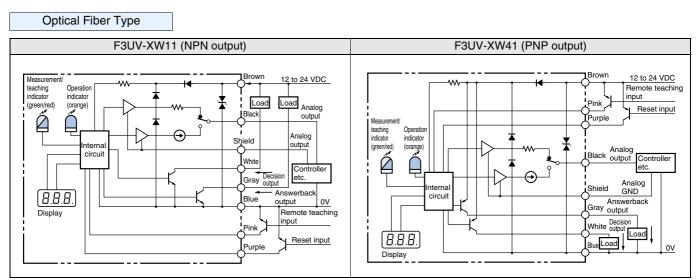


Analog Indications such as Voltage or Current Signals



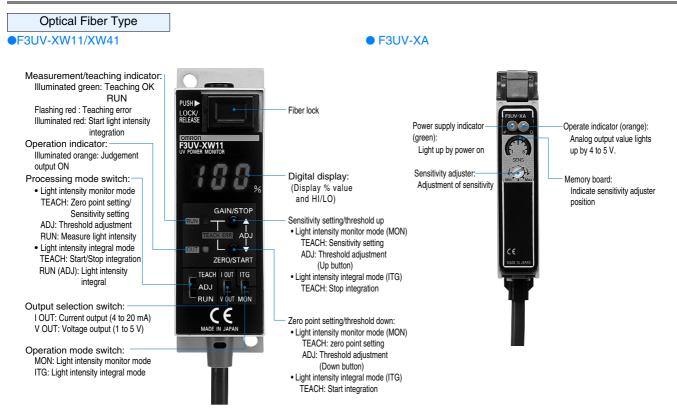
### Input/output stage circuit schematic



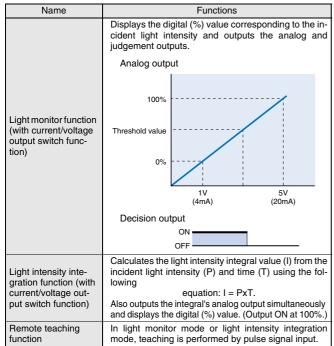


# OMROF

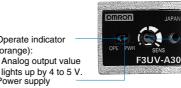
### Part Names/Functions



#### Functions



Built-in Amplifier Type F3UV-A30/A03



Sensitivity adjuster: Adjustment of sensitivity

lights up by 4 to 5 V. Power supply indicator (green): Light up by power on.

Operate indicator

(orange):

#### Functions

Name		Functions
Display function	P indicator	Lit green when power supply is ON.
	Operation indicator	Lit orange when the analog output is between 4 and 5 V.
Output function	Analog output	Outputs voltage proportional to incoming light intensity. (Offset voltage of 0.2 V or higher)
Sensitivity adjustment function		Sensitivity can be set to the desired level with this one-turn adjuster.

F3UV

### Operation

#### • F3UV-A30/A03

#### Sensitivity adjustment method

During initial setup or when UV light source is replaced, adjust the analog output to 4 to 5 V as follows.

#### (Sensitivity adjustment)

After installing the sensor, adjust the sensitivity with the sensitivity control.

When the analog output is within the range of 4 to 5 V, the orange operation indicator lamp illuminates. Once it illuminates, fine adjust the output to the required voltage.

#### (If the UV light intensity is too high)

If the analog output is 5.0 V or higher when the sensitivity control is set to MIN (all the way to the left), the UV light intensity exceeds the sensor specification. Either use the optional F39-HU1 Exposure Cover, or move the sensor away from the UV lamp.

#### (If the UV light intensity is too low)

If the analog output is 5.0 V or lower when the sensitivity control is set to MAX (all the way to the right), the UV light intensity is lower than the sensor specification. Move the sensor closer to the UV lamp.

#### • F3UV-XW11/XW41

#### **Basic Operating Procedures**

- (1) Install the Amplifier Unit.
- (2) Connect the Fiber Unit to the Amplifier Unit.
- (3) Turn ON the power supply.
- (4) Select an operating mode with the operation mode switch.(Light intensity monitor mode or light intensity integral mode)
- (5) When using the analog output, select current or voltage output with the output selection switch.
- (6) Set the processing mode switch to TEACH and perform the teaching operation.
  - Light Intensity Monitor Mode

Perform the zero-point setting when the indicator is not lit and make the sensitivity setting when the indicator is lit. (Perform the sensitivity setting after the temperature has stabilized.)

• Light Intensity Integral Mode Use the start setting at the start of illumination and the stop setting when completed.

Teaching can be performed by pressing the buttons or with codes.

- (7) When changing the threshold value in light intensity monitor mode, set the processing mode switch to ADJ and adjust the threshold value. The judgement output will go ON if the light intensity is below the threshold value. The threshold value is set to 50 at the factory.
- (8) Set the processing mode switch to RUN to start measurement. In light intensity integral mode, start integration with the Reset input.

