## Glossary

The following provides information on general terms and other terms used for Switches.

## - General Terms

## Basic Switch

A small-size switch which has contacts slightly separated and a snap action mechanism. Its contacts are enclosed in a case and operated by externally applying a specific force to an actuator provided on the case.

## Contact Form

A configuration of switch contacts to input or output an external signal.

## Contact Switch

A type of switch which uses, as opposed to a solid-state switch, mechanical contacts to break or make the external circuit.

## Ratings

Various parameters, such as current or voltage values, within which the normal operation of the basic switch is guaranteed.

## Molded Terminal

A terminal which is molded with resin after being connected to the internal circuit of the switch with a lead to eliminate exposed currentcarrying metal parts and thereby to enhance the drip-proof properties of the switch.

## - Terms for Configuration \& Structure



## Terms Related to Life Expectancy

Mechanical Life: The duration in which the normal switching operation is performed without the contacts energized as long as the switch is used with the rated overtravel (OT).
Electrical Life: The duration in which the normal switching operation is performed under the rated load (resistive) as long as the switch is used with the rated overtravel (OT).

## - Standard Test Conditions

Switches are tested under the following conditions.
Ambient temperature $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Relative humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Atmospheric pressure: 101.3 kPa

## N-level Reference Value

The N-level reference value indicates the failure rate of the switch. The following formula indicates that the failure rate is $1 / 2,000,000$ at a reliability level of $60 \%\left(\lambda_{60}\right)$.
$\lambda_{60}=0.5 \times 10^{-6}$ /operations

Contact Shape and Type

| Shape | Type | Main material | Processing method | Main application |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| <n | Crossbar contact | Gold or silver alloy | Welding or rivetting | Crossbar contacts are used for ensuring high contact reliability for switching minute loads. <br> The movable contact and fixed contact come in contact with each other at a right angle. Crossbar contacts are made with materials that are environment-resistant, such as gold alloy. In order to ensure excellent contact reliability, bifurcated crossbar contacts may be used. |
|  | Needle | Silver |  | Needle contacts are used for ensuring improvement in contact reliability for switching loads, such as relays. <br> A needle contact is made from a rivet contact by reducing the bending radius of the rivet contact to approximately 1 mm for the purpose of improving the contact pressure per unit area. |
|  | Rivet | Silver <br> Silver plated <br> Silver alloy <br> Gold plated |  | Rivet contacts are used in a wide application range from standard to heavy loads. <br> The fixed rivet contact is usually processed so that it has a groove to eliminate compounds that may be generated as a result of switching. Furthermore, to prevent the oxidation or sulphuration of the silver contacts, the contacts may be gold-plated while the switch is stored. <br> Contacts made with silver alloy are used for switching high current, such as the current supplied to TV sets. |

## Contact Gap

The contact gap is either $0.25,0.5,1.0$, or 1.8 mm . Check the contact gap of the switch to be used if it is necessary to minimize the contact gap. The standard contact gap is 0.5 mm . The smaller the contact gap of a switch mechanism is, the less the movement differential (MD) is and the more sensitivity and longer life the switch has. Such a switch cannot ensure, however, excellent switching performance, vibration resistance, or shock resistance.

The snap-action switch will be less sensitive if the movement differential (MD) increases along with the contact gap due to the wear and tear of the contacts as a result of current switching operations. If the switch with a contact gap of 0.25 mm is used, it will be necessary to minimize the switching current in order to prevent the wear and tear of the contacts as a result of current switching operations. A switch with a wide contact gap excels in vibration resistance, shock resistance, and switching performance.


| Character <br> displayed | Contact gap | DC <br> switching | MD | Accuracy and <br> life expectancy | Vibration and <br> shock resistance | Feature |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| H | 0.25 mm | Inferior | Minimal | Excellent | Inferior | High precision <br> and long life |
| G | 0.50 mm | Ordinary | Short | Good | Ordinary | General-purpose |
| F | 1.00 mm | Good | Medium | Ordinary | Good | Performance level <br> between G \& E |
| E | 1.80 mm | Excellent | Long | Inferior | Excellent | Highly vibration <br> \& shock resistive |

Terms Related to Operating Characteristics

| Definitions of Operating Characteristics | Classification | Term | Abbreviation | Unit | Dispersion | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Force | Operating Force | OF | $\mathrm{N}\{\mathrm{gf}, \mathrm{kgf}\}$ | Max. | The force applied to the actuator required to operate the switch contacts. |
|  |  | Releasing Force | RF | $\mathrm{N}\{\mathrm{gf}, \mathrm{kgf}\}$ | Min. | The value to which the force on the actuator must be reduced to allow the contacts to return to the normal position. |
|  |  | Total <br> Travel <br> Force | TTF | N \{gf, kgf\} | - | The force required for the actuator to reach the total travel position from the free position. |
|  | Travel | Pretravel | PT | mm or degrees | Max. | The distance or angle through which the actuator moves from the free position to the operating position. |
|  |  | Overtravel | OT | mm or degrees | Min. | The distance or angle of the actuator movement beyond the operating position. |
|  |  | Movement Differential | MD | mm or degrees | Max. | The distance or angle from the operating position to the releasing position. |
|  |  | Total Travel | TT | mm or degrees | - | The sum of the pretravel and total overtravel expressed as a distance or angle. |
|  | Position | Free Position | FP | mm or degrees | Max. | The initial position of the actuator when no external force is applied. |
|  |  | Operating Position | OP | mm or degrees | $\pm$ | The position of the actuator at which the contacts snap to the operated contact position. |
|  |  | Releasing Position | RP | mm or degrees | - | The position of the actuator at which the contacts snap from the operated contact position to their normal position. |
|  |  | Total Travel Position | TTP | mm or degrees | - | The position of the actuator when it reaches the stopper. |

Example of Fluctuation:
V-21-1 $\square 6$ with max. operating force of $3.92 \mathrm{~N}\{400 \mathrm{gf}\}$
The above means that each switch sample operates with a maximum operating force (OF) of 3.92 N when increasing the OF imposed on the actuator from 0 .

■ Terminal Symbol and Contact Form ■ Contact Form

| Contact | Terminal symbol |
| :--- | :--- |
| COM | Common terminal |
| NC | Normally closed terminal |
| NO | Normally open terminal |

Terminal Types

| Type | Shape |
| :---: | :---: |
| Solder terminal | 0 |
| Quick-connect <br> (\#110, 187, and 250) | ¢ |
| Screw terminal | 県 |
| PCB terminal | T |
| PCB angle terminal | ك |

Note: In addition to the above, molded terminals with lead wires and snap-on mounting connectors are available.

| Symbol | Name | Model example |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\operatorname{COM}-\mathrm{OC}$ | SPDT | Standard snap-action switch |
| $\mathrm{COM}-\mathrm{CC}$ | SPST-NC | V |
| COM-O-NO | SPST-NO | V |
|  | Split-contact type | Z-10FY-B |
|  | Maintainedcontact type | Z-15ER |
| $-\infty-0$ | DPDT | DZ |

Note: The above illustrations show typical examples. For the contact form of each product, refer to an individual datasheet.

## ■ Terms Related to EN61058-1 Standards

Electric Shock Protective Class: Indicates the electric shock preventive level. The following classes are provided.
Class 0: Electric shocks are prevented by basic insulation only.
Class I: Electric shocks are prevented by basic insulation and grounding.
Class II: Electric shocks are prevented by double insulation or enforced insulation with no grounding required.
Class III: No countermeasures against electric shocks are required because the electric circuits in use operate in a low-enough voltage range ( 50 VAC max. or 70 VDC max.)
Proof Tracking Index (PTI): Indicates the index of tracking resistance, that is, the maximum dielectric strength with no shortcircuiting between two electrodes attached to the switch sample while 50 drops of $0.1 \%$ ammonium chloride solution are dropped between the electrodes drop by drop. Five levels are provided. The following table indicates the relationship between these PTI levels and CTI values according to the UL Plastics Recognized Directory.

| PTI | CTI Classified by UL |
| :--- | :--- |
| 500 | PLC level 1: $400 \leqq$ CTI < 600 <br> (Check with material manufacturer if <br> the material meets CTI 500) |
| 375 | PLC level 2: $250 \leqq$ CTI < 400 <br> (Check with material manufacturer if <br> the material meets CTI 375) |
| 300 | PLC level 2: $250 \leqq$ CTI <400 <br> (Check with material manufacturer if <br> the material meets CTI 300) |
| 250 | PLC level 2: $250 \leqq$ CTI <400 |
| 175 | PLC level 3: $175 \leqq$ CTI <250 |

Switch Category: Indicates the heat and fire resistance of the switch on the basis of IEC335-1.
Category A: The switch has a rated switching capacity of 0.5 A maximum or is used for applications where the switch is kept ON by hand or manually.
Category C: The switch has a rated switching capacity exceeding 0.5 A or is used for applications where the switch is operated only when the operator is at present.
Category D: The switch is used for all kinds of applications.
Number of Operations: Indicates the operation number of durability test provided by the standard. They are classified into the following levels and the switch must bear the corresponding symbol. A switch with high switching frequency must withstand 50,000 switching operations and that with low switching frequency must withstand 10,000 operations to satisfy IEC standards.

| Number of Operations | Symbol |
| :--- | :--- |
| 100,000 | 1 E 5 |
| 50,000 | 5 E 4 |
| 25,000 | 25 E 3 |
| 10,000 | No symbol required |
| 6,000 | 6 E 3 |
| 3,000 | 3 E 3 |
| 1,000 | 1E3 |
| 300 | $3 E 2$ |

Ambient Temperature: Indicates the operating temperature range of the switch. If the temperature range is not between $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the switch must bear the symbol of the temperature range. Refer to the following example.

| Symbol | T85 | 25 T 85 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Temperature range | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Solder Terminal Type 1: A type of solder terminal classified by heat resistance under the following test conditions.

Dip soldering bath applied: The terminal must not wobble or make any change in insulation distance after the terminal is dipped for a specified depth and period into a dip soldering bath at a temperature of $235^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at specified speed.
Soldering iron applied: The terminal must not wobble or make any change in insulation distance after the terminal is soldered by applying wire solder that is 0.8 mm in diameter for two to three seconds by using a soldering iron, the tip temperature of which is $350^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Solder Terminal Type 2: A type of solder terminal classified by heat resistance under the following test conditions.

Dip soldering bath applied: The terminal must not wobble or make any change in insulation distance after the terminal is dipped for a specified depth and period into a dip soldering bath at a temperature of $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at specified speed.
Soldering iron applied: The terminal must not wobble or make any change in insulation distance after the terminal is soldered by applying wire solder that is 0.8 mm in diameter for 5 seconds by using a soldering iron, the tip temperature of which is $350^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Clearance distance: The minimum space distance between two charged parts or between a charged part and a metal foil stuck to the non-metal switch housing.
Creepage distance: The minimum distance on the surface of the insulator between two charged parts or between a charged part and a metal foil stuck to the non-metal switch housing.
Distance through insulation: The minimum direct distance between the charged part and a metal foil stuck to the non-metal switch housing through air plus any other insulator thickness including the housing itself.

## Cautions

Do not wire the Switch or touch any terminal of the Switch while power is connected to the Switch, otherwise an electric shock may be received.

## - Electrical Conditions

## Load

The switching capacity of the Switch significantly differs depending on whether the Switch is used to break an alternating current or a direct current. Be sure to check both the AC and DC ratings of the Switch by referring to its datasheet. The control capacity will drop drastically if it is a DC load. This is because a DC load, unlike an AC load, has no current zero cross point. Therefore, if an arc is generated, it may continue for a comparatively long time. Furthermore, the current direction is always the same, which results in contact relocation phenomena, and the contacts hold each other with ease and will not separate if the surfaces of the contacts are uneven.
Some types of load have a large difference between usual current and inrush current. Make sure that the inrush current is within the permissible value. The higher the inrush current in the closed circuit is, the more the contact abrasion or shift will be. Consequently, contact weld, contact separation failures, or insulation failures may result. Furthermore, the Switch may break or become damaged.
If the load is inductive, counter-electromotive voltage will be generated. The higher the voltage is, the higher the generated energy is, which increase the abrasion of the contacts and contact relocation phenomena. Make sure to use the Switch within the rated conditions.

## Inrush Current



The switching capacity of each Switch appearing on a datasheet is the rated capacity. When applying the Switch to a circuit with a special load with unusual inrush and switching current and voltage waveforms, be sure to test the Switch under the actual conditions before use.
If the load is a minute voltage or current load, use a dedicated Switch for minute loads. The reliability of silver-plated contacts, which are used by standard Switch models, is insufficient in such a case.
If the Switch is used for switching both minute and heavy loads, be sure to connect relays suitable to the loads.
Types of Load vs. Inrush Current


The rated loads of the Switch are as follows:
Inductive Load: A load having aminimum power factor of 0.4 (AC) or a maximum time constant of 7 ms (DC).
Lamp Load: A load having an inrush current ten times the steady-state current.
Motor Load: A load having an inrush current six times the steadystate current.
Note: It is important to know the time constant (L/R) of an inductive load in a DC circuit.

## LOAD CONNECTIONS

Example of Power Source Connection (Different Polarity)
The power source may short-circuit in failure mode if the loads are connected in the same way as the "incorrect" circuit below.


Even in a "correct" circuit, note that the insulation performance of the switch may deteriorate and the switch life may be shortened because one load is connected to one contact.

## Example of Incorrect Connection of Power Source (Different Current Type)

The DC and AC power may be mixed.


Do not configure a circuit that may place a voltage between the contacts of the Switch; otherwise metal deposition will occur between the contacts.


## Contact Protective Circuit

Apply a contact protective circuit to extend contact life, prevent noise, and suppress the generation of carbide or nitric acid. Be sure to apply the contact protective circuit properly, otherwise an adverse effect may result. The use of the contact protective circuit may delay the response time of the load.

## Life Expectancy

The life of the Switch greatly varies with switching conditions. Before using the Switch, be sure to test the Switch under actual conditions. Make sure that the number of switching operations is within the permissible range. If a deteriorated Switch is used continuously, insulation failures, contact weld, contact failures, Switch damage, or Switch burnout may result.

## Mounting

Before mounting, dismounting, wiring, or inspecting the Switch, be sure to turn OFF the power supply to the Switch, otherwise an electric shock may be received or the Switch may burn.

## Wiring

When mounting the Switch to the mounting panel, keep a sufficient insulation distance between the mounting panel and the Switch. If the insulation distance is insufficient, add an appropriate insulation guard or separator. This is especially important if the Switch is mounted to a metal object.
The Basic Switch does not incorporate a ground terminal. Do not mount the Basic Switch while power is being supplied.

The following provides typical examples of contact protective circuits. If the Switch is used in an excessively humid place for switching a load that generates arcs with ease, such as an inductive load, the arcs may generate NOx , which will change into $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ (nitric acid) if it reacts with moisture. Consequently, the internal metal part may be corroded and result in an operating failure of the Switch. Be sure to select the best contact preventive circuit from the following in order to prevent this.

Typical Examples of Contact Protective Circuit

| Circuit example |  | Applicable current |  | Feature | Element selection |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AC | DC |  |  |
| CR circuit |  | See <br> note | Yes | Note: When AC is switched, the load impedance must be lower than the CR impedance. | C: 0.5 to $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ per switching current ( 1 A ) R: 0.5 to $1 \Omega$ per switching voltage ( 1 V ) The values may change according to the characteristics of the load. <br> The capacitor suppresses the spark discharge of current when the contacts are open. The resistor limits the inrush current when the contacts are closed again. Consider these roles of the capacitor and resistor and determine the ideal capacitance and resistance values from experimentation. <br> Use a capacitor that has low dielectric strength. When AC is switched, make sure that the capacitor has no polarity. |
|  |  | Yes | Yes | The operating time will increase if the load is a relay or solenoid. It is effective to connect the CR circuit in parallel to the load when the power supply voltage is 24 or 48 V and in parallel to the contacts when the power supply voltage is 100 to 200 V . |  |
| Diode Method |  | No | Yes | Energy stored in the coil is changed into current by the diode connected in parallel to the load. Then the current flowing to the coil is consumed and Joule heat is generated by the resistance of the inductive load. The reset time delay in this method is longer than that of the CR method. | The diode must withstand a peak inverse voltage 10 times higher than the circuit voltage and a forward current as high as or higher than the load current. |
| Diode and Zener diode method |  | No | Yes | This method will be effective if the reset time delay caused by the diode method is too long. | Zener voltage for a Zener diode must be about 1.2 times higher than the power source since the load may not work under some circumstances. |
| Varistor method |  | Yes | Yes | This method makes use of constant-voltage characteristic of the varistor so that no high-voltage is imposed on the contacts. This method causes a reset time delay more or less. It is effective to connect varistor in parallel to the load when the supply voltage is 24 to 48 V and in parallel to the contacts when the supply voltage is 100 to 200 V . | - |

Do not apply contact protective circuits as shown below.


This circuit effectively suppresses arcs when the contacts are OFF. The capacitance will be charged, however, when the contacts are OFF. Consequently, when the contacts are ON again, short-circuited current from the capacitance may cause contact weld.


This circuit effectively suppresses arcs when the contacts are OFF. When the contacts are ON again, however, charge current flows to the capacitor, which may result in contact weld.

## TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

Be sure to connect appropriate wires to the Switch by considering the voltage and current applied to the Switch.

## Solder Terminals

When soldering lead wires to the Switch, make sure the temperature of the iron tip is $380^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ maximum, unless otherwise specified in the data sheet. Improper soldering may cause abnormal heat radiation from the switch and the switch may burn. The characteristics of the switch will deteriorate if a soldering is more than $350^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 s or more than $380^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 s .
Soldering conditions of ultra subminiature size or smaller switch is

## ■ Mechanical Conditions

## Operating Stroke Setting

The setting of the stroke is very important for the Switch to operate with high reliability.
The chart below shows the relationship among operating force, stroke, and contact reliability. To obtain high reliability from the Switch, the Switch actuator must be manipulated within an appropriate range of operating force.
Be sure to pay the utmost attention when mounting the Switch.


Make sure that operating body returns the actuator to the free position when the operating body has moved if the Switch is used to form a normally closed (NC) circuit. If the Switch is used to forma normally open ( NO ) circuit, the operating body must move the Switch actuator to a distance of $70 \%$ to $100 \%$ of the rated overtravel (OT) of the Switch.


If the stroke is set in the vicinity of the operating position (OP) or at the releasing position (RP), switching operation may become unstable. As a result, the Switch cannot ensure high reliability. Furthermore, the Switch may malfunction due to vibration or shock.
more severe. Therefore, follow specified conditions in the data sheet.
Be sure to apply only the minimum required amount of flux. The Switch may have contact failures if flux intrudes into the interior of the Switch.

## Quick-connect Terminals

Wire the quick-connect terminals with the specified receptacles and insert the terminals straight into the receptacles. Do not impose excessive external force on the terminals in the horizontal or vertical directions, otherwise the terminals may deform or the housing may become damaged.

If the stroke is at the total travel position (TTP), the momentary inertia of the operating body may damage the actuator or the Switch itself. Furthermore, the life of the Switch may be shortened.


## SWITCHING SPEED AND FREQUENCY

The switching frequency and speed of a Switch have a great influence on the performance of the Switch. Pay attention to the following.

- If the actuator is operated too slowly, the switching operation may become unstable, causing faulty contact or contact weld.
- If the actuator is operated too quickly, the Switch may be damaged by shock.
- If the switching frequency is too high, the switching of the contacts cannot catch up with the operating speed of the actuator.
- If the operating frequency is extremely low (i.e., once a month or less frequent), a film may be generated on the surface of the contacts, which may cause contact failures.
The permissible switching speed and switching frequency of a Switch indicates the operational reliability of the Switch. The life of the Switch may vary with the switching speed if the Switch is operated within the permissible switching speed and frequency ranges. Test a Switch sample under the actual conditions to ascertain its life expectancy.


## Operating Condition

Do not leave the Switch actuated for a long time, otherwise the parts of the Switch may soon deteriorate and changes in its characteristic performance may result.

## Correct Use

## Electrical Conditions

Application of Switch to Electronic Circuits
The Basic Switch in switching operation may cause contact bouncing or chattering, thus generating noise or pulse signals that may interfere the operation of electronic circuits or audio equipment. To prevent this, take the following countermeasures.

- Design the circuits so that they include appropriate CR circuits to absorb noise or pulse signals.
- Use Switches incorporating gold-plated contacts for minute loads, which are more resistive to environmental conditions than standard Switches.


## Switches for Minute Loads

Use a dedicated Switch for minute loads, otherwise contact failures may result. Be sure to connect the Switch to a load within the permissible range. Even if the load is within the permissible range, the inrush current of the load may deteriorate the contacts, thus shortening the life of the Switch. Therefore, if necessary, insert the proper contact protective circuit.

## Mechanical Conditions

## Switching Method

The switching method has a great influence on the performance of the Switch. Consider the following before operating the Switch.

- Design the operating body (i.e., the cam or dog) so that it will operate the actuator smoothly. If the actuator snaps backwards quickly or receives damage due to the shape of the operating body, its life expectancy may be shortened.



## Incorrect



- Make sure that no improper load is imposed on the actuator, otherwise the actuator may incur local abrasion. As a result, the actuator may become damaged or its life expectancy shortened.

- Make sure that the operating body moves in a direction where the actuator moves. If the actuator is a pin plunger type, make sure that the operating body presses the pin plunger vertically.


Operate the actuator of a roller hinge lever or simulated hinge lever type in the direction shown below.


- Do not modify the actuator to change the operating position (OP).
- If the lever-type actuator is used as an operating object, check the material and thickness of the lever and make sure that the force imposed on the lever is within the permissible range.


## MOUNTING

When mounting the Switch, pay attention to the following.

## Securing

When securing the Switch, be sure to use the specified mounting screws and tighten the screws with flat washers and springwashers securely.
If the Switch housing is made of thermoplastic, the Switch housing may incur crack damage if it comes into contact with the spring washers directly. In that case make sure that the flat washers come into contact with the Switch housing as shown below.


- Do not modify the Switch in any way, for example, by widening the mounting holes


## Locking Agent

If glue or locking agent is applied, make sure that it does not stick to the movable parts or intrude into the interior of the Switch, otherwise the Switch may work improperly or cause contact failure. Some types of glue or locking agent may generate gas that has a bad influence on the Switch. Pay the utmost attention when selecting the glue or locking agent.

## Wiring

Make sure that the lead wires are connected with no inappropriate pulling force and that the wires are supported securely.


## Mounting Location

Be sure not to mount the Switch in locations where the Switch may be actuated by mistake.


## Maintenance and Inspection

Make sure that the Switch is mounted in locations that allow easy inspection or replacement of the Switch.


## Mounting Direction

When using a Switch of low operating force attached with a long lever or long rod lever, make sure that the lever is in the downward direction as shown below, otherwise the Switch may not reset properly.


## Operation and Storage

## Oil and Water Resistance

The standard Switch is not water-resistant. Protect the Switch with appropriately when using the Switch in places with water or oil spray.
If the Switch is exposed to water drops, use a sealed Switch.


## Others

Handling
Do not drop the Switch, otherwise the Switch may break or deform. Do not apply oil, grease, or other lubricants to the sliding parts of the Switch, otherwise the actuator may not operate smoothly. Furthermore, the intrusion of oil, grease, or other lubricants into the internal part may cause the Switch to fail.

## Operating Environment

Do not install the Switch in any location or direction where the Switch resonates or continuous vibration or shock is imposed on the Switch. If continuous vibration or shock is imposed on the Switch, a contact failure, malfunction, or a decrease in life expectancy may be caused by abrasive powder generated from the internal parts. If excessive vibration or shock is imposed on the Switch, the contacts may malfunction or become damaged.

Do not use the Switch in locations with corrosive gas, such as sulphuric gas $\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}\right.$ or $\left.\mathrm{SO}_{2}\right)$, ammonium gas $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)$, nitric gas $\left(\mathrm{HNO}_{3}\right)$, or chlorine gas $\left(\mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$, or in locations with high temperature and humidity. Otherwise, contact failure or corrosion damage may result.
If the Switch is used in places with silicone gas, arc energy may attract silicon dioxide $\left(\mathrm{SiO}_{2}\right)$ to the contacts and a contact failure may result. If there is silicone oil, silicone sealant, a wire covered with silicone, or any other silicone-based product near the Switch, attach a contact protective circuit to suppress the arcing of the Switch or eliminate the source of silicone gas generation.
Be sure to use the Switch at temperature within the specified range. If the Switch is exposed to radical temperature changes or intense heat, the performance characteristics of the Switch may change.


## Storage Environment

When storing the Switch, make sure that the location is free of corrosive gas or dust with no high temperature or humidity. It is recommended that the Switch be inspected before use if it is stored for three months or more.

Switch Trouble and Remedial Action

| Type | Location of failure | Failure | Possible cause | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Failures related to electrical characteristics | Contacts | Fault contact | Dust and dirt collect on the contacts | Clean the environment, place the contact Switch in a box, or use a sealed Switch. |
|  |  |  | Oil or water has penetrated into the Switch. |  |
|  |  |  | Chemical substances have been generated on the contact surfaces because the atmosphere contains chemical gas. | Use a Switch having contacts with high environmental resistivity (such as gold or alloy contacts). |
|  |  |  | Chemical substances have been generated on the contact surface when the Switch breaks a very low load. |  |
|  |  |  | Solder flux has penetrated into the Switch. | Review the soldering method or use a flux-tight Switch. |
|  |  | Malfunction | The contacts are separated from each other by vibration or shock. | Use a Switch having a high contact force (generally a heavy OF). |
|  |  | Contact weld | The load connected to the Switch is too heavy. | Use a Switch having higher switching capacity or insert a relay to switch heavy load. |
|  |  | Insulation degradation | Contacts have been melted and scattered by arc. | Insert a contact protection circuit. |
|  |  |  | Water has penetrated into the Switch because the Switch is placed in extremely humid environment. | Change the environment, place the Switch in a sealed box, or use a sealed Switch. |
|  |  |  | Oil has penetrated into the Switch and been carbonized by arc heat. |  |
| Failures related to mechanical characteristics | Actuator | Misoperation | The sliding part of the actuator has been damaged because an excessive force was applied on the actuator. | Make sure that no excessive force is applied to the actuator, or use an auxiliary actuator mechanically strong. |
|  |  |  | Dust and dirt have penetrated into the actuator. | Clean the environment or place the Switch in a sealed box. |
|  |  |  | The actuator does not release because the operating body is too heavy. | Use a Switch having a heavier OF. |
|  |  |  | The Switch is loosely installed and thus does not operate even when the actuator is at the rated OP. | Secure the Switch. |
|  |  | Service life is too short | The shape of the dog or cam is improper. | Change the design of the dog or cam. |
|  |  |  | The operating method is improper. | Review the OT and operating speed. |
|  |  | Damage | A shock has been applied to the actuator. | Change the environment or use a Switch mechanically strong. |
|  |  |  | The clamping part has not been tightened enough or the Switch has been loosely mounted. | Replace the Switch with a new one. |
|  |  |  | Deformation or drop-out. | Relocate the Switch so that improper force will not be imposed on the actuator or in the wrong direction. Review the operating method. |
|  | Mounting section | Damage | Screws have not been inserted straight. | Check and correct screw insertion methods. |
|  |  |  | The mounting screws were tightened with too much torque. | Tighten the screws to an appropriate torque. |
|  |  |  | The mounting pitch is wrong. | Correct the pitch. |
|  |  |  | The Switch is not installed on a flat surface. | Install the Switch on a flat surface. |
|  | Terminal | Damage | An excessive force was applied to the terminal while being wired. | Do not apply an excessive force. |
|  |  |  | The plastic part has been deformed by solder heat | Use a soldering iron rated at a lower wattage. |


| Model |  | D3V |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Style |  | Non-Sealed |  |  |  |  |
| Case Dimensions |  | $27.8 \times 10.3 \times 15.9$ |  |  |  |  |
| Characteristics |  | Available with externally or internally fitted levers. 2 fixing positions for external levers |  |  |  |  |
| Appearance |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part Number |  | D3V-21 | D3V-16 | D3V-11 | D3V-6 | D3V-01 |
| Contact | Contact Specification | Rivet |  |  |  |  |
|  | Contact Material | Silver alloy |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating (Resistive Load) | 21 A at 250 VAC | 16 A at 250 VAC | 11 A at 250 VAC | 6 A at 250 VAC | 0.1 A at 250 VAC |
| Operating Force (see note) |  | 1.23 N (125 gf) | 0.96 N (200 gf) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.98 \mathrm{~N}(100 \mathrm{gf}), \\ & 1.96 \mathrm{~N}(200 \mathrm{gf}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.49 \mathrm{~N}(50 \mathrm{gf}), \\ & 0.98 \mathrm{~N}(100 \mathrm{gf}) \end{aligned}$ | 0.49 N (50 gf), 0.25 N (25 gf) Standard |
| Life Expectancy | Mechanical Ops Min. | 10,000,000 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Electrical Ops Min. | 50,000 | 100,000 | 200,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 |
| Ambient Operating Temperature |  | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (High temperature version D3V-6 up to $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; D3V-11 up to $155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (High temp. version up to $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Mounting Pitch |  | Two. 3.1-dia. mounting holes or M3 screw holes |  |  |  |  |
| Actuator | Pin Plunger | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Hinge Lever | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Simulated Hinge Lever | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Hinge Roller Lever | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Short Hinge Lever | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Long Hinge Lever | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Short Hinge Roller Lever | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Leaf Spring |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rotary Lever |  |  |  |  |  |
| Terminals | Quick Connect | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Solder | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Screw |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Straight PCB |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Angled PCB |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Connector |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Lead wire |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pack Quantity |  | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| Page Number |  | 519 |  |  |  |  |

Note: These values are for pin plunger models

| Model |  | v |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Style |  | Non-sealed |  |  |  |  |
| Case Dimensions |  | $27.8 \times 10.3 \times 15.9$ |  |  |  |  |
| Characteristics |  | Compact and highly reliable switch |  |  |  |  |
| Appearance |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part Number |  | V-21 | V-16 | V-15 | V-11 | V-10 |
| Contact | Contact Specification | Rivet |  |  |  |  |
|  | Contact Material | Silver alloy |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rating (Resistive Load) | 21 A at 250 VDC | 16 A at 250 VAC | 15 A at 250 VAC | 11 A at 250 VAC | 10 A at 250 VAC |
| Operating Force (see note) |  | 3.92 N (400 gf) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0.98,0.96,3.92 \mathrm{~N} \\ (100,200,400 \mathrm{gf}) \end{array}$ |  | 0.98 N (100 gf) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.98,1.96 \mathrm{~N} \\ & (100,200 \mathrm{gf}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Life <br> Expectancy | Mechanical Ops Min. | 50,000,000 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Electrical Ops Min. | 100,000 |  |  | 300,000 |  |
| Ambient Operating Temperature |  | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (heat resistive $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  |  |
| Mounting Pitch |  | Two. 3.1-dia. mounting holes or M3 screw holes |  |  |  |  |
| Actuator | Pin Plunger | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Hinge Lever | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Simulated Hinge Lever | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Hinge Roller Lever | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Short Hinge Lever | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Long Hinge Lever | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Short Hinge Roller Lever | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Leaf Spring |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rotary Lever |  |  |  |  |  |
| Terminals | Quick Connect | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Solder | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Screw | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Straight PCB |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Angled PCB |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Connector |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Lead wire |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pack Quantity |  | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| Page Number |  | 536 |  |  |  |  |

Note: These values are for pin plunger models
508


Note: These values are for pin plunger models


Note: These values are for pin plunger models


Note: These values are for pin plunger models


Note: These values are for pin plunger models
512


Note: These values are for pin plunger models


Note: These values are for pin plunger models


Note: These values are for pin plunger models


Note: These values are for pin plunger models


Note: These values are for pin plunger models

| Model |  | D3D | D2T |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Style |  | Door | Door |
| Case Dimensions |  | $36.4 \times 11.0 \times 15.0$ | $33.0 \times 24.6 \times 11.5$ |
| Characteristics |  | Minature door switch | DPST-NO door switch for power and signal |
| Appearance |  |  |  |
| Contact | Contact Specification | Crossbar | Rivet |
|  | Contact Material | Gold alloy | Silver |
|  | Rating (Resistive Load) | 0.1 A at 125 VAC | Power: 5 A at 250 VAC, Signal: 0.1 A at 125 VAC |
| Operating Force (see note) |  | 2.0 N (204 gf) | 3.24 N (330 gf) |
| Life <br> Expectancy | Mechanical Ops Min. | 300,000 | 100,000,000 |
|  | Electrical Ops Min. | 50,000 | 100,000,000 |
| Ambient Operating Temperature |  | $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Mounting Pitch |  |  | Two M3 screw holes |
| Actuator | Pin Plunger | - | - |
|  | Hinge Lever | - | - |
|  | Simulated Hinge Lever |  |  |
|  | Hinge Roller Lever |  |  |
|  | Short Hinge Lever |  |  |
|  | Long Hinge Lever |  |  |
|  | Short Hinge Roller Lever |  |  |
|  | Leaf Spring |  |  |
|  | Rotary Lever |  |  |
| Terminals | Quick Connect |  | - |
|  | Solder |  |  |
|  | Screw |  |  |
|  | Straight PCB |  |  |
|  | Angled PCB |  |  |
|  | Connector | - |  |
|  | Lead wire |  |  |
| Pack Quantity |  | 100 | 100 |
| Page Number |  | 650 | 654 |

Note: These values are for pin plunger models
518

## Reliable High Temperature Basic

 Switch with External Lever- ROHS compliant.
- Available in $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 6 \mathrm{~A}, 11 \mathrm{~A}, 16 \mathrm{~A}, 21 \mathrm{~A}$, and 25 A models, all with self-cleaning contacts.
- Available with internally or externally fitted levers, and 2 fixing positions for external levers.
- Maximum operating temperature of $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Conforms to EN61058-1 and UL 1054.


## Ordering Information

Model Number Legend

## D3V- $\square \square \square \square-\square \square \square-\square-\square \square$

$\begin{array}{llllllll}123 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 8 & 9 & 10\end{array}$

1. Ratings

25: $\quad 22$ (5) A at 250 VAC
2120 (4) A at 250 VAC
16: $\quad 16$ (3) A at 250 VAC
11: $\quad 11$ (3) A at 250 VAC
6: $\quad 6$ (2) A at 250 VAC
01: $\quad 0.1$ A at 125 VAC
2. Contact Gap

None: 1 mm (F gap)
G: $\quad 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ (G gap)
3. Actuator

None: Pin plunger
1: $\quad$ Short hinge lever
2: Hinge lever
3: Long hinge lever
4: $\quad$ Simulated roller lever
5: $\quad$ Short hinge roller lever
6: $\quad$ Hinge roller lever
4. Hinge Position

None: Internal/Far from plunger
M: External/Far from plunger
K: External/Near plunger
5. Contact Form

1: SPDT
2: SPST-NC
3: SPST-NO
6. Terminals

A: Solder terminal (\#187)
C2: Quick-connect terminal (\#187)
C: Quick-connect terminal (\#250)
C6: RAST5 terminal (\#250)
7. Maximum Operating Force

6: $\quad 3.92 \mathrm{~N}\{400 \mathrm{gf}\}$
$5 \mathrm{~A}: \quad 3.43 \mathrm{~N}\{350 \mathrm{gf}\}$
5: $\quad 1.96 \mathrm{~N}\{200 \mathrm{gf}\}$
4B: $\quad 1.47 \mathrm{~N}$ \{150gf $\}$
4A: $\quad 1.23 \mathrm{~N}\{125 \mathrm{gf}\}$
4: $\quad 0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\}$
3: $\quad 0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$
2: $\quad 0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$
Note: These values are for the pin plunger models.
8. Enclosure Material

None: Standard
T: $\quad$ High temperature $\left(200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ and EN $60695-2-$ 11/-12 (Glow-wire flammability test methods) approved
W1: $\quad$ Standard temperature $\left(105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ and EN 60695-2-11/-12 (Glow-wire flammability test methods) approved, PTI250
9. Mounting Hole Size

None: 3.1 mm
$\mathrm{K}: \quad 2.9 \mathrm{~mm}$
10. Special Code

None: Standard
$\mathrm{H}: \quad$ High temperature $\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
E: $\quad$ Special rating: 21 (8) A

## ■ Available Combinations - D3V - 25/21/16

| Model <br> Rated current <br> OF max. <br> Contact Gap <br> Heat <br> resistance $\quad$ Terminals |  | D3V-25 | D3V-21 |  |  | D3V-16 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 25 A | 21 A |  |  | 16 A |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.47 \mathrm{~N} \\ & \{350 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3.47 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{350 \mathrm{~g}\} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.47 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{150 \mathrm{~g} f\} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1.23 \mathrm{~N} \\ & \{125 \mathrm{~g}\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3.92 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{400 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.96 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{200 \mathrm{~g} f\} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 1.23 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{125 \mathrm{~g} f\} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.98 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{100 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | F/G | F/G | G | G | F/G | F | G | G | F/G |
| Standard ( $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#250 | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard$\left(105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ ( $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | \#187 |  |  |  |  | - | $\bullet$ | - |  | - |
|  | \#250 |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |
| EN60695-2-11 approved W1: (85) | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EN60695-2-11approvedW1: (105 | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#250 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| High Temp. <br> H: $\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  | - | - |  |  |
|  | \#250 |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High Temp. <br> T: $\left(155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High Temp. T: $\left(200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note. 1. $\bullet=$ Standard
$0=$ Semi-standard
2. Consult OMRON for models with standard approval

■ Available Combinations - D3V - 11

| Model <br> Rated current <br> OF max. <br> Heat <br> resistance <br> Contact Gap |  | D3V-11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 11 A |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1.96 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{200 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1.23 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{125 \mathrm{~g}\} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.98 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{100 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.49 \mathrm{~N} \\ & \{50 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | F | G | G | F | G | G |
| Standard ( $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Standard } \\ \left(105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{array}$ | \#187 | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | \#250 | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ | - | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | RAST5 |  |  | - |  |  | - |
| EN60695-2-11 approved W1: (85) | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EN60695-2-11 approved W1: (105) | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#250 | - |  | - | - |  |  |
|  | RAST5 |  |  | - |  |  | - |
| High Temp.$\mathrm{H}:\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | \#187 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  | \#250 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | - | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High Temp. <br> T: $\left(155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | \#187 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | \#250 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | RAST5 |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| High Temp. <br> T: $\left(200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note. 1. $\bullet=$ Standard
$O=$ Semi-standard
2. Consult OMRON for models with standard approval

■ Available Combinations - D3V - 6/01

| ModelRated currentOF max.Heat <br> CesistanceTerminals |  | D3V-6 |  |  |  |  | D3V-01 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 6 A |  |  |  |  | 0.1 A |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1.96 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{200 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.23 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{125 \mathrm{~g}\} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.98 \mathrm{~N} \\ & \{100 \mathrm{~g} f\} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.49 \mathrm{~N} \\ & \{50 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.49 \mathrm{~N} \\ & \{50 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.25 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{25 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ \hline \mathrm{F} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.49 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{50 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ \hline \mathrm{G} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0.25 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{25 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ \hline \mathrm{G} \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | F/G | G | F | G | G | F |  |  |  |
| Standard <br> $\left(85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ | - |
|  | \#250 |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - |
| Standard$\left(105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | \#187 | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bullet$ | - | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#250 | - | - | $\bullet$ | - | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | RAST5 |  | $\bullet$ |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |
| EN60695-2-11 approved W1: (85) | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | - | - |
|  | \#250 |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | - | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ | - | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| EN60695-2-11 approved W1: (105) | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#250 |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |
|  | RAST5 |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High Temp.$\mathrm{H}:\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | \#187 | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#250 | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High Temp. T: $\left(155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | \#187 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \#250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | RAST5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High Temp. T: $\left(200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | \#187 | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  | \#250 | - |  | - | - | - | $\bigcirc$ |  | - |  |
|  | RAST5 |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | - | - |  | ○ |  |

Note. 1. $\quad=$ Standard
$O=$ Semi-standard
2. Consult OMRON for models with standard approval

List of Models
21 A（OF： $1.23 \mathrm{~N}\{125 \mathrm{gf}\}$ ）

| Actuator | Hinge position | Contact form |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SPDT | SPST－NC | SPST－NO |
| Pin plunger | － | D3V－21G－1■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G－2■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G－3口4A－$\triangle$ |
| Short hinge lever | Internal | D3V－21G1－1 $\square 4 \mathrm{~A}-\triangle$ | D3V－21G1－2 $\square 4 \mathrm{~A}-\triangle$ | D3V－21G1－3■4A－$\triangle$ |
|  | M | D3V－21G1M－1■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G1M－2■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G1M－3口4A－$\triangle$ |
| Hinge lever | Internal | D3V－21G2－1■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G2－2 $\square 4 \mathrm{~A}-\triangle$ | D3V－21G2－3■4A－$\triangle$ |
|  | M | D3V－21G2M－1■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G2M－2■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G2M－3口4A－$\triangle$ |
| Long hinge lever | Internal | D3V－21G3－1■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G3－2 $\square 4 \mathrm{~A}-\triangle$ | D3V－21G3－3 $\square 4 \mathrm{~A}-\triangle$ |
|  | M | D3V－21G3M－1 $\square$ 4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G3M－2■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G3M－3口4A－$\triangle$ |
| Simulated hinge lever | Internal | D3V－21G4－1■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G4－2 $\square$ 4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G4－3■4A－$\triangle$ |
|  | M | D3V－21G4M－1■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G4M－2■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G4M－3口4A－$\triangle$ |
| Short hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V－21G5－1口4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G5－2 $\square$ 4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G5－3■4A－$\triangle$ |
|  | M | D3V－21G5M－1 $\square$ 4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G5M－2■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G5M－3口4A－$\triangle$ |
| Hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V－21G6－1 $\square 4 \mathrm{~A}-\triangle$ | D3V－21G6－2 $\square 4 \mathrm{~A}-\triangle$ | D3V－21G6－3 $\square 4 \mathrm{~A}-\triangle$ |
|  | M | D3V－21G6M－1■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G6M－2■4A－$\triangle$ | D3V－21G6M－3口4A－$\triangle$ |

16 A（OF： $3.92 \mathrm{~N}\{400 \mathrm{gf}\})$

| Actuator | Hinge position | Contact form |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SPDT | SPST－NC | SPST－NO |
| Pin plunger | － | D3V－16－1 $\square 6-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－16－2■6－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－16－3 $\square 6-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge lever | Internal | D3V－161－1 $\square 6$－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－161－2 $\square 6-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－161－3 $\square$ 6－○－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－161M－1■6－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－161M－2■6－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－161M－3■6－○－$\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge lever | Internal | D3V－162－1■6－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－162－2■6－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－162－3口6－○－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－162M－1■6－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－162M－2■6－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－162M－3■6－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| Long hinge lever | Internal | D3V－163－1 $\square$ 6－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－163－2 $\square 6$－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－163－3 $\square 6$－○－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－163M－1■6－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－163M－2 $\square 6-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－163M－3 $\square 6-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
| Simulated hinge lever | Internal | D3V－164－1 $\square$ 6－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－164－2 $\square 6$－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－164－3 $\square$ 6－○－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－164M－1■6－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－164M－2■6－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－164M－3 $\square 6-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V－165－1■6－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－165－2■6－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－165－3■6－○－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－165M－1■6－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－165M－2■6－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－165M－3■6－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V－166－1 $\square$ 6－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－166－2 $\square 6-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－166－3■6－○－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－166M－1 $\square 6-$－－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－166M－2 $\square 6$－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－166M－3 $\square 6-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |

Note：The $\square$ in the model number is for the terminal code．
A：Solder terminals
C2：Quick－connect terminals（\＃187）
C：Quick－connect terminals（\＃250）
C6：RAST5 terminals（\＃250）
The O in the model number is for enclosure material code．
None：Standard
T：High Temperature $\left(200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and EN60695－2－ 11／－12（Glow－wire flammability test method） conformity．
W1：Standard temperature $\left(105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and EN60695－2－ 11／－12（Glow－wire flammability test method） conformity，PTI250．

The $\Delta$ in the model number is for the mounting hole size．
None： 3.1 mm
K ：$\quad 2.9 \mathrm{~mm}$
The $\square$ is for the special code．
None：Standard
H：High Temperature $\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
E：$\quad$ Special rating $21(8) \mathrm{A}$

16 A（OF： $1.96 \mathrm{~N}\{200 \mathrm{gf}\})$

| Actuator | Hinge position | Contact form |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SPDT | SPST－NC | SPST－NO |
| Pin plunger＿ـ＿ | － | D3V－16－1 $\square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－16－2■5－○－$\square \square$ | D3V－16－3 $\square 5-\mathrm{-} \triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge lever | Internal | D3V－161－1■5－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－161－2 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－161－3 $\square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－161M－1■5－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－161M－2 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－161M－3■5－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge lever | Internal | D3V－162－1■5－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－162－2■5－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－162－3■5－O－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－162M－1■5－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－162M－2■5－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－162M－3■5－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| Long hinge lever | Internal | D3V－163－1■5－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－163－2 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－163－3 $\square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－163M－1■5－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－163M－2 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－163M－3■5－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| Simulated hinge lever | Internal | D3V－164－1■5－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－164－2■5－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－164－3 $\square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－164M－1■5－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－164M－2■5－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－164M－3 $\square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V－165－1■5－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－165－2■5－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－165－3■5－○－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－165M－1■5－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－165M－2 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－165M－3 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V－166－1 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－166－2 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－166－3 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－166M－1■5－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－166M－2 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－166M－3 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |

## 16 A（OF： $0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\}$ ）

| Actuator | Hinge position | Contact form |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SPDT | SPST－NC | SPST－NO |
| Pin plunger＿ | － | D3V－16－1■4－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－16－2■4－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－16－3■4－○－$\square \square$ |
| Short hinge lever | Internal | D3V－161－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－161－2■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－161－3 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－161M－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－161M－2 $\square 4-$－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－161M－3口4－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge lever | Internal | D3V－162－1 $\square 4$－D○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－162－2 $\square 4$－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－162－3 $\square 4$－○－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－162M－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－162M－2 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－162M－3口4－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| Long hinge lever | Internal | D3V－163－1■4－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－163－2 $\square 4$－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－163－3 $\square 4$－○－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－163M－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－163M－2 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－163M－3■4－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| Simulated hinge lever | Internal | D3V－164－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－164－2 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－164－3 $\square 4$－O－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－164M－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－164M－2 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－164M－3 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V－165－1■4－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－165－2 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－165－3 $\square 4$－○－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－165M－1■4－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－165M－2 $\square$ 4－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－165M－3口4－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V－166－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－166－2 $\square 4$－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－166－3 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－166M－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－166M－2■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－166M－3 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |

Note：The $\square$ in the model number is for the terminal code．
A：Solder terminals
C2：Quick－connect terminals（\＃187）
C：Quick－connect terminals（\＃250）
C6：RAST5 terminals（\＃250）
The $O$ in the model number is for enclosure material code．
None：Standard
T：High Temperature $\left(200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and EN60695－2－ 11／－12（Glow－wire flammability test method） conformity．
W1：Standard temperature $\left(105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and EN60695－2－ 11／－12（Glow－wire flammability test method） conformity，PTI250．

The $\triangle$ in the model number is for the mounting hole size．
None： 3.1 mm
$\mathrm{K}: \quad 2.9 \mathrm{~mm}$
The $\square$ is for the special code．
None：Standard
H：High Temperature $\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
E：$\quad$ Special rating $21(8) \mathrm{A}$

## 16A (OF:0.49N \{50 gf\})



## 11 A (OF: 1.96 N \{200 gf\})

| Actuator | Hinge position | Contact form |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SPDT | SPST-NC | SPST-NO |
| Pin plunger _r_ | - | D3V-11-1■5-○- $\square \square$ | D3V-11-2 $\square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-11-3 $\square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge lever | Internal | D3V-111-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-111-2 $\square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-111-3 $\square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-111M-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-111M-2 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-111M-3 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge lever | Internal | D3V-112-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-112-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-112-3 $\square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-112M-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-112M-2 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-112M-3 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
| Long hinge lever | Internal | D3V-113-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-113-2 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-113-3 $\square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-113M-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-113M-2 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-113M-3■5-O- $\square \square$ |
| Simulated hinge lever | Internal | D3V-114-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-114-2■5-○- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-114-3■5-○- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-114M-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-114M-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-114M-3 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V-115-1 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-115-2 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-115-3 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-115M-1 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-115M-2 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-115M-3 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V-116-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-116-2 $\square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-116-3 $\square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-116M-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-116M-2 $\square 5-\mathrm{-}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-116M-3 $\square 5-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |

Note: The $\square$ in the model number is for the terminal code.
A: Solder terminals
C2: Quick-connect terminals (\#187)
C: Quick-connect terminals (\#250)
C6: RAST5 terminals (\#250)

The $O$ in the model number is for enclosure material code.
None: Standard
T: High Temperature $\left(200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and EN60695-2-11/-12 (Glow-wire flammability test method) conformity.
W1: Standard temperature $\left(105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and EN60695-2-11/-12 (Glow-wire flammability test method) conformity, PTI250.

The $\triangle$ in the model number is for the mounting hole size.
None: 3.1 mm
$\mathrm{K}: \quad 2.9 \mathrm{~mm}$
The $\square$ is for the special code.
None: Standard
$\mathrm{H}: \quad$ High Temperature $\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
E: $\quad$ Special rating $21(8) \mathrm{A}$

11 A（OF： $0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\})$

| Actuator | Hinge position | Contact form |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SPDT | SPST－NC | SPST－NO |
| Pin plunger＿ | － | D3V－11－1■4－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－11－2■4－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－11－3■4－○－$\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge lever | Internal | D3V－111－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－111－2 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－111－3 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－111M－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－111M－2■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－111M－3口4－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge lever | Internal | D3V－112－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－112－2 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－112－3 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－112M－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－112M－2■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－112M－3口4－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| Long hinge lever | Internal | D3V－113－1 $\square$ 4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－113－2 $\square$ 4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－113－3 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－113M－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－113M－2■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－113M－3口4－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| Simulated hinge lever | Internal | D3V－114－1■4－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－114－2■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－114－3■4－○－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－114M－1 $\square 4-$－－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－114M－2 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－114M－3 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V－115－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－115－2■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－115－3 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－115M－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－115M－2 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－115M－3口4－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V－116－1 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－116－2 $\square 4$－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－116－3 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－116M－1■4－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－116M－2 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－116M－3 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |

## 11 A（OF： $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ ）

| Actuator | Hinge position | Contact form |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SPDT | SPST－NC | SPST－NO |
| Pin plunger＿ | － | D3V－11G－1■3－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G－2 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G－3■3－○－$\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge lever | Internal | D3V－11G1－1■3－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G1－2 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G1－3 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－11G1M－1■3－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G1M－2 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\square$ | D3V－11G1M－3 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge lever | Internal | D3V－11G2－1■3－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G2－2 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G2－3■3－O－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－11G2M－1■3－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G2M－2■3－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G2M－3 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
| Long hinge lever | Internal | D3V－11G3－T1■3－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G3－T2 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G3－T3 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－11G3M－1■3－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G3M－2■3－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G3M－3 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
| Simulated hinge lever | Internal | D3V－11G4－1■3－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G4－2 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G4－3■3－O－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－11G4M－1■3－－－$\square$ | D3V－11G4M－2■3－○－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G4M－3 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V－11G5－1 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G5－2 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G5－3 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－11G5M－1■3－－－$\square$ | D3V－11G5M－2■3－－－$\square$ | D3V－11G5M－3 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V－11G6－1 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G6－2 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G6－3■3－O－$\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V－11G6M－1 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G6M－2 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V－11G6M－3■3－O－$\triangle \square$ |

Note：The $\square$ in the model number is for the terminal code．
A：Solder terminals
C2：Quick－connect terminals（\＃187）
C：Quick－connect terminals（\＃250）
C6：RAST5 terminals（\＃250）
The $O$ in the model number is for enclosure material code．
None：Standard
T：High Temperature $\left(200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and EN60695－2－ 11／－12（Glow－wire flammability test method） conformity．
W1：Standard temperature $\left(105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and EN60695－2－ 11／－12（Glow－wire flammability test method） conformity，PTI250．

The $\Delta$ in the model number is for the mounting hole size．
None： 3.1 mm
K：$\quad 2.9 \mathrm{~mm}$
The $\square$ is for the special code．
None：Standard
$\mathrm{H}: \quad$ High Temperature $\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
$\mathrm{E}: \quad$ Special rating 21（8）A

6 A (OF: $1.96 \mathrm{~N}\{200 \mathrm{gf}\})$

| Actuator | Hinge position | Contact form |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SPDT | SPST-NC | SPST-NO |
| Pin plunger - | - | D3V-6-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6-3■5-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge lever | Internal | D3V-61-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-61-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-61-3■5-O- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-61M-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-61M-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-61M-3■5-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge lever | Internal | D3V-62-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-62-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-62-3■5-O- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-62M-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-62M-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-62M-3■5-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Long hinge lever | Internal | D3V-63-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-63-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-63-3■5-O- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-63M-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-63M-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-63M-3■5-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Simulated hinge lever | Internal | D3V-64-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-64-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-64-3■5-O- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-64M-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-64M-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-64M-3■5-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge roller leve | Internal | D3V-65-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-65-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-65-3■5-O- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-65M-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-65M-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-65M-3■5-0- $\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V-66-1ם5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-66-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-66-3■5-O- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-66M-1■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-66M-2■5-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-66M-3■5-O- $\triangle \square$ |

## 6 A (OF: $0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\})$

| Actuator | Hinge position | Contact form |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SPDT | SPST-NC | SPST-NO |
| Pin plunger _r | - | D3V-6-1■4-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6-2■4-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6-3■4-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge lever | Internal | D3V-61-1 $\square$ 4-○- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-61-2 $\square$ 4-○- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-61-3 $\square$ 4-○- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-61M-1 $\square$ 4-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-61M-2 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-61M-3 $\square$ 4-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge lever | Internal | D3V-62-1■4-○- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-62-2 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-62-3 $\square 4-$ - $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-62M-1■4-○- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-62M-2■4-○- $\square \square$ | D3V-62M-3 $\square$ 4-○- $\triangle \square$ |
| Long hinge lever | Internal | D3V-63-1■4-○- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-63-2■4-○- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-63-3 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-63M-1■4-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-63M-2 $\square$ 4-○- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-63M-3 $\square$ 4-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Simulated hinge lever | Internal | D3V-64-1 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-64-2■4-○- $\square \square$ | D3V-64-3 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-64M-1■4-○- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-64M-2 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-64M-3 $\square$ 4-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V-65-1 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-65-2 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-65-3 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-65M-1 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-65M-2 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-65M-3 $\square$ 4-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V-66-1 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-66-2 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-66-3 $\square 4-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-66M-1 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-66M-2 $\square 4$-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-66M-3 $\square 4-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |

Note: The $\square$ in the model number is for the terminal code.
A: Solder terminals
C2: Quick-connect terminals (\#187)
C: Quick-connect terminals (\#250)
C6: RAST5 terminals (\#250)
The $O$ in the model number is for enclosure material code.
None: Standard
T: $\quad$ High Temperature $\left(200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and EN60695-2-11/-12 (Glow-wire flammability test method) conformity.
W1: Standard temperature $\left(105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and EN60695-2-11/-12 (Glow-wire flammability test method) conformity, PTI250.

The $\Delta$ in the model number is for the mounting hole size.
None: 3.1 mm
K: $\quad 2.9 \mathrm{~mm}$
The $\square$ is for the special code.
None: Standard
$\mathrm{H}: \quad$ High Temperature $\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
$\mathrm{E}: \quad$ Special rating 21(8)A

6 A (OF: $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\})$

| Actuator | Hinge position | Contact form |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SPDT | SPST-NC | SPST-NO |
| Pin plunger - | - | D3V-6G-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G-2 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G-3■3-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge lever | Internal | D3V-6G1-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G1-2■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G1-3■3-O- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-6G1M-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G1M-2■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G1M-3■3-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge lever | Internal | D3V-6G2-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G2-2■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G2-3■3-O- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-6G2M-1■3-O- $\square \square$ | D3V-6G2M-2п3-0- $\square \square$ | D3V-6G2M-3■3-o- $\triangle \square$ |
| Long hinge lever | Internal | D3V-6G3-1■3-0- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G3-2■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G3-3■3-O- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-6G3M-1■3-0- $\square \square$ | D3V-6G3M-2■3-0- $\square \square$ | D3V-6G3M-3■3-o- $\triangle \square$ |
| Simulated hinge lever | Internal | D3V-6G4-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G4-2■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G4-3■3-O- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-6G4M-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G4M-2■3-O- $\square \square$ | D3V-6G4M-3■3-o- $\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V-6G5-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G5-2■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G5-3■3-O- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-6G5M-1■3-0- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G5M-2■3-O- $\square \square$ | D3V-6G5M-3■3-0- $\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V-6G6-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G6-2■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G6-3■3-O- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-6G6M-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G6M-2п3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-6G6M-3 $\square 3-0-\triangle \square$ |

## 01 A (OF: $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\})$

| Actuator | Hinge position | Contact form |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SPDT | SPST-NC | SPST-NO |
| Pin plunger _ | - | D3V-01-1■3-○- $\square$ | D3V-01-2■3-○- $\square$ | D3V-01-3■3-○- $\square$ |
| Short hinge lever | Internal | D3V-011-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-011-2 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-011-3 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-011M-1 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-011M-2 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-011M-3 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge lever | Internal | D3V-012-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-012-2 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-012-3 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-012M-1■3-○- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-012M-2 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ | D3V-012M-3■3-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Long hinge lever | Internal | D3V-013-1■3-○- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-013-2 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-013-3 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-013M-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-013M-2■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-013M-3 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
| Simulated hinge lever | Internal | D3V-014-1■3-O- $\square \square$ | D3V-014-2■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-014-3■3-O- $\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-014M-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-014M-2■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-014M-3口3-O- $\triangle \square$ |
| Short hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V-015-1 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-015-2 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-015-3 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-015M-1 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-015M-2 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-015M-3口3-○- $\triangle \square$ |
| Hinge roller lever | Internal | D3V-016-1■3-O- $\triangle \square$ | D3V-016-2 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-016-3 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |
|  | M | D3V-016M-1 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-016M-2 $\square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square$ | D3V-016M-3 $\square 3-\mathrm{O}-\triangle \square$ |

Note: The $\square$ in the model number is for the terminal code.
A: Solder terminals
C2: Quick-connect terminals (\#187)
C: Quick-connect terminals (\#250)
C6: RAST5 terminals (\#250)
The $O$ in the model number is for enclosure material code.
None: Standard
T: $\quad$ High Temperature $\left(200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and EN60695-2-11/-12 (Glow-wire flammability test method) conformity.
W1: Standard temperature $\left(105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and EN60695-2-11/-12 (Glow-wire flammability test method) conformity, PTI250.

The $\triangle$ in the model number is for the mounting hole size.

## None: 3.1 mm

K: $\quad 2.9 \mathrm{~mm}$
The $\square$ is for the special code.
None: Standard
$\mathrm{H}: \quad$ High Temperature $\left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
E: Special rating 21(8)A

## Specifications

- Ratings

| Type | Rated voltage | Non-inductive load |  |  |  | Inductive load |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Resistive load |  | Lamp load |  | Inductive load |  | Motor load |  |
|  |  | NC | NO | NC | NO | NC | NO | NC | NO |
| D3V-25 | 250 VAC | 25 A |  |  |  |  |  | 5 A |  |
| D3V-21 | 250 VAC | 21 A |  | 3 A |  | 12 A |  | 4 A |  |
|  | 8 VDC 30 VDC 125 VDC <br> 250 VDC | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 21 \mathrm{~A} \\ 14 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 5 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 12 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 5 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| D3V-16 | 250 VAC | 16 A |  | 2 A |  | 10 A |  | 3 A |  |
|  | 8 VDC 30 VDC <br> 125 VDC <br> 250 VDC | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 16 \mathrm{~A} \\ 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  |
| D3V-11 | 250 VAC | 11 A |  | 1.5 A |  | 6 A |  | 2 A |  |
|  | 8 VDC <br> 30 VDC <br> 125 VDC <br> 250 VDC | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| D3V-6 | 250 VAC | 6 A |  | 3 A |  | 4 A |  | - |  |
|  | 8 VDC <br> 30 VDC <br> 125 VDC <br> 250 VDC | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.4 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.4 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.2 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | - |  |
| D3V-01 | 125 VAC | 0.1 A |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8 \mathrm{VDC} \\ & 30 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |

Note: 1. The above current values are the normal current values of models with a contact gap of 1 mm (gap F), which vary with the normal current values of models with a contact gap of 0.5 mm (gap G).
2. Inductive load has a power factor of 0.4 min . (AC) and a time constant of 7 ms max. (DC).
3. Lamp load has an inrush current of 10 times the steady-state current.
4. Motor load has an inrush current of 6 times the steady-state current.
5. The ratings values apply under the following test conditions:

Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 30 operations/min

## Characteristics

| Operating speed | 0.1 mm to $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ (at pin plunger models) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 600 operations/min Electrical: 60 operations/min |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. (at 500 VDC) |
| Contact resistance (initial values) | D3V-21, D3V-25: $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. D3V-16, D3V-11, D3V-6: $30 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. D3V-01, $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}: 50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ : $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max.. |
| Dielectric strength (see note 1) | 1,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of the same polarity |
|  | 2,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground, and between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal parts |
| Vibration resistance (see note 2) | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |
| Shock resistance (see note 2) | Destruction: $400 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 40 G$\}$ max. Malfunction: $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 10G\} max. |
| Durability (see note 3) | Mechanical: 10,000,000 operations min.  <br> Electrical: D3V-21, D3V-25: 50,000 operations min. <br>  D3V-16: 100,000 operations min. <br>  D3V-11: 200,000 operations min. <br>  D3V-6, D3V-01: 500,000 operations min. |
| Degree of protection | IEC IP40 |
| Degree of protection against electric shock | Class I |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 250 (High Temperature type with suffix "-T": 175) |
| Ambient operating temperature | D3V-25: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) <br> D3V-21: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) <br> D3V-16: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (High temperature type $\mathrm{H}-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) with no icing) <br> D3V-11: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (High temperature type $\mathrm{H} ;-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{T} ;-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) (with no icing) D3V-6: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (High temperature type $\mathrm{H} ;-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{T} ;-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) (with no icing) D3V-01: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (High temperature type $\mathrm{T} ;-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) (with no icing) |
| Ambient operating humidity | $85 \%$ max. (for $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Weight | Approx. 6.2 g (pin plunger model) |

Note: 1. The dielectric strength values shown in the table are for models with a Separator.
2. For the pin plunger models, the above values apply for use at both the free position and total travel position. For the lever models, they apply at the total travel position.
3. For testing conditions, contact your OMRON sales representative.

## - Approved Standards

## UL1054 (File No. E41515) CSA C22.2 No. 55 (File No. LR21642) (Only Standard Ratings are listed.)

| Rated voltage | D3V-25* | D3V-21G | D3V-16 | D3V-16G | D3V-11 | D3V-11G | D3V-6 | D3V-6G | D3V-01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | 1 HP | $3 / 4 \mathrm{HP}$ | $16 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $16 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $11 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $11 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $6 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{HP}$ | $6 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{HP}$ | 0.1 A |
| 250 VAC | $22 \mathrm{~A}, 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $20.1 \mathrm{~A}, 3 / 4 \mathrm{HP}$ | $16 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $16 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $11 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $11 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $6 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{HP}$ | $6 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{HP}$ | - |
| 125 VDC | - | - | 0.6 A | 0.1 A | 0.6 A | 0.1 A | - |  | - |
| 250 VDC | - | - | - | 0.3 A | - | - |  |  |  |

## EN 61058-1: 1992+A1: 1993 (License No. 119151L)

| Rated voltage | D3V-25* | D3V-21G | D3V-16 | D3V-11 | D3V-6 | D3V-01 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 125 VAC | - | - | - | - | - | 0.1 A |
| 250 VAC | 22(5)A | 20 (4) A | 16 (3) A | 11 (3) A | 6 (2) A | - |
| 250 VAC | - | 21 (8) A** | - | - | - | - |

Testing conditions: 50,000 operations, T85 $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ for D3V-21/D3V-01, T105 $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ for D3V-16/D3V-11/D3V-6 and 1200 ( 0 to $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) for D3V-6/01 with suffix T,T155 ( 0 to $155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) for D3V-11 with suffix T.
${ }^{*}$ D3V-25 rating (projected). **Testing conditions: 10,000 operations, $\mathrm{T} 85\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.