For detailed operation procedures, see the product manual.

#### • F3UV-XA

#### Sensitivity adjustment method

During initial setup or when UV light source is replaced, adjust the control output to any value between 4 and 5 V using the sensitivity control. After that, you can monitor weakening of the UV light source intensity by monitoring the control output value.

#### (Sensitivity adjustment)

After installing and securing the sensor, adjust the sensitivity with the sensitivity control. When the control output value is within the range of 4 to 5 V, the orange operation indicator lamp illuminates. (The sensor output goes up to approximately 6 V, and thus the operation indicator lamp does not illuminate if the sensitivity is too high.) Adjustment is easier if you verify that the operation indicator lamp is illuminated and then fine-adjust the sensitivity to the desired value while viewing the voltmeter display.

#### (If the UV light intensity is too high)

If the analog output is 5.0 V or higher when the sensitivity control is set to MIN (all the way to the left), or if the analog output does not decrease when the sensor is moved away from the UV lamp, the UV light intensity exceeds the sensor specification. Move the sensor further away from the UV lamp

#### (If the UV light intensity is too low)

If the analog output is 5.0 V or lower when the sensitivity control is set to MAX (all the way to the right), the UV light intensity is lower than the sensor specification. Move the sensor closer to the UV lamp.

#### Important

Be sure to observe the precautions listed here. These precautions are essential for safe operation.

(1) Do not disassemble, repair, or modify this product.

(2) Do not short-circuit the two ends of the load.

(3) Do not install the amplifier unit in a location where it will be exposed to ultraviolet light.

Correct Use

F3UV general

Wiring Considerations

#### Connection

- Ensure that the power supply voltage is below the maximum voltage before turning the power ON.
- (2) Ensure that the terminal polarity and wiring are correct.
- (3) Use a cable with 0.3 mm<sup>2</sup> or greater wires and which is no more than 5 m in length, and test operation before using.

#### Power Supply

Do not use the system until 1 second has elapsed after turning on the power and it is in a detection-capable state. If the F3UV and the unit on which it is installed are connected to separate power sources, be sure to turn on the F3UV power first.

#### During use

#### Mounting the sensor

Ultraviolet light is harmful. Ensure the UV lamp is off when you install it.

#### Sensitivity setting

Temperature drift may cause the analog output value to change. If the temperature is rising, wait until it has stabilized sufficiently to set the sensitivity.

#### **Output characteristics**

If the analog output is not proportional to the ultraviolet illuminance of another manufacturer's illuminance meter, the following problems are possible.

- (1) If the distance between the lamp and the sensor was changed to adjust the ultraviolet illuminance, the values sometimes differ due to differing angles of view in the sensor receiver and in the other manufacturer's illuminance meter receiver.
- (2) If the illumination power of the UV lamp was changed to adjust the ultraviolet illuminance, accurate monitoring may not be possible due to insufficient stability of the UV lamp. Wait until the UV lamp has sufficiently stabilized and then perform the measurement.
- (3) If the temperature rises due to the UV lamp, wait until the sensor temperature stabilizes sufficiently and then perform the measurement.
- (4) If the sensor and the illuminance meter have different sized receiver areas, the values sometimes differ due to uneven illuminance on the receiver surface.

#### Miscellaneous

#### Cleaning

Do not use thinners. Use a soft cloth or blower brush to remove dust and dirt from the receiver window.

F3UV-A30/-A03

#### Mounting dimensions

(Installation strength)

Screws for mounting the sensor should be tightened to a torque of no more than 0.49 Nm.

#### (Protection against ultraviolet light)

The indicator lamps and cables on the sensor are not protected against ultraviolet light. If the indicator lamps and cables will be exposed to ultraviolet light, use the F39-HU2 and F39-CU1 to protect these parts.

Use protective gear if ultraviolet light will directly enter your field of vision or shine on your skin while mounting and adjusting the sensor.

#### F3UV-XW11/XW41/XA

#### Mounting

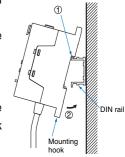
#### Mounting procedure

- (1) Mounting strength \* The torque for tightening screws when installing the sensor should be no more than 0.49 Nm.
- (2) Using a DIN rail

#### (Mounting)

- 1. Hook the top of the Unit onto the DIN
- Track. 2. Snap the bottom of the Unit onto the
- DIN Track. Note: Do not reverse steps 1 and 2. (Removal)

When removing the Unit from the DIN Track, pull the mounting hook forward to release it.