EN 60695-2-11 Ed.2, EN 60695-2-12 Ed. 2 Glow-wire flammability test methods

| Rated voltage | D3V-16 | D3V-11 | D3V-6 | D3V-01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | - | - | - | 0.1 A |
| 250 VAC | $16(3) \mathrm{A}$ | $11(3) \mathrm{A}$ | $6(2) \mathrm{A}$ | - |

## - Contact Specifications

| Item |  | D3V-25 | D3V-21 | D3V-16 | D3V-11 | D3V-6 | D3V-01 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contact | Specification <br> Material <br> Gap (standard value) | Rivet |  |  |  |  | Crossbar |
|  |  | Silver alloy |  |  |  |  | Gold alloy |
|  |  | 1 mm (F gap) type | 0.5 mm | 1 mm (F gap) or 0.5 mm (G gap) |  |  | 1.0 mm |
| Inrush current | NC | 50 A max. | 50 A max. | 40 A max. | 24 A max. | 15 A max. | - |
|  | NO |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum applicable load |  | 160 mA at 5 VDC |  |  |  |  | 1 mA at 5 VDC |

## - Contact Form

| SPDT | SPST-NC | SPST-NO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |

## Dimensions

- Terminals

Note: 1. All units are in millimetres unless otherwise indicated.
2. The table below is for the SPDT contact specifications. Two terminals will be available for SPST-NO or SPST-NC contact specifications. For terminal positions, refer to the above Contact Form.

| Terminal type | Solder Terminal <br> (A) | Quick-connect Terminal (\#187) (C2) | Quick-connect Terminal (\#250) (C) | Quick-connect RAST5 Terminals (\#250) (C6) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COM | Three, solder/quick-connect terminals (\#187) | Three, quick-connect terminals (\#187) | Three, quick-connect terminals (\#250) |  |
| Terminal dimensions | Note: Indicates the length to the center of the 1.6-dia. holes | 1.6-dia. terminal hole |  |  |

## －Mounting Holes



## Dimensions \＆Operating Characteristics

Note：1．All units are in millimetres unless otherwise indicated．
2．Unless otherwise specified，a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions．
3．The following illustrations and drawings are for quick－connect terminals（\＃187）（terminals C2）．D3V models incorporate terminals A，C and C6．Terminals A，C and C6 are omitted from the following drawings．Refer to Terminals on page 10 for these terminals．
4．The following illustrations and drawings are for models with the hinge position set to external／further than plunger．Models with the hinge position set to internal position are not shown here．For details about the internal position models，contact your OMRON sales representative．Operating characteristics are the same for these two types of models．
5．The $\square$ in the model number is for the terminal code．
6．The $\Delta$ in the model number is for the mounting hole size．
7．The hole size in the following illustrations of models with a suffix＂$K$＂in the $\Delta$ is 2.9 mm ．
8．The operating characteristics are for operation in the A direction（ ）

## Pin Plunger Models

D3V－25－1ロ5A－○－$\triangle \square$
D3V－21G－1ロ4A－O－$\triangle$ ■
D3V－16－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－16－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－11－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－11－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－11G－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－6－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$ 口
D3V－6G－1ロ3－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－01－1ロ2－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－01－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$ 口


| Model | D3V－25－1ロ5A－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－21－1ロ5A－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－21G－1ロ4B－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－21G－1ロ4A－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max． | $3.43 \mathrm{~N}\{350 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $3.43 \mathrm{~N}\{350 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $1.23 \mathrm{~N}\{125 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min． | $0.78 \mathrm{~N}\{80 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.78 \mathrm{~N}\{80 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| PT max． | 1.2 mm |  |  |  |
| OT min． | 1.0 mm |  |  |  |
| MD max． | 0.4 mm （ F gap type ）or 0.3 mm （ G gap type ） |  |  |  |
| OP | $14.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |


| Model | D3V－16－1ロ6－O－$\triangle \square$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D3V-16-1ロ5-O- } \triangle \square \\ & \text { D3V-11-1 } \square 5--\triangle \square \end{aligned}$ | D3V－16－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$ 口 D3V－11－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－6－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$ 口 | D3V－11G－1 $\quad 3-0-\triangle \square$ <br> D3V－6G－1ロ3－O－$\triangle \square$ <br> D3V－01－1ロ3－－－$\triangle$ 口 | D3V－01－1ロ2－O－$\triangle \square$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OF max． RF min． | $\begin{aligned} & 3.92 \mathrm{~N}\{400 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.78 \mathrm{~N}\{80 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.96 \mathrm{~N}\{200 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.15 \mathrm{~N}\{15 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0.49N\{50gf\} } \\ & 0.05 N\{5 g f\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.03 \mathrm{~N}\{3 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ |
| PT max． | 1.2 mm |  |  |  |  |
| OT min． | 1.0 mm |  |  |  |  |
| MD max． | 0.4 mm （ F gap type ）or 0.3 mm （ G gap type） |  |  |  |  |
| OP | $14.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |  |

## Short Hinge Lever Models

D3V－21G1M－1ロ4A－O－$\triangle$－
D3V－161M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－161M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－111M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－111M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－11G1M－1ロ3－－－$\triangle$ ロ
D3V－61M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－6G1M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－011M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$ ロ


| Model | D3V－21G1M－1ロ4A－O－$\triangle$－ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D3V-161M-1ロ5-O- } \triangle \square \\ & \text { D3V-111M-1ロ5-O- } \triangle \square \end{aligned}$ | D3V－161M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$ 口 <br> D3V－111M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$ 口 <br> D3V－61M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$ 口 | D3V－11G1M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$ 口 <br> D3V－6G1M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle \square$ <br> D3V－011M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$［ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OF max． RF min． | $\begin{aligned} & 1.23 \mathrm{~N}(125 \mathrm{gf}) \\ & 0.20 \mathrm{~N}(20 \mathrm{gf}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.96 \mathrm{~N}\{200 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.15 \mathrm{~N}\{15 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ |
| PT max． OT min． MD max． | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & 0.8 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~mm} \text { (F gap type) or } 0.5 \mathrm{~mm} \text { (G gap type) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |

## Hinge Lever Models

D3V－21G2M－1ロ4A－O－$\triangle \square$
D3V－162M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle$ 口
D3V－162M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－112M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－112M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－11G2M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$ D D3V－62M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－6G2M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$ 口 D3V－012M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle \square$


| Model | D3V－21G2M－1■4A－O－$\triangle \square$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D3V-162M-1ロ5-O- } \triangle \square \\ & \text { D3V-112M-1ロ5-O- } \triangle \square \end{aligned}$ | D3V－162M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$ 口 <br> D3V－112M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ <br> D3V－62M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$－ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D3V-11G2M-1ロ3-O- } \triangle \square \\ & \text { D3V-6G2M-1ロ3-O- } \triangle \square \\ & \text { D3V-012M-1 } \square 3-\bigcirc-\triangle \square \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OF max． RF min． | $\begin{aligned} & 0.78 \mathrm{~N}(80 \mathrm{gf}) \\ & 0.06 \mathrm{~N}(6 \mathrm{gf}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.23 \mathrm{~N}\{125 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.14 \mathrm{~N}\{14 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max． OT min． MD max． | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & 1.6 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & 1.5 \mathrm{~mm} \text { (F gap type) or } 0.8 \mathrm{~mm} \text { (G gap type) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |

## Long Hinge Lever Models

D3V－21G3M－1ロ4A－O－$\triangle$ 口
D3V－163M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－163M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－113M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－113M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－11G3M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$ ロ
D3V－63M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$－ D3V－6G3M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－013M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle \square$


| Model | D3V－21G3M－1ロ4A－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－163M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle$ 口 <br> D3V－113M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$ | D3V－163M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ <br> D3V－113M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$ 口 <br> D3V－63M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$ 口 | D3V－11G3M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$－ <br> D3V－6G3M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle \square$ <br> D3V－013M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$ 口 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OF max． RF min． | $\begin{aligned} & 0.44 \mathrm{~N}(45 \mathrm{gf}) \\ & 0.03 \mathrm{~N}(3 \mathrm{gf}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.69 \mathrm{~N}\{70 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | 0.34 N \｛35 gf\} －－－ | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max． OT min． MD max． | 9.0 mm <br> 2.0 mm <br> 2.0 mm | 9.0 mm <br> 2.0 mm <br> 2.8 mm | $\begin{aligned} & 9.0 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & 3.2 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & 2.8 \mathrm{~mm} \text { (F gap type) or } 2.0 \mathrm{~mm} \text { (G gap type) } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| OP | 15．2＋2．6／－3．2 mm |  | $15.2 \pm 2.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

## Simulated Roller Lever Models

D3V－21G4M－1ロ4A－O－$\triangle$ ロ
D3V－164M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－164M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－114M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－114M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－114M－1ロ3－0－$\triangle \square$ D3V－64M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$－ D3V－6G4M－1ロ3－○－$\triangle \square$ D3V－014M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle \square$


| Model | D3V－21G4M－1ロ4A－O－$\triangle \square$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D3V-164M-1ロ5-O- } \triangle \square \\ & \text { D3V-114M-1ロ5-O- } \triangle \square \end{aligned}$ | D3V－164M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－114M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－64M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D3V-11G4M-1ロ3-○- } \triangle \square \\ & \text { D3V-6G4M-1ロ3-O- } \triangle \square \\ & \text { D3V-014M-1ロ3-O- } \triangle \square \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OF max． RF min． | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0.83 \mathrm{~N}(85 \mathrm{gf}) \\ & 0.07 \mathrm{~N}(7 \mathrm{gf}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.23 \mathrm{~N}\{125 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.14 \mathrm{~N}\{14 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | 0．29N \｛30gf\} |
| PT max． OT min． MD max． | 4.0 mm 1.6 mm 1.4 mm | 4.0 mm <br> 1.6 mm <br> 1.5 mm （F gap type）or 0.8 mm （G gap type） |  |  |
| OP | $18.7 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |

## Short Hinge Roller Lever Models

D3V－21G5M－1ロ4A－O－$\triangle$－
D3V－165M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－164M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－115M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－115M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－11G5M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$ 口 D3V－65M－1D4－－－$\triangle \square$ D3V－6G5M－1ロ3－○－$\triangle \square$ D3V－015M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle \square$


| Model | D3V－21G5M－1ロ4A－O－$\triangle$－ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D3V-165M-1ロ5-○- } \triangle \square \\ & \text { D3V-115M-1 } \square 5-\bigcirc-\triangle \square \end{aligned}$ | D3V－165M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ <br> D3V－115M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$ 口 <br> D3V－65M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$－ | D3V－11G5M－5 ${ }^{2}$－○－$\triangle \square$ <br> D3V－6G5M－5ロ3－O－$\triangle$ 口 <br> D3V－015M－5 ${ }^{2} 3-0-\triangle \square$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OF max． RF min． | $\begin{aligned} & 1.42 \mathrm{~N}(145 \mathrm{gf}) \\ & 0.02 \mathrm{~N}(20 \mathrm{gf}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.35 \mathrm{~N}\{240 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.18 \mathrm{~N}\{120 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.15 \mathrm{~N}\{15 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gff}$ $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max． OT min． MD max． | 1.6 mm 0.8 mm 0.5 mm | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & 0.8 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~mm} \text { (F gap type) or } 0.5 \mathrm{~mm} \text { (G gap type) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| OP | $20.7 \pm 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |

## Hinge Roller Lever Models

D3V－21G6M－1ロ4A－O－$\triangle$ 口
D3V－166M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－166M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－116M－1ロ5－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－116M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－11G6M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$ D D3V－66M－1D4－O－$\triangle$－ D3V－6G6M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$ 口 D3V－016M－1ロ3－○－$\triangle \square$


| Model | D3V－21G6M－1ロ4A－○－$\triangle$－ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D3V-166M-1ロ5-O- } \triangle \square \\ & \text { D3V-116M-1ロ5-O- } \triangle \square \end{aligned}$ | D3V－166M－1ロ4－○－$\triangle \square$ D3V－116M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle \square$ D3V－66M－1ロ4－O－$\triangle$ 口 | D3V－11G6M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$ 口 D3V－6G6M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$ 口 D3V－016M－1ロ3－O－$\triangle$ 口 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OF max． RF min． | $\begin{aligned} & 0.79 \mathrm{~N}(80 \mathrm{gf}) \\ & 0.05 \mathrm{~N}(5 \mathrm{gf}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.23 \mathrm{~N}\{125 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.14 \mathrm{~N}\{14 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & 0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max． OT min． MD max． | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & 1.6 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & 0.8 \mathrm{~mm} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & 1.6 \mathrm{~mm} \\ & 1.5 \mathrm{~mm} \text { (F gap type) or } 0.8 \mathrm{~mm} \text { (G gap type) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| OP | $20.7 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |

## Precautions

## - Cautions

## Handling

Be careful not to drop the switch. Doing so may cause damage to the switch's internal components because it is designed for a small load.

## - Correct Use

## Mounting

Use two M3 mounting screws with an appropriate screwdriver to mount the switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.39 to $0.59 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{4$ to $6 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$.

## Mounting Direction

Mount lever-operated switches with a maximum operating force of 0.49 N in a direction where the actuator weight will not be applied to the switch. Since the switch is designed for a small load, its resetting force is small. Therefore, resetting failure may occur if unnecessary load is applied to the switch.

## Insulation Distance

According to EN61058-1, the minimum insulation thickness for this switch should be 1.1 mm and minimum clearance distance between the terminal and mounting plate should be 1.9 mm . If the insulation distance cannot be provided in the product incorporating the switch, either use a switch with insulation barrier or use a Separator to ensure sufficient insulation distance.

## Using Micro Loads

Using a model for ordinary loads to open or close the contact of a micro load circuit may result faulty contact. Use models that operate in the following range. However, even when using micro load models within the operating range shown below, if inrush current occurs when the contact is opened or closed, it may increase contact wear and so decrease life expectancy. Therefore, insert a contact protection circuit where necessary.
The minimum applicable load is the N -level reference value. This value indicates the malfunction reference level for the reliability level of $60 \%(\lambda, 60)$. The equation, $\lambda 60=0.5 \times 10^{-6} /$ operations indicates that the estimated malfunction rate is less than $1 / 2,000,000$ operations with a reliability level of $60 \%$.


## Solder Terminal Approval Conditions

Soldering iron can be used.
Soldering hook hole available.
Soldering terminal types 1 and 2 are met.

## Reliable and Safe Basic Switch

- ROHS Compliant.
- Self-cleaning contacts.

■ Best-seller Switches with switching currents of 10 to 21 A .

- Can be used for shutting down current in doors.
- Widely used for operating switches in applications where long life expectancy is required.
- Available in two types of cases: thermoplastic resin and thermosetting resin.

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Available with right-angle PCB terminal.


## Ordering Information

## - Model Number Legend



1. Ratings

21: 21 A
16: 16 A
15: 15 A
11: 11 A
10: 10 A
2. Contact Gap

None: 1 mm (F gap)
G: $\quad 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ (G gap) (for remodelling)
3. Actuator

None: Pin plunger
1: Short hinge lever
2: Hinge lever
3: Long hinge lever
4. $\quad$ Simulated hinge lever

5: Short hinge roller lever
6: Hinge roller lever
4. Contact Form

1: SPDT (COM bottom terminal, double-throw)
2: SPST-NC (COM bottom terminal, normally closed)
3: SPST-NO (COM bottom terminal, normally open)
4: SPDT (COM side terminal, double-throw)
5: SPST-NC (COM side terminal, normally closed)
6: SPST-NO (COM side terminal, normally open)
5. Terminals

A: Solder terminal (\#187)
C2: Quick-connect terminal (\#187)
C: Quick-connect terminal (\#250)
B: Screw terminal
6. Barrier (Models with Thermoplastic Case Only)

None: Without barrier
R: Right-hand barrier
L: Left-hand barrier
7. Operating Force max.

6: $\quad 3.92 \mathrm{~N}\{400 \mathrm{gf}\}$
5: $\quad 1.96 \mathrm{~N}\{200 \mathrm{gf}\}$
4: $\quad 0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\}$
Note: These values are for the pin plunger models.
8. Special Purpose

T: Heat-resistive

■ Combinations of Available Terminals

| COM terminal position | Terminal |  | Model Rated current | Thermoplastic case |  |  |  | Thermosetting case |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}-21 \\ & \hline 21 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | V -16 |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \mathrm{V}-11 \\ \hline 11 \mathrm{~A} \end{gathered}$ | V-15 |  | V-10 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 16 A |  |  | 15 A |  | 10 A |  |
|  | Insulatio n barrier | Heat resistance | OF <br> Terminal symbol | $\begin{gathered} 3.92 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{400 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3.92 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{400 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.96 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{200 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.98 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{100 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3.92 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{400 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.96 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{200 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.96 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{200 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.98 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{100 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ |
| Bottorn | No | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Standard } \\ & \left(80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ | Solder/Quick-connect terminal (\#187) (A) | - | Semistandard | Standard | Standard | Semistandard | Standard | Standard | Standard |
|  |  |  | Quick-connect terminal (\#187) (C2) | - | Semistandard | Standard | Standard | Semistandard | Standard | Standard | Standard |
|  |  |  | Quick-connect terminal (\#250) (C) | Standard | Semistandard | Standard | Standard | Semistandard | Semistandard | Semistandard | Semistandard |
|  |  |  | Screw terminal (B) | - | -- | -- | -- | Semistandard | Standard | Standard | Standard |
|  |  | Heat resistant$\left(150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Solder/Quick-connect terminal (\#187) (A) | - | -- | - | -- | Semistandard | Standard | Standard | Standard |
|  |  |  | Quick-connect terminal (\#187) (C2) | - | -- | -- | -- | Semistandard | Semistandard | Semistandard | Semistandard |
|  |  |  | Quick-connect terminal (\#250) (C) | - | -- | -- | -- | -- | - | --- | - |
|  |  |  | Screw terminal (B) | - | -- | -- | -- | -- | - | --- | - |
|  | Yes | Standard$\left(80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Solder/Quick-connect terminal (\#187) (A) | - | Semistandard | Standard | -- | -- | - | -- | - |
|  |  |  | Quick-connect terminal (\#187) (C2) | - | Semistandard | Standard | -- | -- | - | -- | - |
|  |  |  | Quick-connect terminal (\#250) (C) | Standard | Semistandard | Standard | -- | -- | - | -- | -- |
| Side | No | Standard ( $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Solder/Quick-connect terminal (\#187) (A) | - | -- | -- | -- | Semistandard | Standard | Standard | Standard |
|  |  |  | Quick-connect terminal (\#187) (C2) | - | --- | -- | -- | Semistandard | Semistandard | Semistandard | Semistandard |
|  |  |  | Quick-connect terminal (\#250) (C) | Semistandard | --- | - | -- | -- | - | -- | - |

Consult OMRON for standard approvals of models.

## ■ List of Models

## General-purpose Models

(Only standard combinations of terminal availability are shown.)
Thermoplastic Case


Note: C: Quick-connect terminals (\#250)

| Actuator | COM terminal position | Contact form | Terminals (see note) | 16 A (OF: 1.96 N \{200 gf\}) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Without barrier | Right-hand barrier | Left-hand barrier |
| Pin plunger | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-16-1A5 | V-16-1AR5 | V-16-1AL5 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V -16-1C25 | V-16-1C2R5 | V-16-1C2L5 |
|  |  |  | C | V-16-1C5 | --- | --- |
|  |  | SPST-NC | A | V-16-2A5 | V-16-2AR5 | V-16-2AL5 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-16-2C25 | V-16-2C2R5 | V-16-2C2L5 |
|  |  |  | C | V-16-2C5 | --- | --- |
|  |  | SPST-NO | A | V -16-3A5 | V-16-3AR5 | V-16-3AL5 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-16-3C25 | V-16-3C2R5 | V-16-3C2L5 |
|  |  |  | C | V-16-3C5 | --- | --- |
| Short hinge lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-161-1A5 | V-161-1AR5 | V-161-1AL5 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-161-1C25 | V-161-1C2R5 | V-161-1C2L5 |
|  |  |  | C | V-161-1C5 | --- | --- |
| Hinge lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-162-1A5 | V-162-1AR5 | V-162-1AL5 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-162-1C25 | V-162-1C2R5 | V-162-1C2L5 |
|  |  |  | C | V-162-1C5 | --- | --- |
| Long hinge lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-163-1A5 | V-163-1AR5 | V-163-1AL5 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-163-1C25 | V-163-1C2R5 | V-163-1C2L5 |
|  |  |  | C | V-163-1C5 | --- | --- |
| Simulated hinge lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V -164-1A5 | V-164-1AR5 | V-164-1AL5 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-164-1C25 | V-164-1C2R5 | V-164-1C2L5 |
|  |  |  | C | V-164-1C5 | --- | --- |
| Short hinge roller lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-165-1A5 | V-165-1AR5 | V-165-1AL5 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-165-1C25 | V-165-1C2R5 | V-165-1C2L5 |
|  |  |  | C | V-165-1C5 | --- | --- |
| Hinge roller lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V -166-1A5 | V-166-1AR5 | V-166-1AL5 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-166-1C25 | V-166-1C2R5 | V-166-1C2L5 |
|  |  |  | C | V-166-1C5 | --- | --- |

Note: A: Solder/quick-connect terminals (\#187)
C2: Quick-connect terminals (\#187)
C: Quick-connect terminals (\#250)

| Actuator | COM terminal position | Contact form | Terminals (see note) | 11 A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | OF: $0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}$ \} |
| Pin plunger | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-11-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V -11-1-24 |
|  |  |  | C | V -11-1C4 |
| Short hinge lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V -111-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-111-1C24 |
|  |  |  | C | V-111-1C4 |
| Hinge lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V -112-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-112-1C24 |
|  |  |  | C | V-112-1C4 |
| Long hinge lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V -113-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-113-1C24 |
|  |  |  | C | V-113-1C4 |
| Simulated hinge lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V -114-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-114-1C24 |
|  |  |  | C | V-114-1C4 |
| Short hinge roller lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V -115-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-115-1C24 |
|  |  |  | C | V-115-1C4 |
| Hinge roller lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-116-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-116-1C24 |
|  |  |  | C | V-116-1C4 |

Note: A: Solder/quick-connect terminals (\#187)
C2: Quick-connect terminals (\#187)
C: Quick-connect terminals (\#250)

## Thermosetting Case

| Actuator | COM terminal position | Contact form | Terminals (see note 2) | 15 A | 10 A |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | OF: 1.96 N \{200 gf $\}$ | OF: 1.96 N \{200 gf $\}$ | OF: $0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| Pin plunger | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-15-1A5 | V-10-1A5 | V-10-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-15-1C25 | V -10-1C25 | V-10-1C24 |
|  |  |  | B | V-15-1B5 | V-10-1B5 | V-10-1B4 |
|  | Bottom | SPST-NC | A | V-15-2A5 | V-10-2A5 | V -10-2A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-15-2C25 | V -10-2C25 | V -10-2C24 |
|  |  |  | B | V-15-2B5 | V-10-2B5 | V-10-2B4 |
|  | Bottom | SPST-NO | A | V-15-3A5 | V-10-3A5 | V-10-3A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-15-3C25 | V-10-3C25 | V-10-3C24 |
|  |  |  | B | V-15-3B5 | V-10-3B5 | V-10-3B4 |
|  | Side | SPDT | A | V-15-4A5 | V-10-4A5 | V-10-4A4 |
|  |  | SPST-NC | A | V-15-5A5 | V -10-5A5 | V-10-5A4 |
|  |  | SPST-NO | A | V-15-6A5 | V-10-6A5 | V-10-6A4 |
| Short hinge lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-151-1A5 | V-101-1A5 | V-101-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-151-1C25 | V-101-1C25 | V-101-1C24 |
|  |  |  | B | V-151-1B5 | V-101-1B5 | V-101-1B4 |
| Hinge lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-152-1A5 | V-102-1A5 | V-102-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-152-1C25 | V-102-1C25 | V-102-1C24 |
|  |  |  | B | V-152-1B5 | V-102-1B5 | V-102-1B4 |
| Long hinge lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-153-1A5 | V-103-1A5 | V-103-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-153-1C25 | V-103-1C25 | V-103-1C24 |
|  |  |  | B | V-153-1B5 | V-103-1B5 | V-103-1B4 |
| Simulated hinge lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-154-1A5 | V-104-1A5 | V-104-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-154-1C25 | V-104-1C25 | V-104-1C24 |
|  |  |  | B | V-154-1B5 | V-104-1B5 | V-104-1B4 |
| Short hinge roller lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-155-1A5 | V-105-1A5 | V-105-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-155-1C25 | V-105-1C25 | V-105-1C24 |
|  |  |  | B | V-155-1B5 | V-105-1B5 | V-105-1B4 |
| Hinge roller lever | Bottom | SPDT | A | V-156-1A5 | V-106-1A5 | V-106-1A4 |
|  |  |  | C2 | V-156-1C25 | V-106-1C25 | V-106-1C24 |
|  |  |  | B | V-156-1B5 | V-106-1B5 | V-106-1B4 |

Note: 1. A: Solder/quick-connect terminals (\#187)
C2: Quick-connect terminals (\#187)
B: Screw terminals
2. OF values shown in the table are for the pin plunger models.

Heat Resistant Models (Up to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Actuator | COM terminal position | Contact specifications | Terminal specification | 15 A | 10 A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | OF: 1.96 N \{200 gf \} | OF: $0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| Pin plunger | Bottom | SPDT | Solder/Quickconnect terminal (\#187) (A) | V-15-1A5-T | V-10-1A4-T |
| Short hinge lever |  |  |  | V-151-1A5-T | V -101-1A4-T |
| Hinge lever |  |  |  | V-152-1A5-T | V-102-1A4-T |
| Long hinge lever |  |  |  | V-153-1A5-T | V-103-1A4-T |
| Simulated hinge lever |  |  |  | V-154-1A5-T | V-104-1A4-T |
| Short hinge roller lever |  |  |  | V-155-1A5-T | V-105-1A4-T |
| Hinge roller lever |  |  |  | V-156-1A5-T | V-106-1A4-T |

## Barrier (V-21 and V-16 Models Only)

Right-hand Barrier


Left-hand Barrier


## Specifications

- Ratings

| Type | Rated voltage | Non-inductive load |  |  |  | Inductive laod |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Resistive load |  | Lamp load |  | Inductive load |  | Motor load |  |
|  |  | NC | NO | NC | NO | NC | NO | NC | NO |
| V-21 | 250 VAC | 21 A |  | 3 A |  | 12 A |  | 4 A |  |
|  | 8 VDC 30 VDC 125 VDC 250 VDC | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 21 \mathrm{~A} \\ 14 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 5 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 12 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 12 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 7 \mathrm{~A} \\ 5 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  |
| V-16 | 250 VAC | 16 A |  | 2 A |  | 10 A |  | 3 A |  |
|  | 8 VDC <br> 30 VDC <br> 125 VDC <br> 250 VDC | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  |
| V-15 | 250 VAC | 15 A |  | 2 A |  | 10 A |  | 3 A |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8 \text { VDC } \\ 30 \text { VDC } \\ 125 \text { VDC } \\ 250 \text { VDC } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 15 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| V-11 | 250 VAC | 11 A |  | 1.5 A |  | 6 A |  | 2 A |  |
|  | 8 VDC <br> 30 VDC <br> 125 VDC <br> 250 VDC | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  |
| V-10 | 250 VAC | 10 A |  | 1.5 A |  | 6 A |  | 2 A |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8 \text { VDC } \\ & 30 \text { VDC } \\ & 125 \text { VDC } \\ & 250 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.6 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.3 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  |

Note: 1. The above current values are the normal current values of models with a contact gap of 1 mm (gap F), which vary with the normal current values of models with a contact gap of 0.5 mm (gap G).
2. Inductive load has a power factor of 0.4 min . $(\mathrm{AC})$ and a time constant of 7 ms max. (DC).
3. Lamp load has an inrush current of 10 times the steady-state current.
4. Motor load has an inrush current of 6 times the steady-state current.
5. The ratings values apply under the following test conditions:

Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 60 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$

- Characteristics

| Operating speed | 0.1 mm to $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ (at pin plunger models) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 600 operations/min Electrical: 60 operations/min |
| Insulation resistance | 100 MS min. (at 500 VDC ) |
| Contact resistance | $15 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. (initial value) |
| Dielectric strength | 1,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of the same polarity |
|  | V-21, V-16, and V-11 models: 2,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground, and between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal parts (see note 1) |
|  | V-15 and V-10 models: $1,500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground, and between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal parts (see note 1) |
| Vibration resistance (see note 2) | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |
| Shock resistance (see note 2) | Destruction: $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 100G \} max. <br> Malfunction: $\mathrm{V}-21 / \mathrm{V}-16 / \mathrm{V}-15:$ <br> $\mathrm{V}-11 / \mathrm{V}-10:$ $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ <br> \{approx. 30 G$\}$  <br> max.  <br>  $200 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 20G\} max. |
| Life expectancy (see note 3) | Mechanical: $50,000,000$ operations min .  <br> Electrical: $\mathrm{V}-21 / \mathrm{V}-16 / \mathrm{V}-15:$ 100,000 operations $\min .(\mathrm{V}-15$ heat resistive: 20,000 operation min.) <br>  $\mathrm{V}-11 / \mathrm{V}-10:$ 300,000 operations min . (V-10 heat resistive: 50,000 operation min.) |
| Degree of protection | IP00 |
| Degree of protection against electric shock | Class I |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |
| Switch category | D (IEC335-1) |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) <br> $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for heat-resistive model (with no icing) |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: $85 \%$ max. (for $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Weight | Approx. 6.2 g (pin plunger model) |

Note: 1. The dielectric strength values shown in the table are for models with a Separator.
2. For the pin plunger models, the above values apply for use at both the free position and total travel position. For the lever models, they apply at the total travel position.
3. For testing conditions, contact your OMRON sales representative.

## Approved Standards

UL1054 (File No. E41515) CSA C22.2 No. 55 (File No. LR21642) (Standard Ratings Only is listed.)

| Rated voltage | V-21 | V-16 | V-15 | V-11 | V-10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | $21 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $16 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $15 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $11 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $10 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ |
| 250 VAC | $21 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $16 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $15 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $11 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ | $10 \mathrm{~A}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ |
| 125 VDC | 0.6 A | 0.6 A | 0.6 A | 0.6 A | 0.6 A |
| 250 VDC | 0.3 A | 0.3 A | 0.3 A | 0.3 A |  |

VDE 0630 (File No. 6162ÜG),
SEV (File No. 96. 550868. 01) DEMKO

| Rated <br> voltage | V-21 | V-16 | V-11 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 250 VAC | $20(4)$ A | 16 (3) A | 11 (2) A |

Testing conditions: 50,000 operations, $\mathrm{T} 105\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
SEMKO EN61058-1 (File No. 9403007)

| Rated voltage | V-16 | V-11 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 250 VAC | 16 (3) A | 11 (2) A |

Testing conditions: 5E4 (50,000 operations), T105 $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

## TÜV Rheinland EN61058-1 (File No. T9451451)

| Rated voltage | V-15 | V-10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 250 VAC | 15 A | 10 A |
| 250 VDC | 0.3 A | 0.3 A |

Testing conditions: $5 \mathrm{E} 4(50,000$ operations $), \mathrm{T} 105\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

## ■ Contact Specifications

| Item |  | V-21 | V-16 | V-15 | V-11 | V-10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contact | Specification | Rivet |  |  |  |  |
|  | Material | Silver alloy |  |  | Silver |  |
|  | Gap (standard value) | 1 mm (F gap) or 0.5 mm (G gap) |  |  |  |  |
| Inrush current | NC | 50 A max. | 40 A max. | 36 A max. | 24 A max. |  |
|  | NO |  |  |  |  |  |

- Contact Form

| Terminal type | SPDT | SPST-NC | SPST-NO |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bottom terminal |  |  |  |

## Engineering Data

## Mechanical Life Expectancy (Pin Plunger)

## Electrical Life Expectancy

V-21/-16/-15


V-11/-10


## Dimensions

## ■ Terminals

| Terminal type | Solder Terminal <br> (A) | Quick-connect Terminal (\#187) (C2) | Quick-connect Terminal (\#250) (C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COM bottom position | Three, solder/quick-connect terminals (\#187) | Three, quick-connect terminals (\#187) | Three, quick-connect terminals (\#250) |
| COM side position |  |  |  |
| Terminal dimensions | Note: Indicates the length to the center of the 1.6-dia. holes |  | 1.65-dia. terminal hole |


| Terminal type | Screw Terminal (B) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Bottom | Three., \#M3 $\times 0.5 \times 3.2$ |
| Phillips screw washer |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Note: 1. The above is for the SPDT contact specifications. Two terminals will be available for SPST-NO or SPST-NC contact specifications. For terminal positions, refer to the above Contact Form.
2. Right-angle PCB terminal type is available D5 type: Pins at right angles, to the right. D6 type: Pins at right angles, to the left. Drawings will be provided if requested.

## Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.
2. The following illustrations and drawings are for quick-connect terminals (\#250) (terminals C). V models with a switching current of 16 A or 11 A incorporates terminals A and C2. These models are different from \#250 models in terminal size only. Terminals A, C2, and side common terminals are omitted from the following drawings. Refer to Kinds of Terminals on page 85 for these terminals.
3. The $\square$ in the model number is for the terminal code.

Pin Plunger
(Without Barrier)
V -21-1 $\square 6$
V -16-1 5
V-11-1 $\square 4$

(With Right-hand Barrier)
V-21-1 $\square$ R6
V-16-1 $\square$ R5


| Model | V-21-1 $\square \mathbf{6}$ | V-16-1 $\square \mathbf{5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $3.92 \mathrm{~N}\{400 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $1.96 \mathrm{~N}\{200 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.78 \mathrm{~N}\{80 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.2 mm |  |
| OT min. | 1.0 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.4 mm |  |
| OP | $14.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |


| Model | V-11-1 $\square \mathbf{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.2 mm |
| OT min. | 1.0 mm |
| MD max. | 0.4 mm |
| OP | $14.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

(With Left-hand Barrier)
V-21-1 $\square$ L6
V-16-1 $\square$ L5



| Model | V-211-1 $\square 6$ | V-161-1 $\square \mathbf{5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $3.92 \mathrm{~N}\{400 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $1.96 \mathrm{~N}\{200 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.6 mm |  |
| OT min. | 0.8 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.6 mm |  |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |



| Model | V-111-1 $\square \mathbf{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.15 \mathrm{~N}\{15 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.6 mm |
| OT min. | 0.8 mm |
| MD max. | 0.6 mm |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Hinge Lever
V-212-1 $\square 6$
V-162-1 $\square 5$


Note: Stainless-steel lever

| Model | $\mathrm{V}-\mathbf{2 1 2 - 1} \square \mathbf{6}$ | $\mathrm{V}-\mathbf{1 6 2 - 1} \square \mathbf{5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | 2.45 N <br> $\{250 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | 1.23 N <br> $\{125 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.14 \mathrm{~N}\{14 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |  |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |  |
| MD max. | 1.5 mm |  |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |


| Model | V-112-1 $\square \mathbf{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{~g}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |
| MD max. | 1.5 mm |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Long Hinge Lever


| Model | V-213-1 $\square \mathbf{6}$ | V-163-1 $\square \mathbf{5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | 1.27 N <br> $\{130 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | 0.69 N <br> $\{70 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.12 \mathrm{~N}\{12 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 9.0 mm |  |
| OT min. | 2.0 mm |  |
| MD max. | 2.8 mm |  |
| OP | $15.2 \pm_{-2.2}^{+26} \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

Note: Stainless-steel lever

| Model | V-113-1 $\square \mathbf{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.34 \mathrm{~N}\{35 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | -- |
| PT max. | 9.0 mm |
| OT min. | 3.2 mm |
| MD max. | 2.8 mm |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 2.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## Simulated Hinge Lever

v-214-1 $\square 6$
V-164-1■5
V-114-1■4


| Model | V-214-1 $\square \mathbf{6}$ | V-164-1 $\square \mathbf{5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | 2.45 N <br> $\{250 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | 1.23 N <br> $\{125 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | 0.25 N <br> $\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | 0.14 N <br> $\{14 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |  |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |  |
| MD max. | 1.5 mm |  |
| OP | $18.7 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |


| Model | $\mathbf{V}-\mathbf{1 1 4 - 1} \square \mathbf{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |
| MD max. | 1.5 mm |
| OP | $18.7 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## Short Hinge Roller Lever



| Model | V-215-1 $\square \mathbf{6}$ | V-165-1 $\square \mathbf{5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | 4.71 N <br> $\{480 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | 2.35 N <br> $\{240 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | 0.49 N <br> $\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | 0.49 N <br> $\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.6 mm |  |
| OT min. | 0.8 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.6 mm |  |
| OP | $20.7 \pm 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |


| Model | V-115-1 $\square \mathbf{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $1.18 \mathrm{~N}\{120 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.15 \mathrm{~N}\{15 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.6 mm |
| OT min. | 0.8 mm |
| MD max. | 0.6 mm |
| OP | $20.7 \pm 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Hinge Roller Lever


| Model | V-216-1 $\square \mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{V - 1 6 6 - 1} \square \mathbf{5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | 2.45 N <br> $\{250 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | 1.23 N <br> $\{125 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | 0.25 N <br> $\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | 0.14 N <br> $\{14 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |  |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |  |
| MD max. | 1.5 mm |  |
| OP | $20.7 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |


| Model | $\mathbf{V}-\mathbf{1 1 6 - 1} \square \mathbf{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |
| MD max. | 1.5 mm |
| OP | $20.7 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## ■ Thermosetting Case (V-15/-10 Models)

The following illustration and drawing are for solder and quick-connect terminals (\#187) (terminals A). V models with a switching current of 15 A or 10 A incorporate terminals B or C2. These models are different from \#187 models in terminal size only. Refer to Terminals on page 85 for these terminals.

Pin Plunger
V-15-1 $\square 5$
$\mathrm{V}-10-1 \square 5$ $\mathrm{V}-10-1 \square 4$



| Model | $\mathrm{V}-15-1 \square 5$ <br> $\mathrm{~V}-10-1 \square 5$ | $\mathrm{~V}-10-1 \square \mathbf{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | 1.96 N <br> $\{200 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | 0.98 N <br> $\{100 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | 0.49 N <br> $\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | 0.20 N <br> $\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.2 mm |  |
| OT min. | 1.0 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.4 mm |  |
| OP | $14.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

Short Hinge Lever
V-151-1 $\square 5$
V -101-1 $\square 5$
V-101-1 4



| Model | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{V}-151-1 \square 5 \\ & \mathrm{~V}-101-1 \square 5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | V-101-1■4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OF max. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1.96 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{200 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.98 \mathrm{~N} \\ & \{100 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ |
| RF min. | $\begin{aligned} & 0.49 \mathrm{~N} \\ & \{50 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.15 \mathrm{~N} \\ & \{15 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ |
| PT max. | 1.6 mm |  |
| OT min. | 0.8 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.6 mm |  |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

Hinge Lever


| Model | V-152-1 $\square \mathbf{5}$ <br> V-102-1 $\square \mathbf{5}$ | $\mathrm{V}-\mathbf{1 0 2 - 1} \square \mathbf{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | 1.23 N <br> $\{125 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | 0.59 N <br> $\{60 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.14 \mathrm{~N}\{14 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |  |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |  |
| MD max. | 1.5 mm |  |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |



Long Hinge Lever
v-153-1 $\square 5$
V-103-1 $\square$


| Model | $\mathrm{V}-153-1 \square \mathbf{5}$ <br> $\mathrm{~V}-103-1$ <br>  | V -101-1 $\square \mathbf{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | 0.69 N <br> $\{70 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | 0.34 N <br> $\{35 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | -- |
| PT max. | 9.0 mm |  |
| OT min. | 2.0 mm | 3.2 mm |
| MD max. | 2.8 mm |  |
| OP | $15.2 \pm{ }_{-1.2}^{+26} \mathrm{~mm}$ | $15.2 \pm 2.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Note: Stainless-steel lever

## Simulated Hinge Lever 3.5R

V-154-1 $\square 5$
V-104-1 5
V-104-1 $\square 4$


| Model | V-154-1 $\square 5$ <br> V-104-1 $\square 5$ | V-104-1 $\square \mathbf{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | 1.23 N <br> $\{125 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | 0.59 N <br> $\{60 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.14 \mathrm{~N}\{14 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |  |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |  |
| MD max. | 1.5 mm |  |
| OP | $18.7 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

Note: Stainless-steel lever

## Short Hinge Roller Lever

## V-155-1 $\square 5$

V-105-1 $\square$
V-105-1■4


| Model | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { V-155-1■5 } \\ & \text { V-105-1 } \square 5 \end{aligned}$ | V-105-1■4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OF max. | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 2.35 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{240 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.18 \mathrm{~N} \\ & \{120 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ |
| RF min. | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 0.49 \mathrm{~N} \\ \{50 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.15 \mathrm{~N} \\ & \{15 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{aligned}$ |
| PT max. | 1.6 mm |  |
| OT min. | 0.8 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.6 mm |  |
| OP | $20.7 \pm 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

Note: 1. Stainless-steel lever
2. Oilless polyacetar resin roller

## Hinge Roller Lever

V-156-1 $\square 5$
V-106-1 $\square 5$
V-106-1■4


Note: 1. Stainless-steel lever
2. Oilless polyacetar resin roller

## Precautions

## - Mounting Dimensions

Use two M3 mounting screws with an appropriate screwdriver to mount the switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.39 to $0.59 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{4$ to $6 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$.


## Specifications Approved by TüV Rheinland According to EN61058-1

Appropriate Cable Size ( $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ )

| Model | Solder terminal | Screw terminal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{V}-10$ | $0.75,1.25,2.0$ | $0.75,1.25$ |
| $\mathrm{~V}-15$ | $1.25,2.0$ | 1.25 |

## Terminal Connection

Use M3 crimp terminals for connecting to the screw terminals. Appropriate tightening torque: 0.39 to $0.59 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}(4$ to $6 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm})$

## Insulation Distance

According to EN61058-1, the minimum insulation thickness for this Switch should be 1.1 mm and minimum clearance distance between the terminal and mounting plate should be 1.9 mm . If the insulation distance cannot be provided in the product incorporating the Switch, either use a Switch with insulation barrier or use a Separator to ensure sufficient insulation distance.

## Solder Terminal Approval Conditions

Soldering iron can be used.
Soldering hook hole available.
Soldering terminal types 1 and 2 are met.

## ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.

To convert millimetres into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

## Compact Basic Switch of Ultra-low Operating Force Assures Yet Higher

## Contact Reliability

■ ROHS Compliant.

- Uses an internal hinge lever mechanism for ultra-low operating force and outstanding contact reliability.
- Shape is identical to that of the V Compact Basic Switches.


Gold-alloy contact for micro-load VX-01 models.

## Ordering Information

## ■ Model Number Legend



1. Ratings

5: 5 A
01: 0.1 A
2. Actuator

None: Pin plunger
1: Short hinge lever
2: Hinge lever
3: Long hinge lever
4: Simulated hinge lever
5: Short hinge roller lever
6: Hinge roller lever
3. Contact Form

1: SPDT
2: SPST-NC
3: SPST-NO
4. Terminal Specifications

A: Solder terminal (\#187)
C2: Quick-connect terminal (\#187)
5. Operating Force max.

2: OF $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$
3: OF $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$
Note: These values are for the pin plunger model.

## ■ List of Models

| Actuator | Terminals (see note) | OF max. | Model |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 5 A | 0.1 A |
| Pin plunger | A | $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-5-1A2 | VX-01-1A2 |
|  |  | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-5-1A3 | VX-01-1A3 |
|  | C2 | $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-5-1C22 | VX-01-1C22 |
|  |  | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-5-1C23 | VX-01-1C23 |
| Short hinge lever | A | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-51-1A3 | VX-011-1A3 |
|  | C2 | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-51-1C23 | VX-011-1C23 |
| Hinge Lever | A | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-52-1A3 | VX-012-1A3 |
|  | C2 | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-52-1C23 | VX-012-1C23 |
| Long hinge lever | A | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-53-1A3 | VX-013-1A3 |
|  | C2 | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-53-1C23 | VX-013-1C23 |
| Simulated hinge lever | A | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-54-1A3 | VX-014-1A3 |
|  | C2 | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-54-1C23 | VX-014-1C23 |
| Short hinge roller lever | A | $0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-55-1A3 | VX-015-1A3 |
|  | C2 | $0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-55-1C23 | VX-015-1C23 |
| Hinge roller lever | A | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-56-1A3 | VX-016-1A3 |
|  | C2 | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | VX-56-1C23 | VX-016-1C23 |

Note: 1. SPST models are also available, but not listed in the above table.
2. Terminals A: Solder/Quick-connect terminals (\#187)

> C2: Quick-connect terminals (\#187)

## Specifications

## - Ratings

| Rated current | Rated voltage | Non-inductive load |  |  |  | Inductive load |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Resistive load |  | Lamp load |  |  |  |
|  |  | NC | NO | NC | NO | NC | NO |
| 5 A | 250 VAC | 5 A |  | 0.5 A |  | 4 A |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8 \mathrm{VDC} \\ 30 \mathrm{VDC} \\ 125 \mathrm{VDC} \\ 250 \mathrm{VDC} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 5 A 5 A 0.4 A 0.3 A |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ 3 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ 0.05 \mathrm{~A} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 4 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.4 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 0.2 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 0.1 A | 125 VAC | 0.1 A |  | --- |  | --- |  |
|  | 8 VDC 30 VDC | $0.1 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | --- |  | --- |  |

Note: 1. Inductive load has a power factor of 0.4 min . (AC) and a time constant of 7 ms max. (DC).
2. Lamp load has an inrush current of 10 times the steady-state current.
3. The ratings values apply under the following test conditions:

Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 60 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$

Use the Switch in the following operating range.


| Model | VX-01 | VX-5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Minimum <br> applicable load | 1 mA at 5 VDC | 160 mA at 5 VDC |

## - Characteristics

| Item | VX-5 | VX-01 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating speed | 0.1 mm to $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ (at pin plunger models) |  |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 600 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$Electrical: 60 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ |  |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 VDC ) |  |
| Contact resistance | $30 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. (initial value) | $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. (initial value) |
| Dielectric strength | $1,000 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of same polarity 1,500 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground (see note 1) 1,500 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal parts |  |
| Vibration resistance (see note 2) | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |  |
| Shock resistance (see note 2) | Destruction: $400 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 40G\} max. Malfunction: $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 10G\} max. |  |
| Life expectancy | Mechanical: 50,000,000 operations min. (Refer to the following Engineering Data.) Electrical: 500,000 operations min. (Refer to the following Engineering Data.) | Mechanical: 10,000,000 operations min. (Refer to the following Engineering Data.) Electrical: 1,000,000 operations min. (Refer to the following Engineering Data.) |
| Degree of protection | IP00 |  |
| Degree of protection against electric shock | Class I |  |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |  |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |  |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: $85 \%$ max. (for $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |
| Weight | Approx. 6.2 g (pin plunger models) |  |

Note: 1. The value for dielectric strength shown is for models with a Separator.
2. For the pin plunger models, the above values apply for use at both the free position and total travel position. For the lever models, they apply at the total travel position.

## Approved Standards

UL1054 (File No. E41515)
CSA C22.2 No. 55 (File No. LR21642)

| Rated voltage | VX-5 | VX-01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | 5 A | 0.1 A <br> (Rating: 100,000 <br> operations) |
| -- VAC |  | 0.1 A <br> (Rating: 100,000 <br> operations) |
| 30 VDC | -- |  |

VDE 0630 (File No. 90430) SEMKO (File No. 8920075)

| Rated voltage | VX-5 | VX-01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | 5 A | 0.1 A |
| 250 VAC | 5 A | -- |

Note: Testing conditions: 50,000 operations, T105 $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

## ■ Contact Specifications

| Item |  | VX-5 models | VX-01 models |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contact | Specification | Rivet | Crossbar |
|  | Material | Silver alloy | Gold alloy |
|  | Gap (standard value) | 0.5 mm | -- |
| Inrush current | NC | 15 A max. | -- |
|  | NO | -- |  |

## - Contact Form

SPDT


SPST-NC


SPST-NO


## Engineering Data

## Mechanical Life Expectancy (Pin Plunger)




Electrical Life Expectancy VX-5

Number of operations (x109)



## Dimensions

## - Terminals

| Terminal | Solder (A) Terminal | Quick-connect terminal (\#187) (C2 terminal) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| COM terminal position is <br> bottom. |  |  |
| Terminal dimension |  |  |

Note: The above is for the SPDT contact specifications.

## Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.
2. The following illustrations and drawings are for solder/quick-connect terminals (\#187) (Terminal A). Illustrations for Terminal C2 are omitted. For details, refer to Terminals.
3. The $\square$ in the model number is for the terminal code.

A: Solder/quick-connect terminal (\#187)
C2: Quick-connect terminal (\#187)

## Pin Plunger



| Model | VX-5-1 $\square \mathbf{2}$ | VX-5-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ | VX-01-1 $\square \mathbf{2}$ | VX-01-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.03 \mathrm{~N}\{3 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.03 \mathrm{~N}\{3 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.2 mm | 1.2 mm | 1.2 mm | 1.2 mm |
| OT min. | 1.0 mm | 1.0 mm | 1.0 mm | 1.0 mm |
| MD max. | 0.3 mm | 0.3 mm | 0.3 mm | 0.3 mm |
| OP | $14.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $14.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $14.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $14.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Short Hinge Lever
vx-51-1 $\square 3$
VX-011-1 $\square 3$



| Model | VX-51-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ | VX-011-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.04 \mathrm{~N}\{4 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.04 \mathrm{~N}\{4 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.6 mm |  |
| OT min. | 0.8 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.5 mm |  |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |



| Model | VX-52-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ | VX-012-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{\mathbf{3 0} \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | -- | - |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |  |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |  |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $15.2 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## Long Hinge Lever

vX-53-1 $\square 3$
VX-013-1 $\square 3$


| Model | VX-53-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ | VX-013-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | -- | -- |
| PT max. | 9.0 mm |  |
| OT min. | 3.2 mm |  |
| MD max. | 2.0 mm |  |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 2.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

## Simulated Hinge Lever

VX-54-1 $\square 3$
VX-014-1 $\square 3$


| Model | VX-54-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ | VX-014-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.02 \mathrm{~N}\{2 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.02 \mathrm{~N}\{2 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |  |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |  |
| OP | $18.7 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

Short Hinge Roller Lever
vX-55-1■3

## VX-015-1 $\square 3$



| Model | VX-55-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ | VX-015-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.04 \mathrm{~N}\{4 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.04 \mathrm{~N}\{4 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.6 mm |  |
| OT min. | 0.8 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.5 mm |  |
| OP | $20.7 \pm 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

Hinge Roller Lever
VX-56-1 $\square 3$ VX-016-1 $\square 3$


| Model | VX-56-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ | VX-016-1 $\square \mathbf{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{\mathbf{3 0} \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | -- | -- |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |  |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |  |
| MD max. | 1.5 mm |  |
| OP | $20.7 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

## Precautions

## - Mounting Dimensions

Use two M3 mounting screws with spring washers to mount the switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.39 to $0.59 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{4$ to $6 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$.


## - Correct Use

## Handling

Be careful not to drop the Switch. doing so may cause damage to the switch's internal components because it is designed for a small load.

## Mounting Direction

For a Switch with an actuator, mount the Switch in a direction where the actuator weight will not be applied to the Switch.
Since the Switch is designed for a small load, its resetting force is small. Therefore, resetting failure may occure if unnecessary load is applied to the Switch.

## Operating Temperature

Do not use the Switch under a high temperature. The thermal plastic resin used for the housing may deteriorate if exposed to high temperature.

## ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.

To convert millimetres into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

## High Reliable Rotary-action Switch

 for Low Torque Operation- ROHS Compliant.

■ 0.5A rated model employs crossbar alloy contacts which exhibit unsurpassed contact reliablity in very small load ranges.
■ Long life (10,000,000 mechanical operations
 min.) through use of a movable coil spring.

## Ordering Information

## ■ Model Number Legend

D2MC-


1. Ratings

5: 5 A at 250 VAC
0.1: 0.5 A at $125 \mathrm{VAC}, 0.5 \mathrm{~A}$ at 30 VDC
3. Direction of Actuator

None: Clockwise
L: Counterclockwise
2. OF

E: $\quad 0.5 \mathrm{mN} \cdot \mathrm{m}\{5.1 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ max.
F: $\quad 0.75 \mathrm{mN} \cdot \mathrm{m}\{7.6 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ max.
H: $1.00 \mathrm{mN} \cdot \mathrm{m}\{10.2 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ max.

## List of Models

| Direction of actuation | OF | $\mathbf{5 A}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 5 ~ A}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Clockwise | $0.5 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{5.1 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ | D2MC-5E | D2MC-01E |
|  | $0.75 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{7.6 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ | D2MC-5F | D2MC-01F |
|  | $1.00 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{10.2 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ | D2MC-5H | D2MC-01H |
|  | $0.5 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{5.1 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ | D2MC-5EL | D2MC-01EL |
|  | $0.75 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{7.6 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ | D2MC-5FL | D2MC-01FL |
|  | $1.00 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{10.2 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ | D2MC-5HL | -- |

Note: All the models listed here are supplied without actuator lever. If an actuator lever is required, please order separately by indicating the model number of the actuator lever (CAA1M). Refer to page 200.

## Specifications

## - Ratings

| Item | D2MC-5 | D2MC-01 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Electrical ratings | 5 A at $125 / 250 \mathrm{VAC}(\cos \phi=1)$ | 0.5 A at 125VAC/30 VDC $(\cos \phi=1)$ |

Note: The ratings values apply under the following test conditions:
Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 20 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ for the D2MC-5 and 60 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ for the D2MC-01.
Use the Switch in the following operation range.


■ Characteristics

| Item | D2MC-5 | D2MC-01 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating speed | $1^{\circ}$ to $360^{\circ} / \mathrm{sec}$ |  |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 240 operations/min Electrical: 20 operations/min | Mechanical: 240 operations/min Electrical: 60 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 VDC ) |  |
| Contact resistance | $20 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. (initial value) | $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. (initial value) |
| Dielectric strength | $600 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of same polarity $1,500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground, and between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal part |  |
| Vibration resistance (see note) | Malfunction: 10 to 55 Hz , 1.5-mm double amplitude |  |
| Shock resistance (see note) | Destruction: $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\{100 \mathrm{G}\} \max$.Malfunction: $\mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{MC}-5 \mathrm{E},-01 \mathrm{E}: 100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\{10 \mathrm{G}\} \max$.D2MC-5F, $-01 \mathrm{~F}: 100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\{10 \mathrm{G}\} \max$.D2MC-5H, $-01 \mathrm{H}: 200 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\{20 \mathrm{G}\}$ max. |  |
| Life expectancy | Mechanical: 10,000,000 operations min. Electrical: $\quad 100,000$ operations min. | Mechanical: 10,000,000 operations min. Electrical: 100,000 operations min. (1,000,000 operations at $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 125 \mathrm{VAC} / 30 \mathrm{VDC}$ ) |
| Degree of protection | IP00 |  |
| Degree of protection against electric shock | Class I |  |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |  |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |  |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: 35 to 85\% max. |  |
| Weight | Approx. 10 g |  |

[^0]- Approved Standards

UL508 (File No. E41515)
CSA C22.2 No. 55 (File No. LR21642)

| Rated voltage | D2MC-01 | D2MC-5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | 0.5 A | 5 A |
| 250 VAC | -- | 5 A |
| 30 VDC | 0.5 A | -- |

- Contact Specifications

| Item |  | D2MC-5 | D2MC-01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contact | Specification | Rivet | Crossbar |
|  | Material | Silver alloy | Gold alloy |
|  | Gap (standard value) | 0.5 mm |  |
|  | NC | 15 A max. | 0.5 A max. |
|  | NO | 7 A max. | $0.5 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{max}$. |

## Engineering Data

## Mechanical Life Expectancy



Electrical Life Expectancy


## Dimensions

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.
3. The following illustrations and operating characteristics are for the clockwise rotation direction. In case of the counterclockwise direction, only the rotation direction of the rotating axis is different, i.e., external dimensions are the same.

## ■ Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

D2MC-5E (L)
D2MC-5F (L)
D2MC-5H (L)
D2MC-01E (L)
D2MC-01F (L)
D2MC-01H (L)


Clockwise


## Counterclockwise



| Model | D2MC-5E (01E) $\square$ | D2MC-5F (01F) $\square$ | D2MC-5H (01H) $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| OF max. | $0.5 \mathrm{mN} \cdot \mathrm{m}\{5.1 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ | $0.75 \mathrm{mN} \cdot \mathrm{m}\{7.6 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ | $1.0 \mathrm{mN} \cdot \mathrm{m}\{10.2 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.05 \mathrm{mN} \cdot \mathrm{m}\{0.6 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ | $0.09 \mathrm{mN} \cdot \mathrm{m}\{0.9 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ | $0.13 \mathrm{mN} \cdot \mathrm{m}\{1.3 \mathrm{gf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$ |
| PT max. | $21^{\circ}$ |  |  |
| OT min. | $17^{\circ}$ |  |  |
| MD min. | $3^{\circ}$ |  |  |
| RT min. | $5^{\circ}$ |  |  |
| TT min. | $38^{\circ}$ |  |  |
| FP | $15 \pm 3^{\circ}$ |  |  |

Note: For the counterclockwise rotation direction, designate "L" in the box ( $\square$ ).

## Accessories (Order Separately)

## - Actuator Lever

## CAA1M for Snap-on Mounting



In addition to the standard wire lever model shown here, various other levers are available upon request.

## Mounting Actuator Lever

1. Insert the end of the actuator lever into the hole in the rotary disc.

2. Push the lever down in the direction of the groove in the rotary disc.


## Precautions

## Mounting/Soldering

Use M3 mounting screws with plane washers or spring washers to mount the switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.20 to $0.29 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{2$ to $3 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$.

Do not change the operating position by modifying the actuator.
Microvoltage/current Load
For details, refer to General Information.

Mounting Holes
Two, 3.1-dia. mounting holes or


## Designing Own Actuator

If you decide to make your own actuator lever, the materials used should be stainless steel, piano wire, hard aluminum wire, etc.
There are no restrictions on the tip shape or length of the actuator lever. However, if the lever is too long, improper switch resetting or contact chattering may occur. Therefore, the shape of lever as shown below is suitable.


The appropriate value of dimension (1) from the fulcrum is 50 mm .

[^1]
## Sub-Miniature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS

## Economical, Subminiature Basic Switch Offers Long Life ( $\mathbf{3 0} \times 106$ Operations)

■ ROHS Compliant.

- Incorporating simple and stable two split springs which ensures a long service life (30,000,000 operations).
- A variety of models with low operating force to high operating force are available.
■ Solder, quick-connect terminals (\#110) and PCB terminals are available.



## Ordering Information

## ■ Model Number Legend



1. Ratings

01: 0.1 A
5: 5 A
10: 10 A
2. Actuator

None: Pin plunger
GL: Hinge lever
GL13: Simulated hinge lever
GL2: Hinge roller lever
3. Operating Force (at Pin Plunger)

None: $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}$
-F: $\quad 0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$
-E: $\quad 0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$
Note: These values are for the pin plunger model.
4. Contact Form

None: SPDT
-2: SPST-NC
-3: SPST-NO
5. Terminals

None: Solder
T: Quick-connect terminals (\#110)
D: PCB
Note: The PCB terminal has a right-angle terminal option.
D1: Upward direction D2: Downward direction
These are UL, CSA, and VDE approved.

Note: When suffix " $-T$ " is placed after the model number, the model withstands high temperatures $\left(-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and is UL and CSA approved.

## Miniature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS

## List of Models

| Rating | Actuator | OF max. | Soldering terminal | Quick-connect terminal (\#110) | PCB terminal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.1 A | Pin plunger | $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-01-E | SS-01-ET | SS-01-ED |
|  |  | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-01-F | SS-01-FT | SS-01-FD |
|  |  | $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-01 | SS-01T | SS-01D |
|  | Hinge lever | $0.08 \mathrm{~N}\{8 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-01GL-E | SS-01GL-ET | SS-01GL-ED |
|  |  | 0.16 N \{16 gf | SS-01GL-F | SS-01GL-FT | SS-01GL-FD |
|  |  | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-01GL | SS-01GLT | SS-01GLD |
|  | Simulated hinge lever | $0.08 \mathrm{~N}\{8 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-01GL13-E | SS-01GL13-ET | SS-01GL13-ED |
|  |  | 0.16 N \{16 gf\} | SS-01GL13-F | SS-01GL13-FT | SS-01GL13-FD |
|  |  | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-01GL13 | SS-01GL13T | SS-01GL13D |
|  | Hinge roller lever | 0.08 N \{ 8 gf$\}$ | SS-01GL2-E | SS-01GL2-ET | SS-01GL2-ED |
|  |  | 0.16 N \{16 gf\} | SS-01GL2-F | SS-01GL2-FT | SS-01GL2-FD |
|  |  | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-01GL2 | SS-01GL2T | SS-01GL2D |
| 5 A (see note 1) | Pin plunger | 0.49 N \{50 gf $\}$ | SS-5-F | SS-5-FT | SS-5-FD |
|  |  | 1.47 N \{150 gf\} | SS-5 | SS-5T | SS-5D |
|  | Hinge lever | 0.16 N \{16 gf $\}$ | SS-5GL-F | SS-5GL-FT | SS-5GL-FD |
|  |  | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-5GL | SS-5GLT | SS-5GLD |
|  | Simulated hinge lever | 0.16 N \{16 gf\} | SS-5GL13-F | SS-5GL13-FT | SS-5GL13-FD |
|  |  | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-5GL13 | SS-5GL13T | SS-5GL13D |
|  | Hinge roller lever | 0.16 N \{16 gf | SS-5GL2-F | SS-5GL2-FT | SS-5GL2-FD |
|  |  | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-5GL2 | SS-5GL2T | SS-5GL2D |
| $\begin{aligned} & 10.1 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \text { (see note 1) } \end{aligned}$ | Pin plunger | $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-10 | SS-10T | SS-10D |
|  | Hinge lever | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-10GL | SS-10GLT | SS-10GLD |
|  | Simulated hinge lever | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-10GL13 | SS-10GL13T | SS-10GL13D |
|  | Hinge roller lever | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SS-10GL2 | SS-10GL2T | SS-10GL2D |

Note: 1. EN61058-1 (IEC601058-1) approved by TÜV Rheinland.
2. SPST models are also available, but not listed in the above table.

## Miniature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS

## Specifications

- Ratings

| Type | Rated voltage |  |  |  | SS- | S-5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | on-in | ive loa |  |  | Induc | load |  |  | tive |
|  |  | Resi | load |  | oad | Indu | load |  | oad | Res | load |
|  |  | NC | NO | NC | NO | NC | NO | NC | NO | NC | NO |
| Generalpurpose | $125 \text { VAC }$ |  |  | 1.5 A | $0.7 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  | 2.5 A | $1.3 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  |
|  | 250 VAC |  |  | 1 A | 0.5 A |  |  | 1.5 A | 0.8 A |  |  |
|  | $8 \text { VDC }$ |  |  |  |  | 5 A | $4 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | 14 VDC |  |  |  |  | 4 A | 4 A |  |  |  |  |
|  | 30 VDC |  |  |  |  | 3 A | 3 A |  |  |  |  |
|  | 125 VDC |  |  |  |  | 0.4 A | 0.4 A |  |  |  |  |
|  | 250 VDC |  |  |  |  | 0.2 A | 0.2 A |  |  |  |  |

Note: 1. Data in parentheses apply to the SS-10 models only.
2. The above values are for the steady-state current.
3. Inductive load has a power factor of 0.4 min . AC ) and a time constant of 7 ms max. (DC).
4. Lamp load has an inrush current of 10 times the steady-state current.
5. Motor load has an inrush current of 6 times the steady-state current.
6. If the Switch is used in a DC circuit and is subjected to a surge, connect a surge suppressor across the Switch.
7. The ratings values apply under the following test conditions:

Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 30 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$
Use the Switch within the following operating range.


| Item | SS-01 | SS-5 <br> SS-10 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Minimum <br> applicable load | 1 mA at 5 VDC | 160 mA at 5 VDC |

## Miniature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS

## - Characteristics

| Operating speed | 0.1 mm to $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ (pin plunger models) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 400 operations/min Electrical: 60 operations/min |  |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 VDC ) |  |
| Contact resistance (initial value) | OF $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}:$ SS-01 models: <br>  SS-5, SS-10 models: <br> OF $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}:$ SS-01 models: <br>  <br> SS -5 models: <br> OF $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}:$ SS-01 models: | $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. 30 ms max. 100 ms max. 50 ms max. $150 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. |
| Dielectric strength | 1,000 VAC ( 600 VAC for SS-01 models), $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of the same polarities 1,500 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal part and ground, and between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal part (see note 1) |  |
| Vibration resistance (see note 2) | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |  |
| Shock resistance | Destruction: OF $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gff}$ : $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 100 G$\}$ max. <br> OF $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\} / 0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}:$ $500 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\{$ approx. 50 G$\}$ max. <br> Malfunction: OF $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}:$ $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\{a p p r o x .30 \mathrm{G}\} \max$. <br> OF $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\} 0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}:$ $200 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 20 G$\}$ max. <br> Note: Lever-type model: Total travel position (with a contact separation time of 1 ms max.) |  |
| Life expectancy | Mechanical: $30,000,000$ operations min. (Refer to the following Engineering Data.) <br> Electrical: $10,000,000$ operations min. for SS-10 models <br> 200,000 operations min. (Refer to the following Engineering Data.) <br> 50,000 operations min. for SS-10 models <br>   |  |
| Degree of protection | IP00 |  |
| Degree of protection against electrical shock | Class 1 |  |
| Proof Tracking Index (PTI) | 175 |  |
| Switch category | D (IEC 335-1) |  |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (at ambient humidity of 60\% max.) (with no icing) |  |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: $85 \%$ max. (for $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |
| Weight | Approx. 1.6 g (pin plunger models) |  |

Note: 1. The dielectric strength shown in the table indicates a value for models with a Separator.
2. For the pin plunger models, the above values apply for use at both the free position and total travel position. For the lever models, they apply at the total travel position.

## - Approved Standards

UL1054 (File No. E41515)
CSA C22.2 No. 55 (File No. LR21642)

| Rated voltage | SS-10 | SS-5 | SS-01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | -- | 5 A | 0.1 A |
| 250 VAC | 10.1 A | 3 A | --- |
| 30 VDC | --- | -- | 0.1 A |
| 120 VAC (TV) | -- | 2 A | --- |

## VDE0630 (File No. 6131ÜG)

SEMKO (File No. 9812216/01), (File No. 8916091)

| Rated voltage | SS-10 | SS-5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 250 VAC | 10 A | 5 A |

SEV (File No. 93. 5. 51936. 01)

| Rated voltage | SS-5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 250 VAC | 5 A |

EN61058-1 (IEC601058-1) (TÜV Rheinland, File No. J9451450)

| Rated <br> voltage | SS-10 | SS-5 | SS-01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 250 VAC | 10 A | 5 A <br> 5 (1) A motor <br> $3 \mathrm{~A}($ see note 2) | -- |
| 125 VAC | --- | -- | 0.1 A <br> (see note 2) |
| 30 VDC | --- | 5 A (see note 2) | 0.1 A <br> (see note 2) |

Note: 1. Testing conditions: 50,000 operations, $\mathrm{T} 85\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
2. These approvals are only limited to OF $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}$ models.