\*F3UV-XW11/XW41 only

#### Protection against ultraviolet light

This amplifier is not protected against ultraviolet light. Do not install the amplifier unit in a location where it will be exposed to ultraviolet light. Fiber Unit/Base Unit

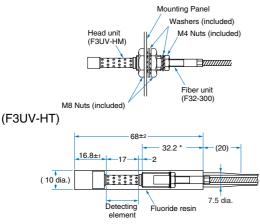
#### Mounting

Mounting the head unit when using as an ultraviolet power monitor

When installing the head unit, turn off the ultraviolet light and install in safe conditions.

The torque for tightening screws on the fiber unit should not exceed 0.78 Nm.

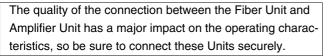
#### (F3UV-HM)



\* When using mounting bracket, please use within this dimensions.

Mounting the fiber unit when using as an illumination monitor As with a regular fiber unit, attach using a an M4 locking nut.

#### When connecting to an amplifier unit



(1) Cutting the Fiber (F32-70 only)

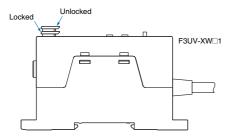
Insert the fiber into the hole of the cutting tool and set the tool at the desired length.

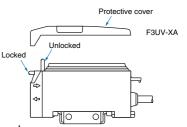
Press down the blade and cut the fiber. Do not stop when the fiber is only partially cut; make one clean cut

Once a hole has been used to cut a fiber, do not use that hole again. The cut surface may not be clean enough and the detection characteristics may be degraded.

(2) Installing the Fiber

With the lock button in the release position, insert the fiber into the Unit and press the button until you hear a click. This click is the sound of the fiber being locked.





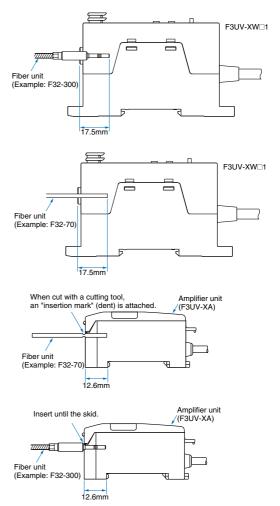
#### (3) Fiber removal

Press the lock button again. The lock will be released, the lock button will pop up, and it will be possible to remove the fiber.

Do not force the lock button up by pulling on it. (To maintain the fiber's characteristics, check whether the lock is out of place.)

#### (4) Fiber Insertion Location

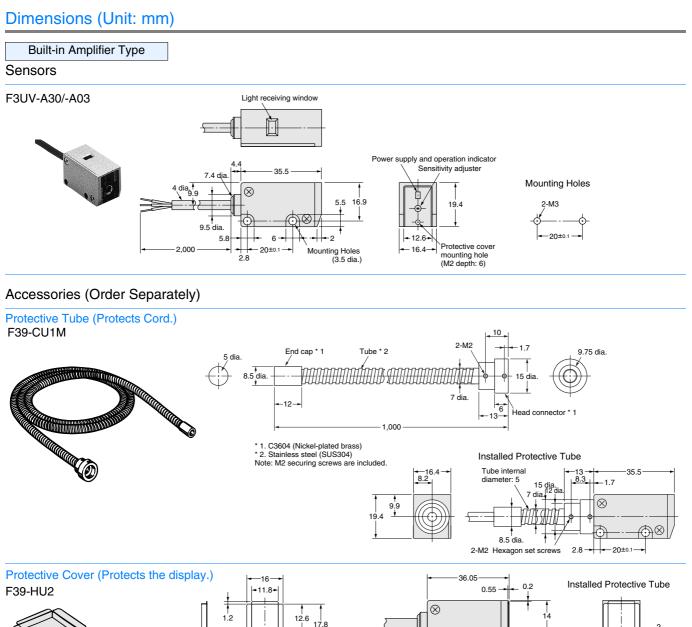
When inserting the Fiber Unit into the Amplifier Unit, always insert the Fiber Unit completely as shown in the following diagram.



- (5) Fiber Unit Installation/Removal Precautions Install and remove the Fiber Unit only when the ambient temperature is between -40 and 40°C.
- (6) Protecting the Fiber Unit

If the outer sheathing of a Flber Unit other than the F32-300 is exposed to UV light, protect the fiber by covering it with the F39-FU1M Protective Tube.