## Miniature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS

■ Contact Specifications

| Item |  | SS-10 | SS-5 | SS-01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contact | Specification | Rivet | Crossbar |  |
|  | Material | Silver <br> alloy | Silver | Gold alloy |
|  | Gap <br> (standard <br> value) | 0.5 mm | 0.25 mm |  |
|  | NC | 20 A max. | 1 A max. |  |
|  | NO | 15 A max. | 10 A max. | 1 A max. |

## Engineering Data

Mechanical Life Expectancy (Pin Plunger Model) SS-5, SS-1, SS-01 Models


Electrical Life Expectancy (Pin Plunger Model) SS-5 Models


## Dimensions

## - Terminals

Terminal plate thickness is 0.5 mm .


## Miniature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS

## ■ Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. The following illustration and drawing are for solder terminal models. Refer to page 117 for details on models with quick-connect terminals (\#110) or PCB terminals.
3. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.

## Pin Plunger

SS-01(-E, -F)
SS-5(-F)
SS-10


| Model | SS-01-E | SS-01-F <br> SS-5-F | SS-01 <br> SS-5 | SS-10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.02 \mathrm{~N}\{2 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.04 \mathrm{~N}\{4 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 0.5 mm | 0.5 mm | 0.5 mm | 0.6 mm |
| OT min. | 0.5 mm | 0.5 mm | 0.5 mm | 0.4 mm |
| MD max. | 0.1 mm | 0.1 mm | 0.1 mm | 0.12 mm |
| OP | $8.4 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |

Hinge Lever
SS-01GL(-E, -F) SS-5GL(-F) SS-10GL



Note: 1. Stainless-steel lever
2. Besides the SS- $\square G L$ models with a hinge lever length of 14.5 , the SS- $\square$ GL11 models with a hinge lever length of 18.5 , the SS- $\square$ GL111 models with a hinge lever length of 22.6 , and the SS- $\square$ GL1111 models with a hinge lever length of 37.8 are available Contact your OMRON representative for these models

| Model | SS-01GL-E | SS-01GL-F <br> SS-5GL-F | SS-01GL <br> SS-5GL | SS-10GL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.08 \mathrm{~N}\{8 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.16 \mathrm{~N}\{16 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.01 \mathrm{~N}\{1 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.02 \mathrm{~N}\{2 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT min. | 1.2 mm | 1.2 mm | 1.2 mm | 1.0 mm |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm | 0.8 mm | 1.0 mm |  |
| FP max. | 13.6 mm | 0.8 mm |  |  |
| OP | $8.8 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |

## Miniature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS

## Simulated Hinge Lever

SS-01GL13(-E, -F)
SS-5GL13(-F)
SS-10GL13


Note: Stainless-steel spring lever

| Model | SS-01GL13-E | SS-01GL13-F <br> SS-5GL13-F | SS-01GL13 <br> SS-5GL13 | SS-10GL13 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.08 \mathrm{~N}\{8 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.16 \mathrm{~N}\{16 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.01 \mathrm{~N}\{1 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.02 \mathrm{~N}\{2 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT min. | 1.2 mm | 1.2 mm | 1.2 mm | 1.0 mm |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm | 0.8 mm | 1.0 mm |  |
| FP max. | 15.5 mm |  |  |  |
| OP | $10.7 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |

Hinge Roller Lever
SS-01GL2(-E, -F)
SS-5GL2(-F)
SS-10GL2


| Model | SS-01GL2-E | SS-01GL2-F <br> SS-5GL2-F | SS-01GL2 <br> SS-5GL2 | SS-10GL2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.08 \mathrm{~N}\{8 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.16 \mathrm{~N}\{16 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.01 \mathrm{~N}\{1 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.02 \mathrm{~N}\{2 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT min. | 1.2 mm | 1.2 mm | 1.2 mm | 1.0 mm |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm | 0.8 mm | 0.8 mm | 1.0 mm |
| FP max. | 19.3 mm |  |  |  |
| OP | $14.5 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |  |

## - Separators (Insulation Sheet)

| Applicable <br> Switch | Thickness (mm) | Model (see note) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| SS, D2S, D2SW | 0.18 | Separator for SS0.18 |
|  | 0.4 | Separator for SS0.4 |

Separator for SS $\square$


## Miniature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS

## Precautions

## - Mounting

Use two M2.3 mounting screws with spring washers to mount the Switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.23 to $0.26 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{2.3$ to $2.6 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$.

## Mounting Holes

Two, 2.4-dia. mounting holes or M2.3 screw holes


PCB Mounting Dimensions (Reference)


Three, 1.35 to 1.5 dia.


## Terminal Connection

When soldering the lead wire to the terminal, first insert the lead wire conductor through the terminal hole and then conduct soldering.
To solder the lead to the terminal, apply a soldering iron rated at 60 W max. (temperature of soldering iron: $250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) within 5 seconds. During soldering and one minute after soldering, do not apply any external force to the soldered terminal.
Feed solder away from the switch case so that solder or flux will not flow into the case side.
If the PCB terminal models are soldered in the solder bath, flux will permeate inside the Switch and cause contact failure. Therefore, manually solder the PCB terminal.
Specifications Approved by TÜV Rheinland According to EN61058-1

| Model | Conductor size |
| :--- | :--- |
| SS-5 | 0.5 to $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| SS-10 | $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

## Solder Terminal Approved Conditions

Soldering iron can be used.
Soldering hook hole available.
Soldering terminal types 1 and 2 are met.

## Spacing

The minimum thickness of insulation according to IEC61058-1 is 1.1 mm , and the minimum clearance between live terminals and mounting plate is 1.6 mm . If the proper insulation for the terminator cannot be obtained, add insulation such as a Separator or insulation guard on the switch.

## ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.

To convert millimetres into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS-P

## SS series Compatible Mounting with a Simple Construction and Easy-to-use Design Concept

■ ROHS compliant.
■ Insert molded case provides enhanced resistance to flux.
■ Switch rating of 3 A at 125 V AC with a single-leaf movable spring. Models for micro loads are also available.


■ Solder, quick-connect terminals (\#110), and PCB terminals are available, including even-pitched PCB terminals.

## Ordering Information

## Model Number Legend

## SS- $\square \square \square \mathbf{P} \square$

1. Ratings

3: $\quad 3 \mathrm{~A}$ at 125 VAC
01: 0.1 A at 30 VAC
2. Contact Gap

G: $\quad 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$
3. Actuator

None: Pin plunger
L: Hinge lever
L13: Simulated roller lever
4. Terminals

None: Solder terminals
T: Quick-connect terminals (\#110)
D: PCB terminals (Uneven pitch)
B: PCB terminals (Even pitch)

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS-P

## - List of Models

| Rating | Actuator | Terminals | Solder terminals | Quick-connect terminals (\#110) | PCB terminals |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Uneven pitch | Even pitch |
| 3 A | Pin plunger | $\square$ | SS-3GP | SS-3GPT | SS-3GPD | SS-3GPB |
|  | Hinge lever |  | SS-3GLP | SS-3GLPT | SS-3GLPD | SS-3GLPB |
|  | Simulated roller lever | R | SS-3GL13P | SS-3GL13PT | SS-3GL13PD | SS-3GL13PB |
| 0.1 A | Pin plunger | $\square$ | SS-01GP | SS-01GPT | SS-01GPD | SS-01GPB |
|  | Hinge lever | on | SS-01GLP | SS-01GLPT | SS-01GLPD | SS-01GLPB |
|  | Simulated roller lever | ar | SS-01GL13P | SS-01GL13PT | SS-01GL13PD | SS-01GL13PB |

## Specifications

## - Ratings

| Model <br> Rated voltage <br> Item | SS-3P |  | SS-01P |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Resistive load |  |  |
|  | 3 A | 0.1 A |  |
| 30 VDC | 3 A | 0.1 A |  |

Note: 1. The ratings values apply under the following test conditions.
Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 30 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$
2. Contact your OMRON representative for information on models for other loads.

## - Characteristics

| Operating speed | 0.1 mm to $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ (for pin plunger models) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 300 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ <br> Electrical: 30 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 VDC ) |
| Contact resistance (initial value) | SS-3P: $\quad 50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. SS-01P: $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. |
| Dielectric strength (See note 2) | 1,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of the same polarities <br> $1,500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground, and between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal parts |
| Vibration resistance (See note 3) | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |
| Shock resistance (See note 3) | Destruction: $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 100 G$\}$ max. <br> Malfunction: $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 30 G$\}$ max. |
| Durability (See note 4) | Mechanical: $1,000,000$ operations min. ( 60 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ )  <br> Electrical: SS-3P: 70,000 operations min. ( 20 operations $/ \mathrm{min}, 125 \mathrm{VAC}$ ) <br>  SS-01P: 100,000 operations $\mathrm{min} .(20$ operations $/ \mathrm{min}, 30 \mathrm{VDC})$ <br>  200,000 operations $\mathrm{min} .(20$ operations $/ \mathrm{min})$  |
| Degree of protection | IEC IP40 |
| Degree of protection against electrical shock Proof Tracking Index (PTI) | Class I $175$ |
| Ambient operating temperature | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (at ambient humidity of $60 \%$ max.) (with no icing) |
| Ambient operating humidity | $85 \%$ max. (for $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Weight | Approx. 1.6 g (for pin plunger models) |

Note: 1. The data given above are initial values.
2. The dielectric strength shown in the table indicates a value for models with a Separator.
3. For the pin plunger models, the above values apply for both the free position and total travel position. For the lever models, the values apply at the total travel position. Contact opening or closing time is within 1 ms .
4. Contact your OMRON sales representative for testing conditions.

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS-P

## Approved Standards

- UL, CSA, and EN approval projected for September 2003.
- Contact Form


## SPDT

## Dimensions

## - Terminals

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated. (Terminal plate thickness is 0.5 mm for all models.)

Solder Terminals


PCB Terminals (Uneven pitch)


PCB Mounting Dimensions (Reference)


Quick-connect Terminals (\#110)


PCB Terminals (Even pitch)


PCB Mounting Dimensions (Reference)
(

## ■ Mounting Holes

Two, 2.4-dia. mounting holes or M2.3 screw holes


## Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS-P

## - Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. The following illustrations and drawings are for solder terminal models. terminals (\#110) or PCB terminals.
3. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.
4. The operating characteristics are for operation in the A direction ( ) .

## Pin Plunger Models

SS-3GP
SS-01GP


| Model | SS-3GP | SS-01GP |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | 1.50 N |  |
| RF min. | 0.2 N |  |
| PT max. | 0.6 mm |  |
| OT min. | 0.4 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.15 mm |  |
| OP | $8.4 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

## Hinge Lever Models

SS-3GLP
SS-01GLP


| Model | SS-3GLP | SS-01GLP |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | 0.5 N |  |
| RF min. | 0.05 N |  |
| OT min. | 1.0 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |  |
| FP max. | 13.6 mm |  |
| OP | $8.8 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

## Simulated Roller Lever Models



| Model | SS-3GL13P | SS-01GL13P |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | 0.5 N |  |
| RF min. | 0.05 N |  |
| OT min. | 1.0 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |  |
| FP max. | 15.5 mm |  |
| OP | $10.7 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS-P

## Precautions

## - Cautions

## Connecting to Solder Terminals

When soldering the lead wire to the terminal, first insert the lead wire conductor through the terminal hole and then conduct soldering.
Make sure that the temperature at the tip of the soldering iron is 350 to $400^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Do not take more than 3 seconds to solder the switch terminal, and do not impose external force on the terminal for 1 min after soldering. Improper soldering involving an excessively high temperature or excessive soldering time may deteriorate the characteristics of the Switch.

## Connecting to Quick-connect Terminals

Wire the quick-connect terminals (\#110) with receptacles. Insert the terminals straight into the receptacles. Do not impose excessive force on the terminal in the horizontal direction, otherwise the terminal may be deformed or the housing may be damaged.

## Connecting to PCB Terminal Boards

When using automatic soldering baths, we recommend soldering at $260 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ within 5 seconds. Make sure that the liquid surface of the solder does not flow over the edge of the board.
When soldering by hand, as a guideline, solder with a soldering iron with a tip temperature of 350 to $400^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ within 3 seconds, and do not apply any external force for at least 1 minutes after soldering. When applying solder, keep the solder away from the case of the Switch and do not allow solder or flux to enter the case.

## - Correct Use

## Mounting

Turn OFF the power supply before mounting or removing the Switch, wiring, or performing maintenance or inspection. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or burning.
Use M2.3 mounting screws with plane washers or spring washers to securely mount the Switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.23 to $0.26 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{2.3$ to $2.7 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$.

Mount the Switch onto a flat surface. Mounting on an uneven surface may cause deformation of the Switch, resulting in faulty operation or breakage in the housing.

## Operating Stroke Setting

Take particular care in setting the operating stroke for the pin plunger models. Make sure that the operating stroke is $60 \%$ to $90 \%$ of the rated OT distance. Do not operate the actuator exceeding the OT distance, otherwise the life expectancy of the Switch may be shortened.

## Using Micro Loads

Using a model for ordinary loads to open or close the contact of a micro load circuit may result in faulty contact. Use models that operate in the following range. However, even when using micro load models within the operating range shown below, if inrush current occurs when the contact is opened or closed, it may increase contact wear and so decrease life expectancy. Therefore, insert a contact protection circuit where necessary.
The minimum applicable load is the N -level reference value. This value indicates the malfunction reference level for the reliability level of $60 \%\left(\lambda_{60}\right)$. The equation, $\lambda_{60}=0.5 \times 10^{-6} /$ operations indicates that the estimated malfunction rate is less than $1 / 2,000,000$ operations with a reliability level of $60 \%$.


## Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SS-P

## - Separators

| Thickness | Model |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0.18 mm | Separator for SS0.18 |
| 0.4 mm | Separator for SS0.4 |

## Separator for SS



Note: The material is EAVTC (Epoxide Alkyd Varnished Tetron Cloth) and its heat-resisting temperature is $130^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## - Connectors

Use the following quick-connect connector made by Nippon Tanshi or Tyco Electronics. This connector is not sold by OMRON. Contact the following Nippon Tanshi or Tyco Electronics office to purchase this connector.

Tyco Electrocics AMP K.K. Japan Tel: (81)44-844-8111
U.S.A. Tel (1)800-522-6752

This connector is for use with the SS-P and the terminal direction is $90^{\circ}$ different from the SS Series.

## ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.

To convert millimetres into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SSG

## Global Subminiature Basic Switch

## Conforming to EN61058-1, UL1054, and CSA C22.2 No. 55

■ ROHS Compliant.

- A wide operating temperature range of $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is available for high temperature use.
- Flexible change lever using the external snap-fit lever.
$\square$ PCB terminal models are resistant to flux.



## Ordering Information

## ■ Model Number Legend

## SSG- $\frac{\square}{1} \frac{\square}{2} \frac{\square}{3} \frac{\square}{4} \frac{\square}{5}$

1. Ratings

01: 0.1 A
5: 5 A
2. Actuator

None: Pin plunger
L1: Hinge lever
L3: Simulated hinge lever
L2: Hinge roller lever
3. Contact Form

None: SPDT
-2: $\quad$ SPST-NC
-3: SPST-NO
4. Terminals

H: Solder
T: Quick-connect terminals (\#110)
P: PCB
5. Operating Force max.

None: $1.5 \mathrm{~N}\{153 \mathrm{gf}\}$
-5: $\quad 0.5 \mathrm{~N}\{51 \mathrm{gf}\}$
Note: These values are for the pin plunger model.

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SSG

## ■ List of Models

| Actuator | Rating | OF max. | Solder | Quick-connect terminal (\#110) | PCB |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pin plunger | 0.1 A | 1.50 N \{153 gf | SSG-01H | SSG-01T | SSG-01P |
|  |  | $0.50 \mathrm{~N}\{51 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SSG-01H-5 | SSG-01T-5 | SSG-01P-5 |
|  | 5 A | 1.50 N \{153 gf\} | SSG-5H | SSG-5T | SSG-5P |
|  |  | $0.50 \mathrm{~N}\{51 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SSG-5H-5 | SSG-5T-5 | SSG-5P-5 |
| Hinge lever | 0.1 A | 0.60 N \{61 gf | SSG-01L1H | SSG-01L1T | SSG-01L1P |
|  |  | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SSG-01L1H-5 | SSG-01L1T-5 | SSG-01L1P-5 |
|  | 5 A | $0.60 \mathrm{~N}\{61 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SSG-5L1H | SSG-5L1T | SSG-5L1P |
|  |  | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SSG-5L1H-5 | SSG-5L1T-5 | SSG-5L1P-5 |
| Simulated hinge lever | 0.1 A | $0.60 \mathrm{~N}\{61 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SSG-01L3H | SSG-01L3T | SSG-01L3P |
|  |  | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SSG-01L3H-5 | SSG-01L3T-5 | SSG-01L3P-5 |
|  | 5 A | $0.60 \mathrm{~N}\{61 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SSG-5L3H | SSG-5L3T | SSG-5L3P |
|  |  | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SSG-5L3H-5 | SSG-5L3T-5 | SSG-5L3P-5 |
| Hinge roller lever | 0.1 A | $0.60 \mathrm{~N}\{61 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SSG-01L2H | SSG-01L2T | SSG-01L2P |
|  |  | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SSG-01L2H-5 | SSG-01L2T-5 | SSG-01L2P-5 |
|  | 5 A | $0.60 \mathrm{~N}\{61 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SSG-5L2H | SSG-5L2T | SSG-5L2P |
|  |  | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | SSG-5L2H-5 | SSG-5L2T-5 | SSG-5L2P-5 |

Note: SPST models are also available, but not listed in the above table.

## Specifications

## - Ratings

General Ratings

| Rated voltage | Non-inductive load |  |  |  | Inductive load |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Resistive load |  | Lamp load |  | Inductive load |  | Motor load |  |
|  | NC | NO | NC | NO | NC | NO | NC | NO |
| 125 VAC | 5 (0.1) A (see note 1) |  | 1.5 A | 0.7 A | 3 A |  | 2.5 A | 1.3 A |
| 250 VAC | 3 A |  | 1 A | 0.5 A | 2 A |  | 1.5 A | 0.8 A |
| 8 VDC | 5 A |  | 2 A |  | 5 A |  | 3 A |  |
| 14 VDC | 5 A |  | $2 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 4 A |  | 3 A |  |
| 30 VDC | 4 (0.1) A (see note 1) |  | $2 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 3 A |  | 3 A |  |
| 125 VDC | 0.4 A |  |  |  | 0.4 A |  | 0.05 A |  |
| 250 VDC | 0.2 A |  | 0.05 A |  | 0.2 A |  | 0.05 A |  |

Note: 1. The values in the parentheses are for the SSG-01.
2. The above current ratings are the values of the steady-state current.
3. Inductive load has a power factor of 0.7 min . (AC) and a time constant of 7 ms max. (DC).
4. Lamp load has an inrush current of 10 times the steady-state current.
5. Motor load has an inrush current of 6 times the steady-state current.
6. If the Switch is used in a DC circuit and is subjected to a surge current, connect a surge suppressor across the switch.

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SSG

Use the Switch in the following operation range.


| Model | SSG-01 | SSG-5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Minimum applicable <br> load | 1 mA at 5 VDC | 160 mA at 5 VDC |

## ■ Characteristics

| Operating speed | 0.1 mm to $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ (at pin plunger models) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 400 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ <br> Electrical: <br> 60 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. |

## Approved Standards

| Standard | EN61058-1/IEC601058-1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Approval body | TÜV Rheinland (File No. T9451449) |
|  | BEAB (File No. C0746) |
|  | IMQ (File No. EL662) |
|  | VDE (File No. 100873, EN61058-1 1992+AI: 1993 |
| Rating | SSG-5 models: $\quad 5$ A at 250 VAC (T125, 50,000 operations) |
|  | SSG-01 models: 0.1 A at 30 VDC (T125, 50,000 operations) |

UL1054 (File No. E41515), CSA C22.2 No. 55 (File No. LR21642) Approved Ratings
SSG-5 Models: 5 A at $125 \mathrm{VAC}, 3 \mathrm{~A}$ at 250 VAC
3 A at $250 \mathrm{VAC}, 3 \mathrm{~A}$ at 30 VDC ( 100,000 operations)
SSG-01 Models: 0.1 A at $125 \mathrm{VAC}, 0.1 \mathrm{~A}$ at 30 VDC

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SSG

## Contact

| Item |  | SSG-5 | SSG-01H.T | SSG-01P |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contact | Specification | Rivet | Crossbar | Crossbar |
|  | Material | Silver | Gold alloy | Gold alloy |
|  | Gap (standard value) | 0.5 mm | 0.25 mm | 0.5 mm |
| Inrush current | NC | 20 A max. | $1 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{max}$. | $1 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{max}$. |
|  | NO | 10 A max. | 1 A max. | $1 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{max}$. |

## Dimensions

## - Terminals

## Solder Terminals



## Quick-connect Terminals (\#110)




## Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SSG

## - Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. Every actual model number includes the code instead of $\square$ for the kind of terminals incorporated by the model.
3. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.

## Solder/Quick-connect Terminal

## Pin Plunger

SSG-01 $\square$
SSG-5 $\square$
SSG-01 $\square-5$
SSG-5 $\square$-5



| Model | SSG-01 $\square$ <br> SSG-5 $\square$ | SSG-01 $\square-5$ <br> SSG-5 $\square-5$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $1.50 \mathrm{~N}\{153 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.50 \mathrm{~N}\{51 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.04 \mathrm{~N}\{4 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 0.6 mm |  |
| OT min. | 0.4 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.1 mm |  |
| FP max. | --- |  |
| OP | $8.4 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

Hinge Lever
SSG-01L1 $\square$
SSG-5L1 $\square$
SSG-01L1 $\square-5$
SSG-5L1 $\square-5$




Note: Also available are models with a hinge lever length of 39 mm under the following model numbers; SSG-01L14 $\square$, SSG-5L14 $\square$, SSG-01L14 $\square-5$, and SSG-5L14■-5. Contact your OMRON representative for these models.

Simulated Hinge Lever
SSG-01L3 $\square$
SSG-5L3 $\square$
SSG-01L3 $\square-5$
SSG-51L3 $\square-5$




| Model | SSG-01L3 $\square$ <br> SSG-5L3 $\square$ | SSG-01L3 $\square-5$ <br> SSG-5L3 $\square-5$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.60 \mathrm{~N}\{61 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.02 \mathrm{~N}\{2 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.0 mm |  |
| OT min. | 0.8 mm |  |
| MD max. | -- |  |
| FP max. | 15.5 mm |  |
| OP | $10.7^{+1.0} /_{-0.6} \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SSG

## Hinge Roller Lever

## SSG-01L2 $\square$

SSG-5L2 $\square$
SSG-01L2 $\square-5$
SSG-5L2 $\square-5$


PCB Terminals
Pin Plunger
SSG-01P
SSG-5P
SSG-01P-5
SSG-5P-5


| Model | SSG-01P <br> SSG-5P | SSG-01P-5 <br> SSG-5P-5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $1.50 \mathrm{~N}\{153 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.50 \mathrm{~N}\{51 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.04 \mathrm{~N}\{4 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 0.6 mm |  |
| OT min. | 0.4 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.1 mm |  |
| FP max. | -- |  |
| OP | $11.8 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

Hinge Lever
SSG-01L1P
SSG-5L1P
SSG-01L1P-5
SSG-5L1P-5




Note: Also available are models with a hinge lever length of 39 mm under the following model numbers; SSG-01L14P, SSG-5L14P, SSG-01L14P-5, and SSG-5L14P-5. Contact your OMRON representative for these models.

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SSG

## Simulated Hinge Lever

SSG-01L3P
SSG-5L3P
SSG-01L3P-5
SSG-51L3P-5



Hinge Roller Lever

## SSG-01L2P

SSG-5L2P
SSG-01L2P-5
SSG-5L2P-5

4.8 dia. $\times 3.2$



| Model | SSG-01L2P <br> SSG-5L2P | SSG-01L2P-5 <br> SSG-5L2P-5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.60 \mathrm{~N}\{61 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.02 \mathrm{~N}\{2 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | --- |  |
| OT min. | 1.0 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |  |
| FP max. | 22.4 mm |  |
| OP | $17.9^{+1.1} /-0.7 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

## Precautions

## - Terminal Connections

When soldering a lead wire to a switch terminal, insert the wire conductor into the hole of the switch terminal and take the following steps promptly.

- Make sure that the capacity of the soldering iron is 60 W maximum. Do not take more than 5 s to solder the switch terminal. Improper soldering involving an excessively high temperature or excessive soldering time may deteriorate the characteristics of the Switch.
- Be sure to apply only the minimum required amount of flux. The SSG may have contact failures if flux intrudes into the interior of the SSG.
- Use the following lead wires to connect to the solder terminals.

| Type | Conductor size |
| :--- | :--- |
| SSG-01 | AWG 22 to 20 |
| SSG-5 | AWG 20 to 18 |

- Soldering Categories (Refer to the conditions of EN61058-1.)

| Type | Classified by EN61058-1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Solder <br> terminal | Soldering iron used <br> With soldering hole <br> Solder terminal type 1.2 |
| PCB terminal | Soldering bath used <br> Solder terminal type 1.2 |

To automatically solder the Switch to a PCB in a soldering bath, complete soldering within 5 seconds at a flux temperature of $250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and avoid the overflow of flux onto the surface of the PCB where the Switch or other parts are mounted.
Wire the quick-connect terminals (\#110) with receptacles. Insert the terminals straight into the receptacles. Do not impose excessive force on the terminal in the horizontal direction, otherwise the terminal may be deformed or the housing may be damaged.

## Insulation Distance

The Switch does not have a ground terminal. The minimum distance through insulation (IEC61058-1) is 0.9 mm . If proper insulation for the end product cannot be secured, additional insulation such as a Separator or insulation cover should be attached.

## Miniature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - SSG

## Mounting

When securing the SSG, be sure to use M2.2 mounting screws and tighten the screws with flat washers and spring washers securely within a torque range between 0.20 to $0.24 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{2$ to $2.5 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$.

## Mounting Holes

Two, 2.2-dia. mounting holes or M2. 2 screw holes


Make sure that the plate to which the SSG is mounted is flat. If the plate has protruding or warped part, the SSG may not operate properly.

## Operating Stroke

Make sure that the operating stroke is $70 \%$ to $100 \%$ of the rated OT distance. Do not operate the actuator exceeding the OT distance, otherwise the life expectancy of the SSG may be shortened.

ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
To convert millimetres into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

## A variety of D2F Models including Models Incorporating Simulated Hinge Lever and Hinge Roller Lever

- ROHS Compliant.

■ Subminiature switch (12.8 x 6.5x 5.8 (W x H x D)) ideal for PCB mounting.

- Incorporating a snapping mechanism made with two highly precise split springs which ensures a long service life (1,000,000 operations).
$\square$ Two-stage bottom different in level and
 insertion moulded terminals prevents flux penetration.
■ PCB, self-clinching, solder, and right-angle terminals are available.
- Ideal for home appliances, audio equipment, office machines, and communications equipment.


## Ordering Information

## - Model Number Legend



1. Ratings

None: General load
01: $\quad 0.1 \mathrm{~A}$
2. Operating Force max.

None: $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}$
F: $\quad 0.74 \mathrm{~N}\{75 \mathrm{gf}\}$
Note: These values are for the pin plunger model.
3. Actuator

None: Pin plunger
L: Hinge lever
L2: Hinge roller lever
L3: Simulated hinge lever
4. Terminals

None: PCB terminal
-T: $\quad$ Self-clinching PCB terminal
-D: Solder terminal
-A: Right-angle PCB terminal
-A1: Left-angle PCB terminal

## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - D2F

## ■ List of Models

| Actuator | Operaating force (OF) (see note) | Microvoltage/current load0.1 A |  | Standard |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1 A | 3 A |
|  |  | Low operating force $0.74 \mathrm{~N}\{75 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { General-purpose } \\ 1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ | Low operating force $0.74 \mathrm{~N}\{75 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | General-purpose $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| Pin plunger | PCB terminals | D2F-01F | D2F-01 | D2F-F | D2F |
|  | Self-clinching terminals | D2F-01F-T | D2F-01-T | D2F-F-T | D2F-T |
|  | Solder terminals | D2F-01F-D | D2F-01-D | D2F-F-D | D2F-D |
|  | Right-angle terminals | D2F-01F-A | D2F-01-A | D2F-F-A | D2F-A |
| Hinge lever | PCB terminals | D2F-01FL | D2F-01L | D2F-FL | D2F-L |
|  | Self-clinching terminals | D2F-01FL-T | D2F-01L-T | D2F-FL-T | D2F-L-T |
|  | Solder terminals | D2F-01FL-D | D2F-01L-D | D2F-FL-D | D2F-L-D |
|  | Right-angle terminals | D2F-01FL-A | D2F-01L-A | D2F-FL-A | D2F-L-A |
| Simulated hinge lever | PCB terminals | D2F-01FL3 | D2F-01L3 | D2F-FL3 | D2F-L3 |
|  | Self-clinching terminals | D2F-01FL3-T | D2F-01L3-T | D2F-FL3-T | D2F-L3-T |
|  | Solder terminals | D2F-01FL3-D | D2F-01L3-D | D2F-FL3-D | D2F-L3-D |
|  | Right-angle terminals | D2F-01FL3-A | D2F-01L3-A | D2F-FL3-A | D2F-L3-A |
| Hinge roller lever | PCB terminals | D2F-01FL2 | D2F-01L2 | D2F-FL2 | D2F-L2 |
|  | Self-clinching terminals | D2F-01FL2-T | D2F-01L2-T | D2F-FL2-T | D2F-L2-T |
|  | Solder terminals | D2F-01FL2-D | D2F-01L2-D | D2F-FL2-D | D2F-L2-D |
|  | Right-angle terminals | D2F-01FL2-A | D2F-01L2-A | D2F-FL2-A | D2F-L2-A |

Note: The OF values shown in the table are for the pin plunger models.

## Specifications

## - Ratings

| Item |  | D2F models |  | D2F-01 models |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OF max. |  | $\begin{gathered} 1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ \text { (General-purpose) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.74 \mathrm{~N}\{75 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ \text { (Low operating) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ \text { (General-purpose) } \end{gathered}$ | $0.74 \mathrm{~N}\{75 \mathrm{gf}\}$ <br> (Low operating) |
|  |  | Resistive load |  |  |  |
| Rated voltage | 125 VAC | 3 A | 1 A | --- |  |
|  | 30 VDC | 2 A | 0.5 A | 0.1 A |  |

Note: 1. Consult your OMRON representative before using the Switch with inductive or motor loads.
2. The ratings values apply under the following test conditions:

Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 30 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$

## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - D2F

Use the Switch in the following operating range.


| Model | D2F-01 | D2F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Minimum <br> applicable load | 1 mA at 5 VDC | 100 mA at 5 VDC |

- Characteristics

| Operating speed | 1 to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ (at pin plunger models) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 200 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ <br> Electrical: $\quad 30$ operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{\Omega}$ min. (at 500 VDC ) |
| Contact resistance <br> (initial value) | D2F models: $\quad 30 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{\Omega}$ max. <br> D2F-F models: $\quad 50 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{\Omega}$ max. <br> D2F-01 models: $\quad 100 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{\Omega}$ max. |
| Dielectric strength | $600 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of the same polarity <br> $1,500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground (see note 1), and <br> between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal part |
| Vibration resistance <br> (see note 2) | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |
| Shock resistance <br> (see note 2) | Malfunction: $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 30G\} max. <br> Life expectancy <br> Mechanical: $1,000,000$ operations min. (Refer to Engineering Data.) <br> Electrical: 30,000 operations min. (Refer to Engineering Data.) |
| Degree of protection <br> electric shock protection against | Class I |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: $85 \%$ max. (for $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Weight | Approx. $0.5 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{(pin} \mathrm{plunger} \mathrm{models)}$ |

Note: 1. The dielectric strength shown in the table indicates a value for models with a Separator.
2. For the pin plunger models, the values are at the free position and total travel position. For the lever models, they are at the total travel position.

## Approved Standards

## UL1054 (File No. 41515)

CSA C22.2 No. 55 (LR21642)

| Rated <br> voltage | D2F (general- <br> purpose) | D2F (low <br> operating <br> force) | D2F-01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | 3 A | 1 A | -- |
| 30 VDC | 2 A | 0.5 A | 0.1 A |

■ Contact Specifications

| Item |  | D2F models | D2F-01 models |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contact | Specification | Crossbar |  |
|  | Material | Silver alloy | Gold alloy |
|  | Gap (standard value) | 0.25 mm |  |

## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - D2F

## Contact Form (SPDT)



## Engineering Data

Mechanical Life Expectancy (D2F, D2F-01)


The values are for the pin plunger model.

Electrical Life Expectancy (D2F)


For details about the D2F-01, contact your OMRON sales representative.

## Dimensions

## - Terminals



## Self-clinching PCB Terminals

D2F-T


## Solder Terminals

D2F-D


## Right-angle PCB Terminals

D2F-A


## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - D2F

## Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.
3. The following illustrations and drawings are for D2F models with PCB terminals. Self-clinching, solder, and right-angle terminals are omitted from the following drawings. Refer to page 143 for these terminals. When ordering, replace $\square$ with the code for the terminal that you need.