F3UV



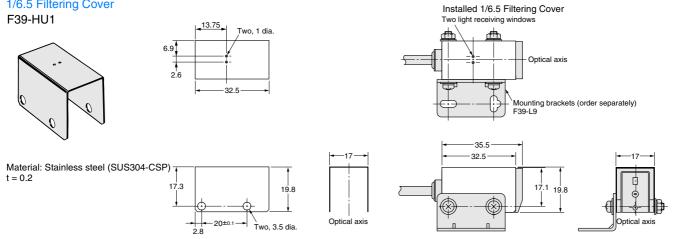
Material: Stainless steel (SUS304-CSP) t = 0.2

- 2.2

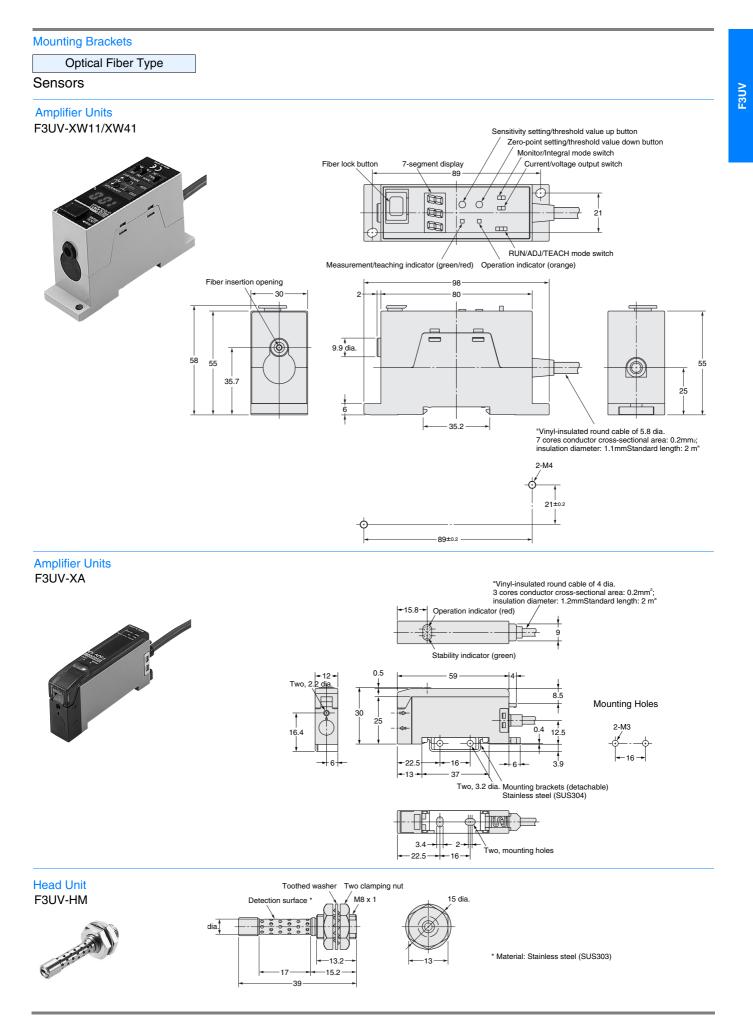
2.5 dia

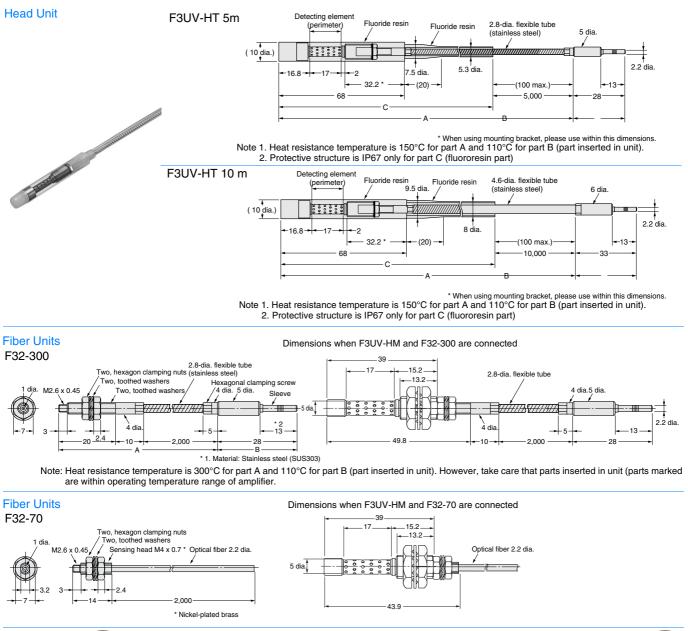
+12.2+





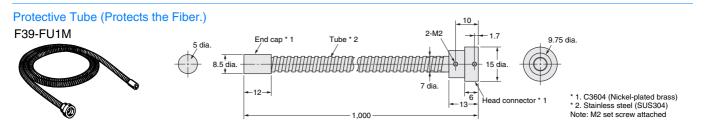
 $\odot$ 





Note: free-cut indicates that free-cutting is possible. Free-cutting is not possible on units that are not marked with free-cut.

#### Accessories (Order Separately)



ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.

Cat. No. E315-E2-01-X

In the interest of product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.