Pin Plunger
D2F $\square$
D2F-01 $\square$
D2F-F $\square$
D2F-01F $\square$


Hinge Lever
D2F-L $\square$
D2F-01L $\square$
D2F-FL $\square$
D2F-01FL $\square$


Simulate Hinge Lever
D2F-L3 $\square$
D2F-01L3 $\square$
D2F-FL3 $\square$
D2F-01FL3 $\square$



Note: Stainless-steel lever


Hinge Roller Lever
D2F-L2 $\square$
D2F-01L2 $\square$
D2F-FL2 $\square$


| Model | D2F $\square$ <br> D2F-01 $\square$ | D2F-F $\square$ <br> D2F-01F $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| OF max. | $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.74 \mathrm{~N}\{75 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 0.5 mm |  |
| OT min. | 0.25 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.12 mm |  |
| OP | $5.5 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |


| Model | D2F-L $\square$ <br> D2F-01L $\square$ | D2F-FL $\square$ <br> D2F-01FL $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.78 \mathrm{~N}\{80 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.02 \mathrm{~N}\{2 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT min. | 0.55 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.5 mm |  |
| FP max. | 10 mm |  |
| OP | $6.8 \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |


| Model | D2F-L2 $\square$ <br> D2F-01L2 $\square$ | D2F-FL2 $\square$ <br> D2F-01FL2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.78 \mathrm{~N}\{80 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.39 \mathrm{~N}\{40 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.02 \mathrm{~N}\{2 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT min. | 0.55 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.5 mm |  |
| FP max. | 16.5 mm |  |
| OP | $13 \pm 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

Note: Stainless-steel lever

## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - D2F

## Precautions

## ■ Mounting Dimensions

Use M2 mounting screws with plain or spring washers to mount the Switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.08 to $0.1 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{0.8$ to $1 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$.


## - Terminal Connections

When soldering the lead wire to the terminal, first insert the lead wire conductor through the terminal and then apply solder. Use a soldering iron rated at 30 W maximum (temperature of soldering iron: $350^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max.) within 3 s .
If soldering is not carried out under the proper conditions there is a danger of over-heating and subsequent heat damage.
Applying a soldering iron for too long a time or using one that is rated at more than 30 W may degrade the Switch characteristics.
When soldering the PCB terminal to the PCB, the flux and solder liquid level should not exceed the PCB level.

## Handling

Mount the Switch on a smooth and flat surface. Mounting a Switch on an uneven surface may cause malfunction or break the housing.

Molded fittings are recommended for securing the Switch.

Mounting with Molded Pin


ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
To convert millimetres into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

## Ultra Subminiature Detection Switch with Slide Mechanism and

 Pushbutton Actuator■ Compact ( $8 \times 6 \times 4.2 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{WH}$ D) ), light weight (approximately 0.3 g ), and $3-\mathrm{mm}$ long stroke.
■ Built-in slide mechanism for selecting shorting or non-shorting timing of the switch.

- The switch's small size makes it ideal for
 household appliances, audio equipment, office equipment, communications equipment, etc.


## Ordering Information

Model Number Legend
D2A - $\square$

1. Switching Timing

1: Non-shorting
2. Shorting
2. Maximum Operating Force

1: $0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\}$
2: $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$

List of Models

| Actuator |  | OF $0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  | OF $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  | Non-shorting Model | Shorting Model | Non-shorting Model | Shorting Model |
| Pin plunger |  | D2A-1110 | D2A-2110 | D2A-1120 | D2A-2120 |

## Specifications

- Ratings

| Electrical ratings | 0.1 A at 30 VDC (resistive load) |
| :--- | :--- |

Note:The ratings values apply under the following test conditions:
Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 30 operations/min

## - Characteristics

| Operating speed | 1 to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 200 operations/min max. Electrical: 30 operations/min max. |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 250 VDC ) |
| Contact resistance (initial value) | $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. |
| Dielectric strength | 250 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of same polarity <br> 250 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground |
| Vibration resistance | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |
| Shock resistance | Destruction: $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} 2$ \{approx. 100G\} max. Malfunction: $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} 2$ \{approx. 30G\} max. |
| Durability (see note 2) | 50,000 operations min. (30 operations/min) |
| Degree of protection | IEC IP00 |
| Degree of protection against electric shock | Class III |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |
| Ambient operating temperature | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (at ambient humidity of $60 \%$ max.) (with no icing) |
| Ambient operating humidity | $85 \%$ max. (for $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Weight Approx. | 0.3 g |

Note: 1. The data given above are initial values.

> 2. For testing conditions, consult your OMRON sales representative.

## - Contact Specifications

| Contact specification | Slide |
| :--- | :--- |
| Contact material | Silver alloy |
| Minimum applicable load <br> (see note) | 1 mA at 5 VDC |

## Contact Form

SPDT


## Dimensions

## $\square$ Mounting Holes

Note: 1. All units are in millimetres unless otherwise indicated.
2. Use the following mounting dimensions when mounting the D2A with screws.

## Mounting Holes



PCB Mounting Dimensions (Reference)


## Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimetres unless otherwise indicated.
2. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.
3. The operating characteristics are for operation in the A direction ( $\downarrow$ ).

D2A-1110/-1120
D2A-2110/2120



| Model | Non-shorting Models |  | Shorting Models |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | D2A-1110 | D2A-1120 | D2A-2110 | D2A-2120 |
| OF max. | $0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.49 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.15 \mathrm{~N}\{15 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.15 \mathrm{~N}\{15 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| FP max. | 9.5 mm | 9.5 mm |  |  |
| OP1 | $8.1 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $8.0 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |
| OP2 | $7.4 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  | $7.5 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| TTP | $6.5 \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  | $6.5 \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

## Switching Timing

Non-shorting Model
(2) (NC) $\mathrm{FP} \quad \mathrm{OP} 1 \mathrm{OP} 2 \mathrm{TTP}$
(1)
(3) $(\mathrm{NO})$

Shorting Model

| (2) $(\mathrm{NC})$ |
| :--- |
| $\begin{array}{llll}\mathrm{FP} & \mathrm{OP} 1 & \mathrm{OP} 2 \\ \text { (1) } \\ \text { (3) }(\mathrm{NO})\end{array}$ |

## Precautions

## Cautions

## Terminal Connection

When soldering the lead wire to the terminal, first bind the lead wire to the terminal and then apply the $6(\mathrm{Sn}): 4(\mathrm{~Pb})$ solder to the terminal. Complete soldering within 5 s at a soldering iron temperature of $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Soldering at a temperature exceeding $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, soldering for more than 5 s , or repeated soldering will degrade the Switch characteristics.
When soldering the lead wire to the PCB terminal, pay careful attention so that the flux and solder liquid level does not exceed the PCB level.
It is also recommended that you apply flux guard to the mounting surface of the Switch.


## Correct Use

## Mounting

Turn OFF the power supply before mounting or removing the Switch, wiring, or performing maintenance or inspection. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or burning.
Use M1.6 mounting screws with plane washers or spring washers to securely mount the Switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 4.9 to $9.8 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~N}$ ? m \{0.5 to 1 kg ? cm\}.

Mount the Switch onto a flat surface. Mounting on an uneven surface may cause deformation of the Switch, resulting in faulty operation or breakage in the housing.

## Application of Operation Force to the Lever

Apply operation forces to the pushbutton in its operating direction.
Applying operating force to the pushbutton in any other directions will damage the Switch or cause malfunction.


## Mounting Plate

Use materials other than ABS or polycarbonate for the mounting plate. Since grease is used for the Switch, cracks may be caused if grease from the Switch comes in contact with such materials.

## Using Micro Loads

Using a model for ordinary loads to open or close the contact of a micro load circuit may result in faulty contact. Use models that operate in the following range. However, even when using micro load models within the operating range shown below, if inrush current occurs when the contact is opened or closed, it may increase contact wear and so decrease durability. Therefore, insert a contact protection circuit where necessary.
The minimum applicable load is the N -level reference value. This value indicates the malfunction reference level for the reliability level of $60 \%(\lambda 60)$. The equation, $\lambda 60=0.5 \times 10^{-6} /$ operations indicates that the estimated malfunction rate is less than $1 / 2,000,000$ operations with a reliability level of $60 \%$.


## Superminiaturised Basic Switch with Angle-terminal Models

- ROHS Compliant.

■ Miniature size ( $6.5 \times 8.2 \times 2.7 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) and weight as light as 0.3 g contribute to miniaturisation of devices.

- PCB mounting and angle terminals for side operation are available.


■ Excels in electric characteristics with the snap-action mechanism despite superminiaturised design.

- Gold-plated (Au-P) contacts for micro load switching available in addition to the standard silver-plated contacts (Ag-P)
- Ideal for applications where size and weight requirements are crucial, such as in electronic wristwatches and miniaturised optical and audio equipment.


## Ordering Information

## - Model Number Legend:



1. Ratings

1: $0.5 \mathrm{~A}, 30$ VDC: Silver-plated contact type, 0.05 A, 30 VDC: Gold-plated contact type
2. Actuator

None: Pin plunger
L: Leaf lever

## D2MQ-4L- $\frac{\square}{2}-\frac{1}{3}-\square$

1. Actuator

4L: Hinge leaf lever
2. Contact Material (Rating)

None: Silver-plated copper alloy (0.5 A, 30 VDC)
105: Gold-plated copper alloy (0.05 A, 30 VDC)
3. Terminal Direction

None: Straight
TL: Left
TR: Right
4. Contact Material

None: Silver-plated copper alloy
105: Gold-plated copper alloy
3. Operating Position

1: $\quad 7.1 \mathrm{~mm}$
4. Terminal Direction

None: Straight
L: Left angle
R: Right angle

## - List of Models

| Actuator | Terminal direction |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard model (Ag-plated) |  |  | Microvoltage/ Current load model (Au-plated) | Micro load model (Au-plated) |  |  |
|  | Straight | Left Angle | Right Angle | Straight | Straight | Left Angle | Right Angle |
| Pin plunger | D2MQ-1 | D2MQ-1-TL | D2MQ-1-TR | D2MQ-1-105 | --- | --- | --- |
| Leaf lever | D2MQ-1L | D2MQ-1L-TL | D2MQ-1L-TR | D2MQ-1L-105 | --- | -- | -- |
| Hinge leaf lever | D2MQ-4L-1 | D2MQ-4L-1-L | D2MQ-4L-1-R | --- | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { D2MQ-4L- } \\ \text { 105-1 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { D2MQ-4L- } \\ \text { 105-1-L } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { D2MQ-4L- } \\ & \text { 105-1-R } \end{aligned}$ |

Note: The terminal profiles shown above are ones viewed from the right side of the Switch.

## Specifications

## - Ratings

| Item | Standard model | Microvoltage/current load model |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Electrical ratings | 50 to 500 mA at $30 \mathrm{VDC}(\cos \phi=1)$ | 5 to 50 mA at 30 VDC $(\cos \phi=1)$ |

Note: The ratings values hold under the following test conditions:
Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 20 operations/min

## - Characteristics

| Operating speed | 0.1 mm to $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ (see note 1) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 60 operations/min <br> Electrical: 20 operations/min |
| Contact resistance | $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. (initial value) |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 250 VDC ) |
| Dielectric strength | $500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals at the same polarity <br> $500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground |
| Vibration resistance | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude (see note 2) |
| Shock resistance | Destruction: $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 100G\} max. <br> Malfunction: $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 30G \} max. |
| Life expectancy | Mechanical: 30,000 operations min. (at full OT value) <br> Electrical: 10,000 operations min. (at full OT value) |
| Degree of protection | IP00 |
| Degree of protection <br> against electric shock | Class I |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: $35 \%$ to $85 \%$ |
| Weight | Approx. 0.3 g |

Note: 1. The values are for the pin plunger model. (For different models, contact your OMRON representative.)
2. Malfunction: 1 ms max.

- Contact Specifications

Contact Form (SPDT)

| Item |  | Silver plating | Gold plating |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contact | Specification | Rivet |  |
|  | Material | Silver plating | Gold plating |
|  | Gap (standard <br> value) | 0.15 mm |  |
|  | NC | 0.5 A max. | 0.05 A max. |
|  | NO | 0.5 A max. | 0.05 A max. |



## Engineering Data



## Dimensions

## - Terminals

Straight Terminal


Left-angle Terminal


## ■ Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

2. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of 0.15 mm applies to all dimensions.
3. The following illustrations are for the straight terminal models. Those for the left-angle terminals and right-angle terminals are different from straight terminal models in terminal size only. Refer to Terminals on page 148 for these terminals.


Leaf Lever
D2MQ-1L (Straight Terminal)
D2MQ-1L-TL (Left Angle) D2MQ-1L-TR (Right Angle) D2MQ-1L-105 (Straight Terminal)


| OF max. | $0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.08 \mathrm{~N}\{8 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 2.4 mm |
| OT min. | 0.3 mm |
| MD max. | 0.7 mm |
| FP max. | 9.6 mm |
| OP | $6.7 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Hinge Leaf Lever
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { D2MQ-4L-1 } & \text { D2MQ-4L-105-1 } \\ \text { D2MQQ-4L-1-L } & \text { D2MQ-4L-105-1-L } \\ \text { D2MQ-4L-1-R } & \text { D2MQ-4L-105-1-R }\end{array}$


| OF max. | $0.39 \mathrm{~N}\{40 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.04 \mathrm{~N}\{4 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 2.1 mm |
| OT min. | 0.3 mm |
| MD max. | 0.7 mm |
| FP max. | 8.7 mm |
| OP | $7.1 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - D2MQ

## Precautions

## - Cautions

## Mounting Dimensions

Use M1.4 mounting screws with screws to mount the Switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of $0.1 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{1 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$.

## Mounting Holes



Mounting Dimensions


Note: Terminal gap: 1 pitch

## Terminal Connections

When soldering a lead wire to a terminal of the D2MQ, use a soldering iron with a maximum capacity of 15 W maximum (iron tip temperature: $250^{\circ}$ max.) with the actuator at the free position and do not take more than 3 s to solder the lead wire, otherwise the characteristics of the Switch may change.
Applying a soldering iron for too long a time or using one that is rated at more than 15 W may degrade the Switch characteristics.

## Operation

Do not apply a force more than two times the rated operating force to the actuator and leaf lever.
Make sure that the actuator is not hindered by any object from moving to or beyond the rated overtravel.
Do not change the operating position by modifying the actuator.
Do not use the Switch in an application where the operating speed is extremely slow or the actuator is set in the midpoint between the free position and operating position.
Install the pin plunger switch so that the operating force is applied in alignment with the stroke of the actuator.
Do not apply a shock to the actuator, otherwise, the Switch may be damaged.
Do not apply excessive force to the actuator of the Leaf Lever Switch in the operating, releasing, and horizontal directions.

## Separator

When mounting the Switch on a metallic surface, be sure to provide a Separator between the Switch and mounting plate.
The Separator must be made of hard material and must be processed as shown below.

## Dimensions of Separator



## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - D3C

## Low-cost Super Subminiature Basic

## Switch with a Long Stroke

- ROHS Compliant.

■ Compact ( $8 \times 6 \times 4.2$ (W x H x D) ), light (approximately 0.3 g ), and low-cost.
Built-in slide mechanism for selecting shorting or non-shorting timing of the switch.
$\square$ Available with a 3 mm long stroke.
■ Ideal for household appliances, sound equipment, office equipment, communications equipment, etc.


## Ordering Information

## ■ Model Number Legend:

D3C- $-\square=\frac{\square}{2} \square \mathbf{0}$

1. Switching Timing

1: Non-shorting
2: Shorting
2. Operating Force max.

1: $\quad 1.28 \mathrm{~N}\{130 \mathrm{gf}\}$
2: $\quad 0.39 \mathrm{~N}\{40 \mathrm{gf}\}$

## List of Models

| Actuator |  | OF $1.28 \mathrm{~N}\{130 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  | OF $0.39 \mathrm{~N}\{40 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Non-shorting Model | Shorting Model | Non-shorting Model | Shorting Model |  |
| Hinge lever | D3C-1210 | D3C-2210 | D3C-1220 | D3C-2220 |  |

## Specifications

## - Ratings

| Electrical ratings | 0.1 A at 30 VDC (resistive load) |
| :--- | :--- |

Note: The ratings values hold under the following test conditions: Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 30 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$

Use the Switch within the following operating range.


[^2]
## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - D3C

## - Characteristics

| Operating speed | 1 to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 200 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ <br> Electrical: $\quad 30$ operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ (at 250 VDC ) |
| Contact resistance | $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. (initial value) |
| Dielectric strength | $250 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of same polarity <br> $250 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground |
| Vibration resistance | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |
| Shock resistance | Malfunction: $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 30 G$\}$ max. |
| Life expectancy | 50,000 operations min. |
| Degree of protection | IP00 |
| Degree of protection against <br> electric shock | Class I |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: $65 \%$ max. (for $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Weight | Approx. 0.3 g |

- Contact Form (SPDT)

(3) (1) (2)


## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - D3C

## Dimensions

Note: 1 All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2 Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.

## - Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Hinge Lever
D3C-1210/-2210 D3C-1220/-2220



|  | Non-shorting Model |  | Shorting Model |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | D3C-1210 | D3C-1220 | D3C-2210 | D3C-2220 |
| OF max. | $1.28 \mathrm{~N}\{130 \mathrm{gf}\}(0.98 \mathrm{~N})$ | $0.39 \mathrm{~N}\{40 \mathrm{gf}\}(0.29 \mathrm{~N})$ | $1.28 \mathrm{~N}\{130 \mathrm{gf}\}(0.98 \mathrm{~N})$ | $0.39 \mathrm{~N}\{40 \mathrm{gf}\}(0.29 \mathrm{~N})$ |
| RF min. | $0.10 \mathrm{~N}\{10 \mathrm{gf}\}(0.15 \mathrm{~N})$ | $0.03 \mathrm{~N}\{3 \mathrm{gf}\}(0.05 \mathrm{~N})$ | $0.10 \mathrm{~N}\{10 \mathrm{gf}\}(0.15 \mathrm{~N})$ | $0.03 \mathrm{~N}\{3 \mathrm{gf}(0.05 \mathrm{~N})$ |
| TTP | $1.3 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $1.3 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |
| FP max. | 4.8 mm | 4.8 mm |  |  |
| OP1 | $3.5 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $3.4 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |
| OP2 | $2.5 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $2.6 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  |

Note: The values for operating characteristics apply for operation in direction (A) shown above. The values in parentheses indicate those for operation in direction (B).

## Switching Timing

Non-shorting Model


## Shorting Model



## Precautions

## - Mounting Dimensions

When mounting the D3C with screws, use M1.6 mounting screws with plain washers or spring washers. Tighten the screws to a torque of 4.9 to $9.8 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{0.5$ to $1 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$.

## Mounting Holes



## PCB Dimensions



## - Terminal Connections

When soldering the lead wire to the terminal, first bind the lead wire to the terminal and then apply the $6(\mathrm{Sn}): 4(\mathrm{~Pb})$ solder to the terminal. Complete soldering within five seconds at a soldering iron temperature of $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Soldering at a temperature exceeding $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, soldering for more than five seconds, or repeated soldering will degrade the Switch characteristics.
Control PCB soldering so that flux and solder liquid level does not exceed the PCB. It is recommended that flux guard be applied to the Switch mounting surface.


## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Non-Sealed) - D3C

## Mounting

Mount the Switch on a flat and even surface. Mounting on an uneven surface may cause the Switch to deform, resulting in malfunction or breakage in the housing.
When mounting on a PCB, the PCB must be prepared as shown previously. Provide a distance of 2.54 mm between terminals.

## Application of Operation Force to the Lever

Apply operation forces to the lever in its operating direction. Applying operating force to the lever in any other directions will damage the Switch or cause malfunction.


## Mounting Plate

Use materials other than ABS or polycarbonate for the mounting plate. Since grease is used for the Switch, cracks may be caused if grease from the Switch comes in contact with such materials.

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2VW

## High-quality, High-precision Miniature

## Switch Conforms to IP67 (Lead wire

## type only)

- ROHS Compliant.
- Monoblock construction made from single-liquid epoxy resin assures high sealing capability.
- V-model internal mechanism assures high operating-position accuracy and long life.
- A wide operating temperature range of $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is ideal for any operating environment.
- General-load (5A at 250VAC) models and
 Micro-load models are available.
- Conforms to EN61058-1.


## Ordering Information

## ■ Model Number Legend <br> D2VW- <br> 

1. Ratings

5: 5 A
01: 0.1 A
2. Actuator

None: Pin plunger
L1A: Short hinge lever
L1: Hinge lever
L1B: Long hinge lever
L3: Simulated hinge lever
L2A: Short hinge roller lever
L2: Hinge roller lever
3. Contact Form

1: SPDT
2: SPST-NC
3: SPST-NO
4. Terminal

None: Solder/Quick-connect terminals (\#187) Note: HS for UL and CSA approval.
M: Lead wire
Note: MS for UL and CSA approval.

■ List of Models

| Actuator |  |  | Model |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 0.1 A | 5 A |
| Pin plunger | $\square$ | Solder and quick-connect terminals (\#187) | D2VW-01-1 | D2VW-5-1 |
|  |  | Lead wire | D2VW-01-1M | D2VW-5-1M |
| Short hinge lever | $\pi$ | Solder and quick-connect terminals (\#187) | D2VW-01L1A-1 | D2VW-5L1A-1 |
|  |  | Lead wire | D2VW-01L1A-1M | D2VW-5L1A-1M |
| Hinge Lever | $r$ | Solder and quick-connect terminals (\#187) | D2VW-01L1-1 | D2VW-5L1-1 |
|  |  | Lead wire | D2VW-01L1-1M | D2VW-5L1-1M |
| Long hinge lever | $\bigcirc$ | Solder and quick-connect terminals (\#187) | D2VW-01L1B-1 | D2VW-5L1B-1 |
|  |  | Lead wire | D2VW-01L1B-1M | D2VW-5L1B-1M |
| Simulated hinge lever |  | Solder and quick-connect terminals (\#187) | D2VW-01L3-1 | D2VW-5L3-1 |
|  |  | Lead wire | D2VW-01L3-1M | D2VW-5L3-1M |
| Short hinge roller lever | Q | Solder and quick-connect terminals (\#187) | D2VW-01L2A-1 | D2VW-5L2A-1 |
|  |  | Lead wire | D2VW-01L2A-1M | D2VW-5L2A-1M |
| Hinge roller lever |  | Solder and quick-connect terminals (\#187) | D2VW-01L2-1 | D2VW-5L2-1 |
|  |  | Lead wire | D2VW-01L2-1M | D2VW-5L2-1M |

Note: The standard lengths of the lead wires (AV0.75f) of models incorporating them are 30 cm .

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2VW

## Specifications

- Ratings

| Model | Rated voltage | Non-inductive load |  |  |  | Inductive laod |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Resistive load |  | Lamp load |  | Inductive load |  |
|  |  | NC | NO | NC | NO | NC | NO |
| D2VW-5 | 125 VAC | 5 A |  | 0.5 A |  | 4 A |  |
|  | 250 VAC | 5 A |  | 0.5 A |  | 4 A |  |
|  | 30 VDC | 5 A |  | 3 A |  | 4 A |  |
|  | 125 VDC | 0.4 A |  | 0.1 A |  | 0.4 A |  |
| D2VW-01 | 125 VAC | 0.1 A |  | --- |  | --- |  |
|  | 30 VDC | 0.1 A |  | --- |  | --- |  |

Note: 1. The above current ratings are the values of the steady-state current.
2. Inductive load has a power factor of 0.7 min . AC ) and a time constant of 7 ms max. (DC).
3. Lamp load has an inrush current of 10 times the steady-state current.
4. The ratings values apply under the following test conditions:

Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 30 operations/min
Use the Switch in the following operating range.


| Model | D2VW-01 | D2VW-5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Minimum <br> applicable load | 1 mA at 5 VDC | 160 mA at 5 VDC |

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2VW

## ■ Characteristics

| Operating speed | 0.1 mm to $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ (at pin plunger models) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 300 operations/min <br> Electrical: 60 operations/min |
| Insulation resistance | 100 MS min. (at 500 VDC ) |
| Contact resistance (initial value) | $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. (100 $\mathrm{m} \Omega$ max. for lead wire model) |
| Dielectric strength | $1,000 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of same polarity <br> $1,500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground (see note 1) <br> $1,500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal parts |
| Vibration resistance (see note 2) | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5$-mm double amplitude |
| Shock resistance (see note 2) | Malfunction: $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 30G\} max. |
| Life expectancy (see note 3) | Mechanical: $10,000,000$ operations min. <br> Electrical: 100,000 operations min. (1,000,000 operations min. for D2VW-01 models) |
| Degree of protection | IP67 for lead wire model <br> IP50 for terminal model |
| Degree of protection against <br> electric shock | Class I |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) (see note 4) |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: $95 \%$ max. (for $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Weight | Approx. $7 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{(terminal} \mathrm{type} \mathrm{pin} \mathrm{plunger} \mathrm{models)}$ |

Note: 1. The dielectric strength shown in the table indicates the value for models with a Separator.
2. For the pin plunger models, the above values apply for use at both the free position and total travel position. For the lever models, they apply at the total travel position.
3. For testing conditions, consult your OMRON sales representative.
4. The operating temperature of the lead wire (AV0.75f) for the lead wire model is between $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## - Approved Standards

UL1054 (File No. E41515)
CSA C22.2 No. 55 (File No. LR21642)

| Rated voltage | D2VW-5 Models | D2VW-01 Models |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 2 5}$ VAC | 3 A | 0.1 A |
| 250 VAC | 3 A | -- |
| 30 VDC | -- | 0.1 A |

VDE/EN61058-1 (IEC61058-1) (File No. 104068)

Contact Specifications

| Item |  | D2VW-5 | D2VW-01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contact | Specification | Rivet | Crossbar |
|  | Material | Silver alloy | Gold alloy |
|  | Gap <br> (standard value) | 0.5 mm |  |
|  | NC | 15 A max. | --- |
|  | NO | 15 A max. | --- |


| Rated voltage | D2VW-5 Models | D2VW-01 Models |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | -- | 0.1 A |
| 250 VAC | 3 A | --l |

## - Contact Form



SPST-NO


Note: Colors in parentheses indicate lead wire colors.

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2VW

## Dimensions

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.

## Terminal Models

The pin plunger model is shown here as a typical example. Operating characteristics and dimensions of the actuator section are the same as for the lead wire models.

## ■ Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

## Pin Plunger

D2VW-01-1
D2VW-5-1


| OF max. | $1.96 \mathrm{~N}\{200 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.2 mm |
| OT min. | 1.0 mm |
| MD max. | 0.4 mm |
| OP | $14.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |


| OF max. | $1.96 \mathrm{~N}\{200 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.2 mm |
| OT min. | 1.0 mm |
| MD max. | 0.4 mm |
| OP | $14.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Short Hinge Lever
D2VW-01L1A-1M


| OF max. | $1.96 \mathrm{~N}\{200 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.6 mm |
| OT min. | 0.8 mm |
| MD max. | 0.5 mm |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |


| OF max. | $1.18 \mathrm{~N}\{120 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.15 \mathrm{~N}\{15 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Hinge Lever
D2VW-01L1-1M


## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2VW

## Long Hinge Lever

D2VW-01L1B-1M
D2VW-5L1B-1M


| OF max. | $0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 9.0 mm |
| OT min. | 3.2 mm |
| MD max. | 2.0 mm |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 2.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## Simulated Hinge Lever

D2VW-01L3-1M
D2VW-5L3-1M


| OF max. | $1.18 \mathrm{~N}\{120 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.15 \mathrm{~N}\{15 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |
| OP | $18.7 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Short Hinge Roller Lever

*Stainless-steel lever
**Oil-less polyacetar resin roller
Hinge Roller Lever


| OF max. | $1.18 \mathrm{~N}\{120 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.15 \mathrm{~N}\{15 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 4.0 mm |
| OT min. | 1.6 mm |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |
| OP | $20.7 \pm 1.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2VW

## Precautions

## - Mounting Dimensions

Use two M3 mounting screws with spring washers to mount the switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.39 to $0.59 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{4$ to $6 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$.


## Degree of Protection

The D2VW was tested under water and passed the following watertightness tests, which however, does not mean that the D2VW can be used in the water.
IEC Publication 529, class IP67. Refer to the following illustration for the test method at OMRON.


## Protection Against Chemicals

Prevent the Switch from coming into contact with oil and chemicals. Otherwise, damage to or deterioration of Switch materials may result.

## Operation

With the pin plunger models, set the Switch so that the plunger can be pushed in from directly above. Since the plunger is covered with a rubber cap, applying a force from lateral directions may cause damage to the plunger or reduction in the sealing capability.


## Handling

Handle the Switch carefully so as not to break the sealing rubber of the plunger.

## Achieving strong watertightness by sealing the internal switch and its conductor block

- The internal reed switch circuit block is separated from the mechanical actuator block, enabling the circuit block to be entirely sealed.
■ Use of a reed switch maintains high contact reliability with micro load range.
■ Compatible mounting dimension as miniature
 basic switch models V and D2VW.


## Ordering Information

Model Number Legend
D2RW- $\frac{01}{1} \frac{\square}{2}$

1. Ratings

01: 0.25 A at 100 VDC

## 2. Actuactor

None: Pin plunger
L1: Hinge lever
L2: Hinge roller lever
L3: Simulated roller lever

## - List of Models

| Actuator |  | Model |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pin plunger | D2RW-01 |  |
| Hinge lever | D2RW-01L1 |  |
| Hinge roller <br> lever | D2RW-01L2 |  |
| Simulated roller <br> lever |  |  |

## Specifications

## - Ratings

| Switching voltage | 100 VDC max. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Switching current | 0.25 A max. |
| Contact capacity | 10 W max. |

Note: The values apply under the following test conditions:
Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 30 operations/min

## Characteristics

| Operating speed | 0.1 mm to $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ (pin plunger models) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 150 operations/min max. Electrical: 30 operations/min max. |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 100 VDC ) between terminals of same polarity $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 VDC) between current-carrying metal parts and ground |
| Contact resistance (initial value) | $300 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. |
| Dielectric strength (see note 2) | 200 VDC for 1 min between terminals of same polarity 500 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground |
| Vibration resistance (see note 3) | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |
| Shock resistance (see note 3) | Destruction: $500 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 50G\} max. Malfunction: $200 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 20G\} max. |
| Durability (see note 4) | Mechanical: 1,000,000 operations min. ( 30 operations/min) <br> Electrical: 1,000,000 operations min.( 15 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ ) ( 100 mA at 24 VDC) |
| Degree of protection | IEC IP67 (circuit block only) |
| Degree of protection against electric shock | Class 1 |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |
| Ambient operating temperature | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (at ambient humidity of $60 \%$ max.) (with no icing) |
| Ambient operating humidity | $95 \%$ max. (for $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Weight | Approx. 20 g (pin plunger models) |

Note: 1. The data given above are initial values.
2. The dielectric strength values shown in the table are for models with a separator.
3. For the pin plunger models, the above values apply for use at both the free position and total travel position. For the lever models, they apply at the total travel position. Contact opening or closing time is within 1 ms .
4. For testing conditions, contact your OMRON sales representative.

## - Contact Specifications

| Maximum Applicable Load | $100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ at 5 VDC |
| :--- | :--- |

## Contact Form

## SPST-NO



## Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimetres unless otherwise indicated.

## Terminals

## Moulded Lead Wires



## ■ Mounting Holes

Two, 3.1-dia. mounting


## Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimetres unless otherwise indicated.
2. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.
3. The operating characteristics are for operation in the A direction ( $\downarrow$ ).

## Pin Plunger Models

## D2RW-01



| OF max. | $1.5 \mathrm{~N}\{153 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.1 \mathrm{~N}\{10 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 1.6 mm |
| OT min. | 0.6 mm |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |
| OP | $14.7 \pm 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## Hinge Lever Models



## Hinge Roller Lever Models

D2RW-01L2


## Precautions

## - Cautions

## Degree of Protection

Do not use this product in water. Although this model satisfies the test conditions for the standard given below, this test is to check the ingress of water into the switch enclosure after submerging the Switch in water for a given time. Satisfying this test condition does not mean that the Switch can be used in water.
IEC 60529: 2001 Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)
Code: IP67 (The test to meet the standard checks for water intrusion after immersion for 30 minutes.)
Prevent the Switch to be exposed to water spray or to have water adhere to the Switch surface during sudden temperature changes, otherwise water may intrude into the interior of the Switch due to a suction effect.
Prevent the Switch from coming into contact with oil and chemicals. Otherwise, damage to or deterioration of Switch materials may result.
The environment-resistant performance of the switch differs depending on operating loads, ambient atmospheres, and installation conditions, etc. Please perform an operating test of the switch in advance under actual usage conditions.

## Handling

Do not drop the Switch, as the internal mechanism of the Switch may be damaged and, as a result, the characteristics of the Switch may be degraded.

## Effect of External vibrations

Note that the application of 1 kHz or higher vibration to the Switch may cause switching failure due to resonance frequencies, even though the acceleration may be small.

## Correct Use

## Mounting

Use M3 mounting screws with plane washers or spring washers to securely mount the Switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.39 to 0.59 N ?m $\{4$ to $6 \mathrm{kgf} ? \mathrm{~cm}\}$.

Mount the Switch onto a flat surface. Mounting on an uneven surface may cause deformation of the Switch, resulting in faulty operation or damage.

## Handling

When handling the Switch, ensure that uneven pressure or, as shown in the following diagram, pressure in a direction other than the operating direction is not applied to the Actuator, otherwise the Actuator or Switch may be damaged, or durabillty may be decreased.


## Operating Stroke Setting

Install the Switch so that the operating body matches the movement direction of the actuator.
Set the operating stroke so that the actuator is completely disengaged when the switch is in the free position (FP), and is pushed to a point between $60 \%$ and $90 \%$ of the OT distance after the switch is operated.
Avoid shock operation to the Switch, as this may result in a degradation in the durability of the switch.

## Effect of External Magnetic Field

Do not install two or more Switches in close proximity. Doing so may result in failure due to interference by leaked magnetic fields. When installing several switches, maintain a distance of at least 8 mm between units.
When mounting on a steel plate, maintain a distance of at least 2 mm between Switches as failure to do so may lead to changes in operating characteristics.
Avoid installing the Switch where there are strong magnetic forces, as these may cause failures in operation.
Screws used to mount the Switch should be made of brass or stainless steel (SUS304). Avoid using steel screws.

## Storage Environment

Make sure that the location is free of corrosive gas, dust with no high temperature or humidity, or rapid temperature change. It is recommended that a switch be inspected before use if it is stored for three months or more after the production, depending on the location.

## Effect of Contained Material

The Switch uses a corrosion inhibitor inside the unit. Before using, check the effect of outgassing.

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW

## High-quality Sealed Miniature Basic

 Switch Conforming to IP67 (Lead wire type only)■ ROHS Compliant.

- Monoblock construction assures high sealing capability and is ideal for dusty places or where water is sprayed.
- A wide operating temperature range of $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is ideal for any operating environment.
- Ideal for the automobile, agricultural machinery, automatic vending machine, refrigerator, ice-manufacturing, bath equipment, hot-water supply, air conditioner, and factory machine industries, which require highly environmentresistive capabilities.


## Ordering Information

## ■ Model Number Legend

## D2SW-

## $\frac{\square \square}{1}-\frac{\square}{3}-\frac{\square}{4}$

1. Ratings

01: 0.1 A
3. 3 A
2. Actuator

None: Pin plunger
L1: Hinge lever
L2: Hinge roller lever
L3: Simulated hinge lever
3. Contact Form

None: SPDT
-2: $\quad$ SPST-NC (Lead wire model only)
-3: $\quad$ SPST-NO (Lead wire model only)
4. Terminals

H: Solder terminal (HS for UL and CSA approval)
D: PCB terminal (DS for UL and CSA approval)
T: Quick-connect terminal (\#110) (TS for UL and CSA approval)
M: With lead wire (MS for UL and CSA approval)

- List of Models

| Actuator |  | Model |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 3 A | 0.1A |
| Pin plunger | Solder terminals | D2SW-3H | D2SW-01H |
|  | Quick-connect terminals (\#110) | D2SW-3T | D2SW-01T |
|  | PCB terminals | D2SW-3D | D2SW-01D |
|  | With lead wires | D2SW-3M | D2SW-01M |
| Hinge lever | Solder terminals | D2SW-3L1H | D2SW-01L1H |
|  | Quick-connect terminals (\#110) | D2SW-3L1T | D2SW-01L1T |
|  | PCB terminals | D2SW-3L1D | D2SW-01L1D |
|  | With lead wires | D2SW-3L1M | D2SW-01L1M |
| Simulated hinge lever | Solder terminals | D2SW-3L3H | D2SW-01L3H |
|  | Quick-connect terminals (\#110) | D2SW-3L3T | D2SW-01L3T |
|  | PCB terminals | D2SW-3L3D | D2SW-01L3D |
|  | With lead wires | D2SW-3L3M | D2SW-01L3M |
| Hinge roller lever | Solder terminals | D2SW-3L2H | D2SW-01L2H |
|  | Quick-connect terminals (\#110) | D2SW-3L2T | D2SW-01L2T |
|  | PCB terminals | D2SW-3L2D | D2SW-01L2D |
|  | With lead wires | D2SW-3L2M | D2SW-01L2M |

Note: The standard lengths of the lead wires (AV0.5f) of models incorporating them are 30 cm .

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW

## Specifications

## ■ Ratings

| Model | Rated voltage | Non-inductive load |  |  |  | Inductive load |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Resistive load |  | Lamp load |  | Inductive load |  | Motor load |  |
|  |  | NC | NO | NC | NO | NC | NO | NC | NO |
| D2SW-3 | 125 VAC | 3 A |  | 1 A | 0.5 A | 1 A | 0.5 A | 1 A | 0.5 A |
|  | 250 VAC | 2 A |  | 0.5 A | 0.3 A | 0.5 A | 0.3 A | 0.5 A | 0.3 A |
|  | 30 VDC | 3 A |  | 1 A |  | 1 A |  | 1 A |  |
| D2SW-01 | 125 VAC | 0.1 A |  | --- |  | --- |  | --- |  |
|  | 30 VDC | 0.1 A |  | --- |  | --- |  | --- |  |

Note: 1. The above current ratings are the values of the steadystate current.
2. Inductive load has a power factor of 0.7 min . AC ) and a time constant of 7 ms max. (DC).
3. Lamp load has an inrush current of 10 times the steadystate current.
4. Motor load has an inrush current of 6 times the steadystate current.
5. The ratings values apply under the following test conditions:
Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 30 operations/min

| Model | D2SW-01 | D2SW-3 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Minimum <br> applicable load | 1 mA at 5 VDC | 160 mA at 5 VDC |

Use the Switch in the following operation range.


Characteristics

| Item | D2SW-3 | D2SW-01 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating speed | 0.1 mm to $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ (at pin plunger models) |  |
| Operating frequency | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Mechanical: } & 300 \text { operations } / \mathrm{min} \\ \text { Electrical: } & 60 \text { operations } / \mathrm{min}\end{array}$ |  |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 VDC ) |  |
| Contact resistance | 30 mQ max. (initial value) for terminal models | $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. (initial value) for terminal models |
|  | $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. (initial value) for lead wire models | $70 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. (initial value) for lead wire models |
| Dielectric strength | $1,000 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of the same polarity <br> 1,500 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground, and between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal parts (see note 1) | $600 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of the same polarity <br> 1,500 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground, and between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal parts (see note 1) |
| Vibration resistance (see note 2) | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |  |
| Shock resistance (see note 2) | Malfunction: $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 30G\} max. |  |
| Life expectancy (see note 3) | Mechanical: $5,000,000$ operations min. (OT value) |  |
|  | Electrical: 200,000 operations min. (3 A at 125 VAC), 100,000 operations min . ( 2 A at 250 VAC ) | Electrical: 200,000 operations min. |
| Degree of protection | IP67 for lead wire models IP50 for terminal models |  |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |  |
| Switch category (IEC335-1) | A (IEC335) |  |
| Degree of protection against electric shock | Class 1 |  |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |  |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: $95 \%$ max. (for $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |
| Weight | Approx. 2 g (for a pin plunger model with terminal) |  |

Note: 1. The dielectric strength shown is for models with a Separator.
2. For the pin plunger models, the above values apply for use at the free position, operating position, and total travel position. For the lever models, they apply at the total travel position.
3. For testing conditions, contact your OMRON sales representative.

- Approved Standards

UL1054 (File No. E41515)
CSA C22.2 No. 55 (File No. LR21642)

| Rated voltage | D2SW-3 $\square$ | D2SW-01 $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | 3 A | 0.1 A |
| 250 VAC | 2 A | -- |
| 30 VDC | 3 A | 0.1 A |

VDE/EN61058-1 (IEC601058-1) (File No. 85002)

| Rated voltage | D2SW-01 $\square \mathbf{H}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | 0.1 A |

Testing conditions: 5 E 4 ( 50,000 operations), $\mathrm{T} 85\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

- Contact Specifications

| Item |  | D2SW-3 | D2SW-01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contact | Specification | Rivet | Crossbar |
|  | Material | Silver | Gold alloy |
|  | Gap <br> (standard <br> value) | 0.5 mm | 0.5 mm |
|  | NC | 20 A max. | 1 A max. |
|  | NO | 10 A max. | 1 A max. |

- Separators (Insulation Sheet)

| Applicable <br> switch | Thickness (mm) | Model |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| SS, D2S, D2SW | 0.18 | Separator for SS0.18 |
|  | 0.4 | Separator for SS0.4 |

Contact Form
SPDT

*Indicates the color of the lead wire.
SPST-NC


SPST-NO


## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW

## Dimensions

## - Terminals

Solder Terminals (H)


Quick-connect Terminals (\#110) (T)
PCB Terminals (D)




## - Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. The following illustrations and dimensions are for models with soldered terminals. Refer to Terminals for models with quick-connect and PCB terminals (\#110).
3. The dimensions not described are the same as those of models with pin plungers.
4. Unless otherwise specified, tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.
5. The $\square$ in the model number is for a terminal code such as $H, T, D$, or $M$.

## Terminal Models

## Pin Plunger

D2SW-3 $\square$
D2SW-01 $\square$


Hinge Lever
D2SW-3L1 $\square$
D2SW-01L1 $\square$


Simulated Hinge Lever
D2SW-3L3 $\square$
D2SW-01L3 $\square$




| OF | $1.77 \mathrm{~N}\{180 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 0.6 mm |
| OT min. | 0.5 mm |
| MD max. | 0.1 mm |
| OP | $8.4 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |


| OF | $0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT min. | 1.0 mm |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |
| FP max. | 15.5 mm |
| OP | $10.7 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW

Hinge Roller Lever

D2SW-3L2 $\square$
D2SW-01L2



| OF | $0.59 \mathrm{~N}\{60 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.06 \mathrm{~N}\{6 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT min. | 1.0 mm |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |
| FP max. | 19.3 mm |
| OP | $14.5 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Lead Wire Model

## Pin Plunger

D2SW-3M D2SW-01M


| OF max. | $1.77 \mathrm{~N}\{180 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.29 \mathrm{~N}\{30 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 0.6 mm |
| OT min. | 0.5 mm |
| MD max. | 0.1 mm |
| OP | $8.4 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW

## Precautions

## - Cautions

## Mounting Dimensions

Use two M3 mounting screws with spring washers to mount the Switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.23 to $0.26 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{2.3$ to $2.7 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$.


## Degree of Protection

The D2SW was tested underwater and passed the following watertightness tests, which however, does not mean that the D2SW can be used in the water.
IEC Publication 529, degree of protection IP67. Refer to the following illustration for the test method.


## Protection Against Chemicals

Prevent the Switch from coming into contact with oil and chemicals. Otherwise, damage to or deterioration of Switch materials may result.

## Operation

With the pin plunger models, set the Switch so that the plunger can be pushed in from directly above. Since the plunger is covered with a rubber cap, applying a force from lateral directions may cause damage to the plunger or reduction in the sealing capability.


## Handling

Handle the Switch carefully so as not to break the sealing rubber of the plunger.

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW-P

## Sealed Basic Switch with Simplified Construction, Mounting Compatible with SS and D2SW Series

- Sealing by using rubber packing means the switch can be used in dust-proof or in temporary water-proof environments (IEC IP67).
- Switch rating of 2A at 250 VAC possible with a single-leaf movable spring. Models for micro loads are also available.
■ Solder, quick-connect terminals (\#110), PCB terminals and molded lead wires are available.
 Even-pitched PCB terminals are also standardized.


## Ordering Information

Model Number Legend

## D2SW-P $\square \underset{1}{\square} \square \underset{3}{\square} \square$

1. Ratings

2: 2 A at 250 VAC
01: $\quad 0.1$ A at 30 VAC
2. Actuator

None: Pin plunger
L1: Hinge lever
L2: Hinge roller lever
L3: Simulated roller lever
3. Contact Form

None: SPDT
-2: $\quad$ SPST-NC (Molded lead wire models only)
-3 : SPST-NO (Molded lead wire models only)
4. Terminals

None: Solder terminals
T: Quick-connect terminals (\#110)
D: PCB terminals (Uneven pitch)
B: PCB terminals (Even pitch)
M: Molded lead wires

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW-P

## - List of Models

| Rating | Actuator | Terminal | Solder terminals | Quick-connect terminals (\#110) | PCB terminals |  | Molded lead wires |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Uneven pitch | Even pitch |  |
| 2A | Pin plunger |  | D2SW-P2H | D2SW-P2T | D2SW-P2D | P2SW-P2B | D2SW-P2M |
|  | Hinge lever |  | D2SW-P2L1H | D2SW-P2L1T | D2SW-P2L1D | D2SW-P2L1B | D2SW-P2L1M |
|  | Hinge roller lever | $\Omega$ | D2SW-P2L2H | D2SW-P2L2T | D2SW-P2L2D | D2SW-P2L2B | D2SW-P2L2M |
|  | Simulated roller lever |  | D2SW-P2L3H | D2SW-P2L3T | D2SW-P2L3D | D2SW-P2L3B | D2SW-P2L3M |
| 0.1A | Pin plunger |  | D2SW-P01H | D2SW-P01T | D2SW-P01D | D2SW-P01B | D2SW-P01M |
|  | Hinge lever |  | D2SW-P01L1H | D2SW-P01L1T | D2SW-P01L1D | D2SW-P01L1B | D2SW-P01L1M |
|  | Hinge roller lever |  | D2SW-P01L2H | D2SW-P01L2T | D2SW-P01L2D | D2SW-P01L2B | D2SW-P01L2M |
|  | Simulated roller lever |  | D2SW-P01L3H | D2SW-P01L3T | D2SW-P01L3D | D2SW-P01L3B | D2SW-P01L3M |

Note: Consult your OMRON sales representative for details on SPST-NO and SPST-NC models.
Specifications

Note: The ratings values apply under the following test conditions.
Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 20 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW-P

## Characteristics

| Item | Model | D2SW-P2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Operating speed | 0.1 mm to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ (pin plunger models) |  |
| Operating frequency | Machanical: 120 operations/min max. <br> Electrical: 20 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ max. |  |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. (at 500 VDC ) |  |

Note: 1. The data given above are initial values.
2. The dielectric strength shown in the table indicates a value for models with a Separator.
3. For the pin plunger models, the above values apply for both the free position and total travel position. For the lever models, the values apply at the total travel position. Contact opening or closing time is within 1 ms .
4. Consult your OMRON sales representative for testing conditions.
5. The test to meet standards checks for water intrusion after immersion for 30 minutes. The test does not check for switching operation underwater. Refer to 'Degree of Protection' of 'Instructions for Correct Use'.

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW-P

## ■ Approved Standards

Consult your OMRON sales representative for specific models with standard approval.

## UL1054 (File No. E41515)

/CSA C22.2 No. 55 (UL approval)

| Model | Rated voltage | Resistive load |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | - | 0.1 A |
| 250 VAC | 2 A | - |
| 30 VDC | 2 A | 0.1 A |

- Approved Standards

| Item | Model | D2SW-P2 | D2SW-P01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contact | Specification | Rivet | Crossbar |
|  | Material | Silver alloy | Gold alloy |
|  | Gap <br> (Standard value) | 0.5 mm |  |
|  | 160 mA at <br> 5 VDC | 1 mA at 5 VDC |  |

■ Contact Form SPDT


## SPST-NC

(Molded lead wire models only)

## SPST-NO

(Molded lead wire models only)


Note: Lead wire colors are indicated in parentheses.

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW-P

## Dimensions

## - Terminals

Note: 1. All units are in millimetres unless otherwise indicated.
2.Terminal plate thickness is 0.5 mm for all models.

## Solder Terminals



PCB Terminals (Uneven pitch)


PCB Mounting Dimensions (Reference)


Moulded Lead wires


Quick-connect Terminals (\#110)


PCB Terminals (Even pitch)


PCB Mounting Dimensions (Reference)


## Mounting Holes



## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW-P

## Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimetres unless otherwise indicated.
2. The $\square$ in the model number is for the contact form code or the terminal code.
3. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.
4. The operating characteristics are for operation in the A direction ( $\boldsymbol{\downarrow}$ )

Pin Plunger Models
D2SW-P2 $\square \square$ D2SW-P01


Hinge Lever Models D2SW-P2L1 $\square$ D2SW-P01L1


| Item | D2SW-P2 $\square \square$ | D2SW-P01 $\square \square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $1.8 \mathrm{~N}\{183 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| RF $\min$. | $0.2 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| PT max. | 0.6 mm |  |
| OT min. | 0.4 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.15 mm |  |
| OP | $8.4 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW-P

Hinge Roller Lever Models D2SW-P2L2 $\square$ D2SW-P01L2


Simulated Roller Lever Models D2SW-P2L3 $\qquad$ D2SW-P01L3


| Item | D2SW-P2L3 $\square \square$ | D2SW-P01L3 $\square \square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.6 \mathrm{~N}\{61 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| RF min. | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| OT min. | 0.8 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |  |
| FP max. | 15.5 mm |  |
| OP | $10.7 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |



| Item | D2SW-P2L1 $\square \square$ | D2SW-P01L1 $\square \square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.6 \mathrm{~N}\{61 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| RF min. | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| OT min. | 0.8 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |  |
| FP max. | 19.3 mm |  |
| OP | $14.5 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW-P

## Precautions

## - Cautions

## DEGREE OF PROTECTION

Do not use this product in water. Although this models satisfy the test conditions for the standard given below, this test is to check the ingress of water into the switch enclosure after submerging the Switch in water for a given time. Satisfying this test condition does not mean that the Switch can be used in water.
IEC 60529: 2001 Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)
Code: IP67 (The test to meet the standard checks for water intrusion after immersion for 30 minutes.)
Do not operate the Switch when it is exposed to water spray, or when water drops adhere to the Switch surface, or during sudden temperature changes, otherwise water may intrude into the interior of the Switch due to a suction effect.
Prevent the Switch from coming into contact with oil and chemicals. Otherwise, damage to or deterioration of Switch materials may result.
Do not use the Switch in areas where it is exposed to silicon adhesives, oil, or grease, otherwise faulty contact may result due to the generation of silicon oxide.
The environment-resistant performance of the switch differs depending on operating loads, ambient atmospheres, and installation conditions, etc. Please perform an operating test of the switch in advance under actual usage conditions.

## CONNECTING TO TERMINALS

## Connecting to Solder Terminals

When soldering the lead wire to the terminal, first insert the lead wire conductor through the terminal hole and the conduct soldering.

Make sure that the temperature at the tip of the soldering iron is 350 to $400^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Do not take more than 3 seconds to solder the switch terminal, and do not impose external force on the terminal for 1 min after soldering. Improper soldering involving an excessively high temperature or excessive soldering time may deteriorate the characteristics of the Switch.

## Connecting to Quick-connect Terminals

Wire the quick-connect terminals (\#110) with receptacles. Insert the terminals straight into the receptacles. Do not impose excessive force on the terminal in the horizontal direction, otherwise the terminal may be deformed or the housing may be damaged.

## Connecting to PCB Terminal Boards

When using automatic soldering baths, we recommend soldering at $260 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ within 5 seconds. Make sure that the liquid surface of the solder does not flow over the edge of the board.
When soldering by hand, as a guideline, solder with a soldering iron with a tip temperature of 350 to $400^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ within 3 seconds, and do not apply any external force for at least 1 minutes after soldering. When applying solder, keep the solder away from the case of the Switch and do not allow solder or flux to enter the case.

## SIDE-ACTUATED (CAM/DOG) OPERATION

When using a cam or dog to operate the Switch, factors such as the operating speed, operating frequency, push-button indentation, and material and shape of the cam or dog will affect the durability of the Switch. Confirm performance specifications under actual operation conditions before using the Switch in applications.

## Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2SW-P

## - Correct Use

## MOUNTING

Turn OFF the power supply before mounting or removing the Switch, wiring, or performing maintenance or inspection. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or burning.
Use M2.3 mounting screws with plane washers or spring washers to securely mount the Switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.23 to $0.26 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{2.3$ to $2.7 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$. Exceeding the specified torgue may result in deterioration of the sealing or damage.
Mount the Switch onto a flat surface. Mounting on an uneven surface may cause deformation of the Switch, resulting in faulty operation or damage.

## OPERATING BODY

Use an operating body with low frictional resistance and of a shape that will not interfere with the sealing rubber, otherwise the plunger may be damaged or the sealing may deteriorate.
With the pin plunger models, set the Switch so that the plunger can be pushed in from directly above. Since the plunger is covered with a rubber cap, applying a force from lateral directions may cause damage to the plunger or reduction in the sealing capability.


## HANDLING

Do not handle the Switch in a way that may cause damage to the sealing rubber.
When handling the Switch, ensure that uneven pressure or, as shown in the following diagram, pressure in a direction other than the operating direction is not applied to the Actuator, otherwise the Actuator or Switch may be damaged, or durability may be decreased.


## WIRING MOLDED LEAD WIRE MODELS

When wiring molded lead wire models, ensure that there is no weight on the wire or that there are no sharp bends near the parts where the wire is drawn out. Otherwise, damage to the Switch or deterioration in the sealing may result.

## OPERATING STROKE SETTING

Set the operating stroke so that the actuator is completely disengaged when the switch is in the free position (FP), and is pushed to a point between $60 \%$ and $90 \%$ of the OT distance after the switch is operated.
Insufficient or excessive pushing of the actuator may result in decreased switch durability or damage to the switch.

## USING MICRO LOADS

Using a model for ordinary loads to open or close the contact of a micro load circuit may result in a faulty contact. Use models that operate in the following range. However, even when using micro load models within the operating range shown below, if inrush current occurs when the contact is opened or closed, it may increase contact wear and so decrease durability. Therefore, insert a contact protection circuit where necessary. The minimum applicable load is the N -level reference value. This value indicates the malfunction reference level for the reliability level of $60 \%$ (I60). The equation, $\lambda 60=0.5 \times 10 \%$ operations indicates that the estimated malfunction rate is less than $1 / 2,000,000$ operations with a reliability level of $60 \%$.


[^3]
## Smallest sealed snap-action switch

 in the industry with a very long stroke for reliable ON/OFF action- ROHS Compliant.
- The case dimensions are 78\% of conventional models, contributing to down-sizing of mechanical modules.
■ Extra-long stroke even without levers, (OT: 1.4mm)



## Ordering Information

## - Model Number Legend:

D2HW- $-\frac{1}{1} \frac{\square}{2} \frac{\square}{3} \frac{\square}{4} \frac{-}{5}$

1. Mounting Structure

A: Without posts (base-mounting)
BR: Posts on right
BL: Posts on left
C: M3-screw mounting
2. Ratings

2: 1 mA at 5 VDC to 2 A at 12 VDC
3. Actuator

0 : Pin plunger
Hinge lever
Long hinge lever
3: Simulated roller hinge lever
4: Hinge roller lever
6: Leaf lever
7: Simulated roller leaf lever
8: Long leaf lever
4. Contacts

1: SPDT
2: SPST-NC (Molded lead wire models only.)
3: SPST-NO (Molded lead wire models only.)
5. Terminals

D: Straight PCB terminals
DR: Right-angled PCB terminals
DL: Left-angled PCB terminals
H: Solder terminals
M: Molded lead wires downwards
MR: Molded lead wires on right-side
ML: Molded lead wires on left-side
Note Add " S " to the end of the model number for the UL/CSAapproved version.

## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2HW

## - List of Models

## PCB-mounted Models

| Actuator | Terminals |  | Contact form | Model |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | With posts on right | With posts on left | Without posts |
| Pin plunger | For PCB | Straight |  | SPDT | --- | --- | D2HW-A201D |
|  |  | Angled |  | D2HW-BR201DR | D2HW-BL201DL | --- |
| Hinge lever R |  | Straight |  | -- | --- | D2HW-A211D |
|  |  | Angled |  | D2HW-BR211DR | D2HW-BL211DL | --- |
| Long hinge lever |  | Straight |  | -- | -- | D2HW-A221D |
|  |  | Angled |  | D2HW-BR221DR | D2HW-BL221DL | --- |
| Simulated roller hinge lever |  | Straight |  | -- | --- | D2HW-A231D |
|  |  | Angled |  | D2HW-BR231DR | D2HW-BL231DL | -- |

Note Add " $S$ " to the end of the model number for the UL/CSA-approved version. Consult your OMRON representative for details.

## Models with Solder Terminals or Molded Lead Wires

| Actuator | Terminals |  | Contact form | Model |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | With posts on right | With posts on left | M3-screw mounting |
| Pin plunger | Solder |  |  | SPDT | D2HW-BR201H | D2HW-BL201H | D2HW-C201H |
|  | Molded lead wires | Downwards | SPDT | D2HW-BR201M | D2HW-BL201M | D2HW-C201M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR202M | D2HW-BL202M | D2HW-C202M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR203M | D2HW-BL203M | D2HW-C203M |
|  |  | Right-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR202MR | D2HW-BL202MR | D2HW-C202MR |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR203MR | D2HW-BL203MR | D2HW-C203MR |
|  |  | Left-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR202ML | D2HW-BL202ML | --- |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR203ML | D2HW-BL203ML | --- |
| Hinge lever | Solder |  | SPDT | D2HW-BR211H | D2HW-BL211H | D2HW-C211H |
|  | Molded lead wires | Downwards | SPDT | D2HW-BR211M | D2HW-BL211M | D2HW-C211M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR212M | D2HW-BL212M | D2HW-C212M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR213M | D2HW-BL213M | D2HW-C213M |
|  |  | Right-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR212MR | D2HW-BL212MR | D2HW-C212MR |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR213MR | D2HW-BL213MR | D2HW-C213MR |
|  |  | Left-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR212ML | D2HW-BL212ML | --- |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR213ML | D2HW-BL213ML | --- |
| Long hinge lever | Solder |  | SPDT | D2HW-BR221H | D2HW-BL221H | D2HW-C221H |
|  | Molded lead wires | Downwards | SPDT | D2HW-BR221M | D2HW-BL221M | D2HW-C221M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR222M | D2HW-BL222M | D2HW-C222M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR223M | D2HW-BL223M | D2HW-C223M |
|  |  | Right-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR222MR | D2HW-BL222MR | D2HW-C222MR |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR223MR | D2HW-BL223MR | D2HW-C223MR |
|  |  | Left-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR222ML | D2HW-BL222ML | --- |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR223ML | D2HW-BL223ML | --- |

Note: 1. The length of standard lead wires (AVSS0.5) for molded lead wire models is 30 cm .
2. Add " S " to the end of the model number for the UL/CSA-approved version. Consult your OMRON representative for details.

## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2HW

| Actuator | Terminals |  | Contact form | Model |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | With posts on right | With posts on left | M3-screw mounting |
| Simulated roller hinge lever | Solder |  |  | SPDT | D2HW-BR231H | D2HW-BL231H | D2HW-C231H |
|  | Molded lead wires | Downwards | SPDT | D2HW-BR231M | D2HW-BL231M | D2HW-C231M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR232M | D2HW-BL232M | D2HW-C232M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR233M | D2HW-BL233M | D2HW-C233M |
|  |  | Right-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR232MR | D2HW-BL232MR | D2HW-C232MR |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR233MR | D2HW-BL233MR | D2HW-C233MR |
|  |  | Left-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR232ML | D2HW-BL232ML | -- |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR233ML | D2HW-BL233ML | --- |
| Hinge roller lever | Solder |  | SPDT | D2HW-BR241H | D2HW-BL241H | D2HW-C241H |
|  | Molded lead wires | Downwards | SPDT | D2HW-BR241M | D2HW-BL241M | D2HW-C241M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR242M | D2HW-BL242M | D2HW-C242M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR243M | D2HW-BL243M | D2HW-C243M |
|  |  | Right-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR242MR | D2HW-BL242MR | D2HW-C242MR |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR243MR | D2HW-BL243MR | D2HW-C243MR |
|  |  | Left-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR242ML | D2HW-BL242ML | -- |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR243ML | D2HW-BL243ML | -- |
| Leaf lever | Solder |  | SPDT | D2HW-BR261H | D2HW-BL261H | D2HW-C261H |
|  | Molded lead wires | Downwards | SPDT | D2HW-BR261M | D2HW-BL261M | D2HW-C261M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR262M | D2HW-BL262M | D2HW-C262M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR263M | D2HW-BL263M | D2HW-C263M |
|  |  | Right-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR262MR | D2HW-BL262MR | D2HW-C262MR |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR263MR | D2HW-BL263MR | D2HW-C263MR |
|  |  | Left-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR262ML | D2HW-BL262ML | --- |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR263ML | D2HW-BL263ML | -- |
| Simulated roller leaf lever | Solder |  | SPDT | D2HW-BR271H | D2HW-BL271H | D2HW-C271H |
|  | Molded lead wires | Downwards | SPDT | D2HW-BR271M | D2HW-BL271M | D2HW-C271M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR272M | D2HW-BL272M | D2HW-C272M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR273M | D2HW-BL273M | D2HW-C273M |
|  |  | Right-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR272MR | D2HW-BL272MR | D2HW-C272MR |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR273MR | D2HW-BL273MR | D2HW-C273MR |
|  |  | Left-side | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR272ML | D2HW-BL272ML | --- |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR273ML | D2HW-BL273ML | -- |
| Long leaf lever | Molded lead wires | Downwards | SPDT | D2HW-BR281M | D2HW-BL281M | D2HW-C281M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NC | D2HW-BR282M | D2HW-BL282M | D2HW-C282M |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | D2HW-BR283M | D2HW-BL283M | D2HW-C283M |
|  |  | Right-side | SPST-NC | --- | --- | D2HW-C282MR |
|  |  |  | SPST-NO | --- | --- | D2HW-C283MR |

Note: 1. The length of standard lead wires (AVSS 0.5 ) for molded lead wire models is 30 cm .
2. Add "S" to the end of the model number for the UL/CSA-approved version. Consult your OMRON representative for details.

## Specifications

## Ratings

| Rated voltage (V) | Resistive load |
| :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | 0.1 A |
| 12 VDC | 2 A |
| 24 VDC | 1 A |
| 42 VDC | 0.5 A |

Note: The ratings values apply under the following test conditions:
Ambient temperature: $\quad 20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity:
Operating frequency: 30 operations / min

## Characteristics

| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating speed | 1 mm to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ (for pin plunger models) |
| Operating frequency | 30 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 VDC ) |
| Contact resistance <br> (initial value) | $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega \mathrm{max}$. (molded lead wire models: $150 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max.) |
| Dielectric strength | $600 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of the same polarity <br> $1,500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground, and between <br> each terminal and non-current-carrying metal parts |
| Vibration resistance (see note 2) | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |
| Shock resistance (see note 2) | Destruction: $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 100 G \} max. <br> Malfunction: $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 30 G$\}$ max. |
| Durability (see note 3) | Mechanical: $1,000,000$ operations min. (30 operations/min) <br> Electrical: 100,000 operations min. (20 operations/min) |
| Degree of protection | IEC IP67 (excluding the terminals on terminal models) |
| Degree of protection against electric <br> shock | Class I |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |
| Ambient operating temperature | -40 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |
| Ambient operating humidity | $95 \%$ max. (for 5 to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Weight | Approx. 0.7 g (for pin plunger models with terminals) |

Note: 1. The data given above are initial values.
2. For the pin plunger models, the above values apply for use at the free position, operating position, and total travel position. For the lever models, they apply at the total travel position.
The values shown apply for malfunctions of 1 ms max.
3. For testing conditions, contact your OMRON sales representative.

## Approved Standards

UL1054 (File No. E41515)/CSA C22.2 No. 55 (cUL approval)
Consult your OMRON sales representative for models with standard approval.

| Rated voltage | D2HW |
| :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | 0.1 A |
| 12 VDC | 2 A |

## - Contact Specifications

| Item | Specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Specification | Crossbar |
| Material | Gold alloy |
| Gap (standard value) | 0.5 mm |
| Minimum applicable load <br> (see note) | 1 mA at 5 VDC |

Note Minimum applicable loads are indicated by N standard reference values. This value represents the failure rate at a $60 \%$ ( $\lambda 60$ ) reliability level.
The equation $\lambda 60=035 \times 10-6 /$ operations indicates that a failure rate of $1 / 2,000,000$ operations can be expected at a reliability level of $60 \%$.

## - Contact Form

## SPDT



SPST-NC
(Molded Lead Wire Models Only)

SPST-NO
(Molded Lead Wire Models Only)


Note Molded lead wire colors are indicated in parentheses.

## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2HW

## Dimensions

## - Mounting Structure and Reference Positions for Operating Characteristics

Note All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
The reference positions used for FP, OP, and TTP values are as shown below for each type of mounting.


Mounting Hole Dimensions (Reference) Mounting Hole Dimensions (Reference)


- Terminals

Straight PCB Terminals

Molded Lead Wires on Left-side



PCB Cutout Dimensions (Reference)


Three, $1+0.1$ dia. hole

Angled PCB Terminals


PCB Cutout Dimensions (Reference)


Molded Lead Wires on Right-side


Solder Terminals


Molded Lead Wires Downwards


## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2HW

## - Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. Dimensions not indicated in the above diagrams have a tolerance of $\pm 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$.
3. The operating characteristics are for operation in the A direction (A).

Pin Plunger Models D2HW- $-20\llcorner\square$



| Charac- <br> teristic | Models without <br> posts | Models with posts <br> and M3-mounting <br> models |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.75 \mathrm{~N}\{76 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| RF min. | $0.10 \mathrm{~N}\{10 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| OT ref. | $(1.4 \mathrm{~mm})$ |  |
| MD max. | 0.25 mm |  |
| FP max. | 11.2 mm | 7.2 mm |
| OP | $10.4 \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $6.4 \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| TTP max. | 9.1 mm | 5.1 mm |

## Hinge Lever Models

D2HW- $\llcorner 21\llcorner\sqcup$


## Long Hinge Lever Models

D2HW- $\sqcap 22 \square \square$


Simulated Roller Hinge Lever Models
D2HW- $-23 \square \sqcup$


| Charac- <br> teristic | Models without <br> posts | Models with posts <br> and M3-mounting <br> models |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.75 \mathrm{~N}\{76 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| RF min. | $0.07 \mathrm{~N}\{7 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| OT ref. | $(1.6 \mathrm{~mm})$ |  |
| MD max. | 0.5 mm |  |
| FP max. | 12.8 mm | 8.8 mm |
| OP | $11.5 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $7.5 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| TTP max. | 10 mm | 6 mm |


| Charac- <br> teristic | Models without <br> posts | Models with posts <br> and M3-mounting <br> models |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.5 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| RF min. | $0.03 \mathrm{~N}\{3 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| OT ref. | $(2.5 \mathrm{~mm})$ |  |
| MD max. | 0.8 mm |  |
| FP max. | 15.5 mm | 11.5 mm |
| OP | $13.3 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $9.3 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| TTP max. | 11 mm | 7 mm |


| Charac- <br> teristic | Models without <br> posts | Models with posts <br> and M3-mounting <br> models |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.65 \mathrm{~N}\{66 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| RF min. | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| OT ref. | $(1.9 \mathrm{~mm})$ |  |
| MD max. | 0.5 mm |  |
| FP max. | 16.5 mm | 12.5 mm |
| OP | $15.2 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $11.2 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| TTP max. | 13.5 mm | 9.5 mm |

## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch (Sealed) - D2HW

Hinge Roller Lever Models
D2HW- $\_$24 $\llcorner\perp$


| Characteristic | Models with posts and <br> M3-mounting models |
| :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.65 \mathrm{~N}\{66 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.03 \mathrm{~N}\{3 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT ref. | $(1.9 \mathrm{~mm})$ |
| MD max. | 0.6 mm |
| FP max. | 15.3 mm |
| OP | $14 \pm 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| TTP max. | 12.3 mm |

## Leaf Lever Models

D2HW- $\_26\llcorner\sqcup$


| Characteristic | Models with posts and <br> M3-mounting models |
| :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $1.8 \mathrm{~N}\{183 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT ref. | $(1.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ |
| MD max. | 0.5 mm |
| FP max. | 9.3 mm |
| OP | $7.4 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| TTP max. | 5.8 mm |

Simulated Roller Leaf Lever Models
D2HW- $\sqcup 27 \sqcup \sqcup$


| Characteristic | Models with posts and <br> M3-mounting models |
| :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $1.8 \mathrm{~N}\{183 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT ref. | $(2.0 \mathrm{~mm})$ |
| MD max. | 0.5 mm |
| FP max. | 12.5 mm |
| OP | $10.8 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| TTP max. | 8.9 mm |

Long Leaf Lever Models
D2HW- $\mathbf{2 8}^{28} \square 7$


| Characteristic | Models with posts and <br> M3-mounting models |
| :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.9 \mathrm{~N}\{92 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT ref. | $(2.8 \mathrm{~mm})$ |
| MD max. | 0.7 mm |
| FP max. | 19 mm |
| OP | $15.4 \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| TTP max. | 12.8 mm |

## Precautions

## - Cautions

## Degree of Protection

Do not use this product in water. Although molded lead wire models satisfy the test conditions for the standard given below, this test is to check the ingress of water into the switch enclosure after submerging the Switch in water for a given time. Satisfying this test condition does not mean that the Switch can be used in water.
IEC Publication 529, degree of protection IP67.
Do not operate the Switch when it is exposed to water spray, or when water drops adhere to the Switch surface, or during sudden temperature changes, otherwise water may intrude into the interior of the Switch due to a suction effect.
Prevent the Switch from coming into contact with oil and chemicals. Otherwise, damage to or deterioration of Switch materials may result.
Do not use the Switch in areas where it is exposed to silicon adhesives, oil, or grease, otherwise faulty contact may result due to the generation of silicon oxide.

## Terminal Connection

When soldering the lead wire to the terminal, first insert the lead wire conductor through the terminal hole and then conduct soldering.
Made sure that the capacity of the soldering iron is 30 W maximum. Do not take more than 3 s to solder the switch terminal. Improper soldering involving an excessively high temperature or excessive soldering time may deteriorate the characteristics of the Switch.
When soldering the lead wire to the PCB terminal, pay careful attention so that the flux and solder liquid level does not exceed the PCB level.

## Side-actuated (Cam/Dog) Operation

When using a cam or dog to operate the Switch, factors such as the operating speed, operating frequency, push-button indentation, and material and shape of the cam or dog will affect the durability of the Switch. Confirm performance specifications under actual operation conditions before using the Switch in applications.

## - Correct Use

## Mounting

Turn OFF the power supply before mounting or removing the Switch, wiring, or performing maintenance or inspection. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or burning.
For M3-screw mounting models, use M3 mounting screws with plane washers or spring washers to securely mount the Switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of $0.29 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{3 \mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~cm}\}$. Exceeding the specified torque may result in deterioration of the sealing or damage.
For models with posts, secure the posts by thermal caulking or by pressing into an attached device. When pressed into an attached device, provide guides on the opposite ends of the posts to ensure that they do not fall out or rattle.
Mount the Switch onto a flat surface. Mounting on an uneven surface may cause deformation of the Switch, resulting in faulty operation or damage.

## Operating Body

Use an operating body with low frictional resistance and of a shape that will not interfere with the sealing rubber, otherwise the plunger may be damaged or the sealing may deteriorate.

## Handling

Do not handle the Switch in a way that may cause damage to the sealing rubber.
When handling the Switch, ensure that pressure is not applied to the posts in the directions shown in the following diagram. Also, ensure that uneven pressure or pressure in a direction other than the operating direction is not applied to the Actuator as shown in the following diagram. Otherwise, the post, Actuator, or Switch may be damaged, or the service life may be reduced.


## Wiring Molded Lead Wire Models

When wiring molded lead wire models, ensure that there is no weight on the wire or that there are no sharp bends near the parts where the wire is drawn out. Otherwise, damage to the Switch or deterioration in the sealing may result.

## Using Micro Loads

Even when using micro load models within the operating range, inrush currents or surges may decrease the life expectancy of the Switch. Therefore, insert a contact protection circuit where necessary.

[^4]
## Ultra-small and Highly Sealed

■ ROHS Compliant.

- Degree of protection for the lead wire models conforms to IEC IP67. (Lead wire type only).
- Wide range of operating temperature from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- Gold crossbar contact and coil spring offer long life expectancy and high contact reliability.



## Ordering Information

## ■ Model Number Legend

## D2JW-01 $\frac{\square}{2}-\frac{\square}{3}$

1. Ratings

01: $\quad 0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 30 \mathrm{VDC}$
2. Actuator

1: Pin plunger
K1A1: Short hinge lever
K11: Hinge lever
K31: Simulated hinge lever
K21: Hinge roller lever

- List of Models

Note: The standard lengths of the lead wires (AVS0.3f) of models incorporating them are 30 cm .

## Specifications

- Ratings

Electrical ratings
0.1 A at 30 VDC (resistive load)

The ratings values apply under the following test conditions:
Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 30 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$

| Minimum applicable load | 1 mA at 5 VDC |
| :--- | :--- |

## - Characteristics

| Operating speed | 1 mm to $250 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ (see note 1) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 240 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ <br> Electrical: 30 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ |
| Insulation resistance | 100 MS min. (at 500 VDC ) |
| Contact resistance <br> (initial value) | $100 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{\Omega}$ max. (molded lead wire models: 140 ma max.) |
| Dielectric strength | $600 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of the same polarity <br> $1,000 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground (see note 2), and <br> between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal parts |
| Vibration resistance | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude (see note 3) |
| Shock resistance | Destruction: $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 100 G$\}$ max. <br> Malfunction: $200 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 20G $\}$ max. (see note 3) |
| Life expectancy | Mechanical: $1,000,000$ operations min. <br> Electrical: 100,000 operations min. |
| Degree of protection | IP67 for molded lead wire terminal models <br> IP50 for solder terminal models |
| Degree of protection against <br> electric shock | Class I |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing or condensation) |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: $35 \%$ to $98 \%$ |
| Weight | Approx. 7 g (molded lead wire models, pin plunger models) |

Note: 1. The operating speed value shown is for pin plunger models. (For different models, contact your OMRON representative.)
2. The dielectric strength values shown apply for use with Separator (terminal type).
3. The values shown apply for malfunctions of 1 ms max.

## - Contact Specifications

| Contact | Specification | Crossbar |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Material | Gold alloy |
|  | Gap (standard <br> value) | 0.5 mm |
| Inrush current | NC | 0.1 A max. |
|  | NO | 0.1 A max. |

- Contact Form (SPDT)

*Indicates the color of the lead wire.


## Nomenclature



## Dimensions

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.
3. Actuators of the molded lead wire terminals are omitted here. The dimensions (other than the terminals) and operating characteristics of the molded lead wire terminals are the same as those for the solder terminals.

## ■ Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Pin Plunger
D2JW-011


Short Hinge Lever D2JW-01K1A1


Hinge Lever


| OF max. | $2.45 \mathrm{~N}\{250 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.98 \mathrm{~N}\{100 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 0.6 mm |
| OT min. | 0.3 mm |
| MD max. | 0.1 mm |
| OP | $8.1 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |


| OF max. | $1.15 \mathrm{~N}\{117 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.23 \mathrm{~N}\{23 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 5.4 mm |
| OT min. | 0.7 mm |
| MD max. | 0.5 mm |
| OP | $8.4 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |


| OF max. | $0.80 \mathrm{~N}\{82 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF min. | $0.15 \mathrm{~N}\{16 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 6.4 mm |
| OT min. | 1.4 mm |
| MD max. | 0.7 mm |
| OP | $8.4 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |



Simulated Hinge Lever


Hinge Roller Lever D2JW-01K21


4.8 dia. $\times 2.2$ resin roller


## Molded Lead Wire

 D2JW-01 $\square \square \square$-MD

Note: Letters and numbers are inserted in $\square$ by the actuator.

## Separator (Order Separately)

| Model | Separator for D2JW |
| :--- | :--- |



## Precautions

## ■ Cautions

## Mounting Dimensions

Use M2.3 mounting screws with plain or spring washers to mount the Switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.20 to $0.29 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{2$ to $3 \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathrm{cm}\}$.

## Mounting Holes

M2.3 mounting holes


## Terminal Connection

To solder the lead to the terminal, apply a soldering iron rated at 30 W max. (temperature of soldering iron: $250^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max.) within 3 seconds.
If soldering is not carried out under the proper conditions there is a danger of over-heating and subsequent heat damage. Applying a soldering iron for too long a time or using one that is rated at more than 30 W may degrade the Switch characteristics.

## Degree of Protection

The D2JW satisfies the following test condition specified by the IEC Publication 529:
Degree of protection: IP67
Test method:See the figure below.


Note: Temperature difference between the test piece and water must be $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or more.

## ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.

To convert millimetres into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

## Door Interlock Switch - D2D

## Power Switch with Fail-safe Mechanisms

- ROHS Compliant.

■ Minimum contact gap of 3 mm for general power switches is satisfied. Highly reliable design conforms to European safety standards.
Fail-safe mechanisms with double return spring and direct drive positive contact opening features.
$\square$ Conforms to Class II of VDE Insulation.
■ Pull-on lock model for easy maintenance is also available.


## Ordering Information

## ■ Model Number Legend

D2D- $\square \frac{\square}{1} \square \frac{\square}{3}$

1. Construction

1: $\quad$ Single pole, 3 -mm contact gap
2: Pull-on-lock type, 1-mm contact gap
3: Double-pole, 3 -mm contact gap
2. Mounting

0 : Screw mounting
1: Panel snap-fit mounting
3. Contact Form

0: SPDB-NO/NC
1: SPDB-NO
2: SPDB-NC
3: $\quad$ SPDB-NO+SPDB-NO/NC
4: DPDB-NO

## List of Models

| Mounting method | Contact form | Standard | Pull-on lock (see note ) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | Contact gap: $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{~ m m ~ m i n . ~}$ | Contact gap: $\mathbf{1} \mathbf{~ m m ~}$ |
| Screw mounting | SPDB-NO/NC | D2D-1000 | D2D-2000 |
|  | SPDB-NO | D2D-1001 | --- |
|  | SPDB-NC | D2D-1002 | --- |
|  | SPDB-NO/NC | D2D-1100 | D2D-2100 |
|  | SPDB-NO | D2D-1102 | --- |
|  | SPDB-NC | D2D-3103 | --- |
|  | SPDB-NO+SPDB-NO/NC | D2D-3104 | --- |
|  | DPDB-NO | --- |  |

Note: Refer to page 208 for the pull-on lock function.

## Door Interlock Switch - D2D

## Specifications

## - Ratings

| Type | Rated voltage | Non-inductive load |  | Inductive load |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Resistive load |  | Motor load |  |
|  |  | NC | NO | NC | NC |
| Standard | 125 VAC | 16 A |  | 4 A |  |
|  | 250 VAC | 16 A |  | 4 A |  |
| Pull-on lock | 125 VAC | 10 A |  | --- |  |
|  | 250 VAC | 10 A |  | --- |  |

Note: 1. The above values are for the steady-state current.
2. Motor load has an inrush current of 6 times the steady-state current.
3. The ratings values hold under the following test conditions:

Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 60 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$
Use the Switch under the following operating range.


| Minimum applicable load | 160 mA at 5 VDC |
| :--- | :--- |

## Door Interlock Switch - D2D

- Characteristics

| Item |  | D2D-1000 models | D2D-2000 models | D2D-3000 models |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating speed |  | 10 mm to $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |  |
| Operating frequency |  | Mechanical: 300 operations/min Electrical: 60 operations/min |  |  |
| Insulation resistance |  | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. (at 500 VDC ) |  |  |
| Contact resistance |  | 50 ms max. (initial value) |  |  |
| Dielectric strength ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ 1mm) | Between terminals of same polarity | 2,000 VAC | 1,000 VAC | 2,000 VAC |
|  | Between terminals and ground (see note1) | 2,000 VAC | 1,500 VAC | 2,000 VAC |
|  | Between terminals and non-currentcarrying metal part | 2,500 VAC | 1,500 VAC | --- |
|  | Between terminals and actuator | 4,000 VAC | --- | 4,000 VAC |
| Vibration resistance |  | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |  |  |
| Shock resistance |  | Malfunction: $500 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 50 G$\} \mathrm{max}$ ( $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 30G\} max. for pull-on models) |  |  |
| Life expectancy (see note 2) |  | Mechanical: 10,000,000 operations min. <br> Electrical: 100,000 operations min. |  |  |
| Degree of protection |  | IP00 |  |  |
| Degree of protection against electric shock |  | Class II |  |  |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) |  | 175 |  |  |
| Switch category |  | D (IEC335-1) |  |  |
| Ambient temperature |  | Operating: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (for an ambient humidity of $60 \%$ max.) (with no icing) |  |  |
| Ambient humidity |  | Operating: $85 \%$ max. (for $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |
| Weight |  | Approx. $14 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{(D2D-1000)}$ |  |  |

Note: 1. The dielectric strength shown in the table indicates a value for models with a Separator.
2. Contact your OMRON sales representative for testing conditions.

## - Approved Standards

UL1054 (File No. E41515)
CSA C22.2 No. 55 (File No. LR21642)

| Rated <br> voltage | D2D-1000 | D2D-2000 | D2D-3000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | -- | -- | $3 / 4 \mathrm{HP}$ |
| 250 VAC | 16 A | 10 A | 16 A, <br> $1-1 / 2 \mathrm{HP}$ l |

VDE (File No. 6147ÜG)/(File No. 92542)

| Rated <br> voltage | D2D-1000 | D2D-2000 | D2D-3000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 250 VAC | $16(4)$ A | 10 A | $16(4) \mathrm{A}$ |

Testing conditions: 50,000 operations, $\mathrm{T} 85\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
Note: The values in parentheses indicate motor load ratings.
TÜV EN61058-1 (File No. R9551934)

| Rated voltage | D2D-3104 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 24 VDC | 4 A |

[^5]- Contact Specifications

| Item |  | Standard <br> model | Pull-on lock <br> model |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contact | Specification | Rivet |  |
|  | Material | Silver |  |
|  | Gap <br> (standard value) | 3 mm min. | 1 mm |
|  | NC | 30 A max. | 24 A max. |
|  | NO | 30 A max. | 24 A max. |

Door Interlock Switch - D2D

## - Contact Form



D2D-1000 D2D-2000 D2D-1100 D2D-2100

SPDB-NO +SPDB-NO/NC


D2D-3103


D2D-1001 D2D-1101 DPDB-NO


D2D-3104

## Engineering Data

## Mechanical Life Expectancy (D2D-1000)



## Standard Model



## Pull-on Lock Model



## Nomenclature



D2D-1002 D2D-1102

## Door Interlock Switch - D2D

## Dimensions

## ■ Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.

## - Standard Models



Note: NC-OFF: The force applied to the actuator to cause it to move from the free position to the position at which the NC contact opens. NO-ON: The force applied to the actuator to cause it to move from the free position to the position at which the NO contact closes.

| Model |  | Screw mount |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | D2D-1000 | D2D-1001 | D2D-1002 |
| OF max. | NC-OFF | $2.94 \mathrm{~N}\{300 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | -- | $2.94 \mathrm{~N}\{300 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
|  | NO-ON | $5.88 \mathrm{~N}\{600 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $5.88 \mathrm{~N}\{600 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | -- |
| TTF max. | $7.35 \mathrm{~N}\{750 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $7.35 \mathrm{~N}\{750 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $7.35 \mathrm{~N}\{750 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| OT min. | 2.3 mm | 2.3 mm | 5.5 mm |  |
| TTP max. | 10 mm | 10 mm | 10 mm |  |
| FP max. | 16.4 mm | 17 mm | 16.4 mm |  |
| OP | NC-OFF | $15.9 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ | -- | $15.9 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | NO-ON | $12.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $12.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ | --- |



| Model |  | Panel mounting |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| D2D-1100 |  | D2D-1101 |  |  |
| OF max. | NC-OFF | $2.94 \mathrm{~N}\{300 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | -- | $2.94 \mathrm{~N}\{300 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
|  | NO-ON | $5.88 \mathrm{~N}\{600 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $5.88 \mathrm{~N}\{600 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | -- |
| TTF max. | $7.35 \mathrm{~N}\{750 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $7.35 \mathrm{~N}\{750 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $7.35 \mathrm{~N}\{750 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| OT min. | 2.3 mm | 2.3 mm | 5.5 mm |  |
| TTP max. | 6 mm | 6 mm | 6 mm |  |
| FP max. | 12.4 mm | 13 mm | 12.4 mm |  |
| OP | NC-OFF | $11.9 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ | -- | $11.9 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | NO-ON | $8.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $8.7 \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ | --- |

Panel Mounting


Panel Mounting D2D-3104


| Model |  | D2D-3104 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | NC-OFF | - |
|  | NO-ON | $5.88 \mathrm{~N}\{600 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
|  | $9.81 \mathrm{~N}\{1,000 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |  |
| OT min. | 2.3 mm |  |
| TTP max. | 6.4 mm |  |
| FP max. | 13.5 mm |  |
| OP | NC-OFF | - |
|  | NO-ON | $8.7 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

## - Pull-on Lock Models



## Precautions

## - Mounting Dimensions

Use M4 mounting screws with plain or spring washers to mount the Switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.49 to $0.69 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}\{5$ to $7 \mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~cm}\}$.

Mounting Holes
Panel Cutout Dimensions
Panel thickness: 1.0 to 2.5 mm



Note: Dimension is $36.7 \pm 0.1$ with a panel thickness of 1.0 mm and $37.0 \pm 0.1$ with a panel thickness of 2.5 mm

## Door Interlock Switch - D2D

## - Pull-on Lock Function

When opening or closing the door, the power ON state of the Switch can be checked with the door left open. By closing the door after maintenance inspection, the Switch will resume the normal momentary action. (This feature is ideal for conducting the electrical continuity test, inspection, repair, etc. of the Switch after its assembly.)

| Example |  | To turn ON the power when the <br> door is closed | To turn OFF the power when the <br> door is open | To turn ON the power with the <br> door left open |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| State |  |  |  |  |
| Connection | NO |  |  |  |

Fail-safe Mechanisms

## Double Spring Feature for Ensuring a Contact Opening

Two return springs are provided for the pin plunger. Thus, when either of the spring is broken, this feature will prevent the Switch from malfunctioning or short-circuiting.
Applicable Models: D2D-1000 and 3000 models
Direct Drive Positive Contact Opening Feature for Ensuring NC Contact Opening
The section marked will positively break the circuit if a contact weld occurs in the Switch.
Applicable Models: D2D-1000 Models


Example of D2D-1000.

## Handling

Apply operation force to the pin plunger in the direction it operates. Applying forces laterally or from an oblique direction may damage the pin plunger.

[^6]
## Unique Mechanism Allows

## Switching of Both Micro Loads and Power Loads Design Concept

■ ROHS Compliant.

- Choose from plunger or lever as the actuator type.
- The internal structure of plunger models provides temporary sealing at the free position.
- Low operating force of 2 N max.
- Quick-connection terminals for easier wiring.
- High contact reliability ensured with gold crossbar
 contacts.


## Ordering Information

Model Number Legend


1. Actuator
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 1: } & \text { Plunger } \\ \text { 2: } & \text { Lever }\end{array}$
2. Contact Form

1: SPDT
2: SPST-NC
3: SPST-NO

- List of Models

| Actuator |  | Contact form |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | SPDT | SPST-NC | SPST-NO |
| Plunger | Lever | D3D-111 | D3D-121 | D3D-131 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

3. Colour of Housing

1: White

## Specifications

## - Ratings

| Rated voltage | Resistive load |
| :---: | :---: |
| 125 VAC | 1 A |
| 250 VAC | 0.5 A |

Note: The ratings on the left were tested under the following conditions.
Ambient temperature: $\quad 20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency:
20 operations/min

## Characteristics

| Operating speed | 7.5 to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 120 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ <br> Electrical: 20 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 VDC ) |
| Contact resistance (initial value) | $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega \mathrm{max}$. |
| Dielectric strength | $1,000 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of the same polarity <br> $1,500 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground, and between <br> each terminal and non-current-carrying metal parts |
| Vibration resistance | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5$-mm double amplitude |
| Shock resistance <br> (See note 1) | Destruction: $490 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ max. <br> Malfunction: $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ max. |
| Durability <br> (See note 2) | Mechanical: 300,000 operations min. (60 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ ) <br> Electrical: 100,000 operations min. (20 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ ) |
| Degree of protection | IP00 |
| Degree of protection against elec- <br> tric shock | D3D-1 models (plunger models): Class II <br> D3D-2 models (lever models): Class 0 |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 600 |
| Ambient operating temperature | $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |
| Ambient operating humidity | $85 \%$ max. |
| Weight | Approx. 4 g |

Note: 1. The contacts do not open or close for more than 1 ms .
2. Consult your OMRON representative for details on test conditions.

## - Approved Standards

UL (1054), CSA (C22.2 No. 55 (cULus)), VDE (EN61058-1)

## - Contact Specifications

| Contact | Specification | Crossbar |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Material | Gold alloy |
| Minimum applicable load <br> (See note) | 1 mA at 5 VDC |  |

Note: For more information about the minimum applicable load, refer to "Micro Loads" on page 5 .

## - Contact Form

SPDT


SPST-NC


## Dimensions

## - Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.
3. The operating characteristics are for operation in direction $A$ (indicated by the arrow).

## Plunger Models

D3D-111
D3D-121
D3D-131


Note: The dimensions OP1 and OP2 apply to the D3D-111 only. The D3D-121 and D3D-131 are SPST-NC and SPST-NO respectively and so therefore have only one corresponding dimension here (OP).

Lever Models
D3D-211
D3D-221
D3D-231


| Type | Lever model |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model | D3D-211 | D3D-221 | D3D-231 |
| OF max. | 2.0 N |  |  |
| TT | (9.7) mm |  |  |
| OP min. | OP1 (NC-OFF) 13 mm | 13 mm | 11.5 mm |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { OP2 } \\ \text { (NO-ON) } \\ 11.5 \mathrm{~mm} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |

Note: The dimensions OP1 and OP2 apply to the D3D-211 only. The D3D-221 and D3D-231 are SPST-NC and SPST-NO respectively and so therefore have only one corresponding dimension here (OP)

## - Mounting Panel Cutout Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.


## - Connectors

The terminals connect to JST's HL Connector.
The HL Connector consists of the following components.
Contact: SSF-21T-P1.4
Housing: HLP-03V
OMRON does not sell the HL Connector. Contact the following.
J.S.T. Manufacturing Co., Ltd. (Japan)

Tel: (81)6-6968-6855
Fax: (81)6-6964-2085
J.S.T. (U.K.) Ltd. (United Kingdom)

Tel: (44)1986-874131
Fax: (44)1986-874276
J.S.T. Corporation (U.S.A.)

Tel: (1)847-473-1957
Fax: (1)847-473-1373
J.S.T. (H.K.) Co. Ltd. (Hong Kong)

Tel: (852)24137979
Fax: (852)24111193

## Precautions

## - Cautions

## Handling

Do not expose the Switch to shocks, such as by dropping it. Doing so may damage or deform the Switch.
Do not apply lubrication to the sliding parts, such as pushbuttons or actuators. Doing so may result in faulty operation or contact failure.
In order to ensure stable contact force for NO contacts, use an operating stroke of at least 5 mm .

## - Correct Use

## Mounting

This product does not have a waterproof or drip-proof construction. Ensure that water does not enter the Switch interior. In particular, do not use the Switch in locations where water may be spilt or flow over the Switch. Doing so may result in deterioration of the insulation.

## Wiring

Do not use the Switch with a large force applied to the connector or lead wire. Doing so may result in rattling or contact failure.

## Storage Environment

Storing the Switch in a plastic bag will help prevent discoloration due to sulfuration of the (silver-plated) terminals.
Do not use the Switch in locations subject to harmful gases or to high temperatures or humidity levels. Depending on the location, it is recommended that Switches are inspected between 3 and 6 months after the date of manufacturer.

## Micro Loads

Even when using the Switch within the operating range, if there are inrush currents or surges, it may decrease the durability of the Switch. If necessary, insert a contact protection circuit.

## ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.

To convert millimetres into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

## Compact DPST-NO Door Switch

- Incorporates two circuits for power loads and micro loads.
■ Micro load circuit uses twin contacts.
- Compact size, with an operating force of only $3.24 \mathrm{~N}\{330 \mathrm{gf}\}$.
- Panel- or screw-mounted with ease.



## Ordering Information

Model Number Legend
D2T $-\frac{\square}{1} \frac{\mathrm{~T} 1}{\frac{\square}{2}}$

1. Actuator

None: Pin plunger
L : Hinge lever

## 2. Terminals

None: Right-angled solder terminals
S : Straight solder terminals

## List of Models

| Actuator (see note) | Right-angled solder terminals | Straight solder terminals |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pin plunger | D2T-T1 | D2T-T1S |
| Hinge lever | D2T-LT1 | D2T-LT1S |

Note: The actuator of the D2T is identical to that used for OMRON's V Snap-action Switches. The actuator can be replaced with other types of actuators. Consult your OMRON sales representatives for details.

## Specifications

## - Ratings

|  | Rated voltage |  | Resistive load |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Between terminals 1 and 2 | 250 VAC | 5 A |  |
| Between terminals 3 and 4 | 125 VAC | 0.1 A |  |

Note: The ratings values apply under the following test conditions:
Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 30 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$

## -Switching Capacity per Load (Reference Values)

| Voltage | Resistive load |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Between terminals 1 and 2 |  | Between terminals 3 and 4 |
| 250 VAC | 5 A | - |  |
| 125 VAC | 5 A |  | 0.1 A |
| 30 VDC | 6 A | 0.1 A |  |

## ■ Characteristics

| Operating speed | 10 to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ (pin plunger models) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 120 operations/min max. <br> Electrical: 30 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ max. |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. (at 500 VDC ) |
| Contact resistance (initial value) | Between terminals 1 and $2: 50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. <br> Between terminals 3 and $4: 100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. |
| Dielectric strength (see note 2) | $1,000 \mathrm{VAC}$ for $1 \mathrm{~min} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ between terminals of same polarity <br> $1,500 \mathrm{VAC}$ for $1 \mathrm{~min} 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ between current-carrying metal part and ground (see note 1), <br> between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal part, and between terminals of <br> different polarity |
| Vibration resistance (see note 3) | Malfunction: 10 to $55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5-\mathrm{mm}$ double amplitude |
| Shock resistance (see note 3) | Destruction: $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\{$ approx. 100 G$\}$ max. <br> Malfunction: $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ approx. 30 G$\}$ max. |
| Durability (see note 4) | Mechanical: 100,000 operations min. ( 60 operations $/ \mathrm{min}$ ) <br> Electrical: 100,000 operations min. (30 operations $/ \mathrm{min})$ |
| Degree of protection | IEC IP40 |
| Degree of protection <br> against electric shock | Class I |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |
| Ambient operating temperature | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (at ambient humidity of $60 \%$ max.) (with no icing) |
| Ambient operating humidity | $85 \%$ max. (for $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Weight | Approx. 10 g (pin plunger models) |

Note: 1. The data given above are initial values.
2. The dielectric strength shown in the table indicates a value for models with a Separator.
3. For the pin plunger models, the above values apply for use at both the free position and total travel position. For the lever models, they apply at the total travel position. Contact opening or closing time is within 1 ms .
4. For testing conditions, consult your OMRON sales representative.

## - Approved Standards

Consult your OMRON sales representative for specific models with standard approvals.
UL1054 (File No. E41515)/
CSA C22.2 No. 55 (File No. LR21642)

| Rated voltage | Between <br> terminals 1 and 2 | Between <br> terminals 3 and 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | 5 A | 0.1 A (for 100,000 <br> operations) |
| 250 VAC | 5 A | - |

EN61058-1 (File No. 120144, VDE approval)

| Rated voltage | Between <br> terminals 1 and 2 | Between <br> terminals 3 and 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | - | 0.1 A |
| 250 VAC | 5 A | - |

Testing conditions: 5E4 (50,000 operations), $\mathrm{T} 85\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

## Contact Form

DPST-NO


Note: The circuit switching power loads has a snap-action
mechanism and the circuit switching micro loads has a slow-action mechanism.

High-frequency Characteristics

| Item |  | Between <br> terminals <br> $\mathbf{1}$ and 2 | Between <br> terminals <br> $\mathbf{3}$ and 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contact | Specification | Rivet | Plated |
|  | Material | Silver |  |
|  | Gap <br> (standard value) | 1 mm | 1.4 mm |
|  | Inrush current |  | $60 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{max}$. | - |
| Minimum applicable load | 160 mA <br> at 5 VDC | 1 mA at 5 VDC |  |

## Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimetres unless otherwise indicated.

## - Terminals

Angled Terminals


Straight Terminals


## Mounting Holes

## Panel Cutout Dimensions

(Panel thickness: 1.5 to 2 mm )


## Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimetres unless otherwise indicated.
2. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.
3. The following illustrations and dimensions are for D2T models with angled terminals. Refer to the dimensions in Terminals for the straight terminals of the D2T.
4. The operating characteristics are for operation in the A direction ( $\downarrow$ ).


| Model | D2T-T1 <br> D2T-T1S |
| :--- | :--- |
| OF max. <br> RF min. <br> TTF max. | $3.24 \mathrm{~N}\{330 \mathrm{gf}\}$ <br> $0.5 \mathrm{~N}\{50 \mathrm{gf}\}$ <br> $6.37 \mathrm{~N}\{650 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT min. | 0.8 mm |
| OP | $4.4 \pm 0.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> (see note) |

Note: Operating sequence of the circuit between terminals 1 and 2 and the circuit between terminals 3 and 4 is not specified.

Hinge Lever Models
D2T-LT1
D2T-LT1S


| Model | $\begin{array}{c}\text { D2T-LT1 } \\ \text { D2T-LT1S }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $\begin{array}{l}1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ \text { RF min. } \\ \text { TTF max. }\end{array}$ |
| OT min. | $2.45 \mathrm{~N}\{250 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| gf $\}$ |  |$]$

Note: Operating sequence of the circuit between terminals 1 and 2 and the circuit between terminals 3 and 4 is not specified.

## Precautions

## - Correct Use

## Mounting

Use M3 mounting screws to mount the Switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.4 to $0.6 \mathrm{Nm}\{4$ to 6 kg cm$\}$.

## Mounting Holes

When mounting on a metal surface, be sure to provide a Separator between the Switch and mounting plate.

[^7]
[^0]:    Note: Malfunction: 1 ms max.

[^1]:    To convert millimetres into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

[^2]:    Minimum operating load 1 mA at 5 VDC

[^3]:    ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
    To convert millimetres into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

[^4]:    ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
    To convert millimetres into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

[^5]:    Testing conditions: $5 \mathrm{E} 4\left(50,000\right.$ operations), $\mathrm{T} 85\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

[^6]:    ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
    To convert millimetres into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

[^7]:    ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
    To convert millimetres into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

