



## ■ Ratings

Item	H3Y-2(-0)/H3Y-4(-0)
<b>Rated supply voltage</b>	24, 100 to 120 (50/60 Hz), 200 to 230 VAC (50/60 Hz), 12, 24, 48, 125, 100 to 110 VDC (see note 1)
<b>Operating voltage range</b>	All rated voltages except 12 VDC: 85% to 110% of rated supply voltage 12 VDC: 90% to 110% of rated supply voltage (see note 2)
<b>Reset voltage</b>	10% min. of rated supply voltage (see note 3)
<b>Power consumption</b>	100 to 120 VAC: Relay ON: approx. 1.8 VA (1.6 W) at 120 VAC, 60 Hz Relay OFF: approx. 1 VA (0.6 W) at 120 VAC, 60 Hz 200 to 230 VAC: Relay ON: approx. 2.2 VA (1.8 W) at 230 VAC, 60 Hz Relay OFF: approx. 1.5 VA (1.1 W) at 230 VAC, 60 Hz 24 VAC: Relay ON: approx. 1.8 VA (1.4 W) at 24 VAC, 60 Hz Relay OFF: approx. 0.3 VA (0.2 W) at 24 VAC, 60 Hz 12 VDC: Relay ON: approx. 1.1 W at 12 VDC Relay OFF: approx. 0.1 W at 12 VDC 24 VDC: Relay ON: approx. 1.1 W at 24 VDC Relay OFF: approx. 0.1 W at 24 VDC 48 VDC: Relay ON: approx. 1.2 W at 48 VDC Relay OFF: approx. 0.3 W at 48 VDC 100 to 110 VDC: Relay ON: approx. 1.6 W at 110 VDC Relay OFF: approx. 0.4 W at 110 VDC 125 VDC: Relay ON: approx. 1.6 W at 125 VDC Relay OFF: approx. 0.4 W at 125 VDC
<b>Control outputs</b>	H3Y-2(-0): 5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load ( $\cos\phi = 1$ ) H3Y-4(-0): 3 A at 250 VAC, resistive load ( $\cos\phi = 1$ )

- Note:**
1. With DC ratings, single-phase full-wave rectified power sources may be used.
  2. Use the Timer within 90% to 110% of the rated supply voltage (95% to 110% for 12 VDC) when using it continuously under an ambient operating temperature of 50 °C.
  3. Set the reset voltage as follows to ensure proper resetting.
    - 100 to 120 VAC: 10 VAC max.
    - 200 to 230 VAC: 20 VAC max.
    - 100 to 110 VDC: 10 VDC max.

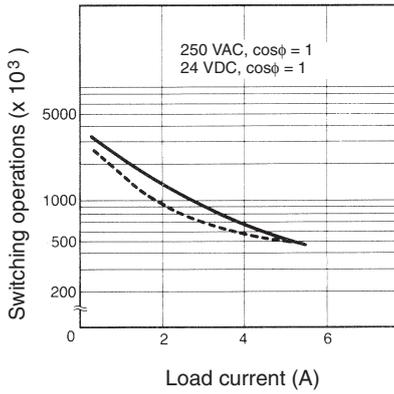
## ■ Characteristics

<b>Accuracy of operating time</b>	±1% FS max. (0.5 s range: ±1%±10 ms max.)
<b>Setting error (see note 1)</b>	±10%±50 ms FS max.
<b>Reset time</b>	Min. power-opening time: 0.1 s max. (including halfway reset)
<b>Reset voltage</b>	10% max. of rated supply voltage
<b>Influence of voltage (see note 1)</b>	±2% FS max.
<b>Influence of temperature (see note 1)</b>	±2% FS max.
<b>Insulation resistance</b>	100 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)
<b>Dielectric strength</b>	2,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min (between current-carrying terminals and exposed non-current-carrying metal parts) (see note 2) 2,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min (between operating power circuit and control output) (see note 2) 2,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min (between different pole contacts; 2-pole model) (see note 2) 1,500 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min (between different pole contacts; 4-pole model) 1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min (between non-continuous contacts)
<b>Vibration resistance</b>	Destruction: 10 to 55 Hz, 0.75 mm single amplitude Malfunction: 10 to 55 Hz, 0.5 mm single amplitude
<b>Shock resistance</b>	Destruction: 1,000 m/s <sup>2</sup> (approx. 100G) Malfunction: 100 m/s <sup>2</sup> (approx. 10G)
<b>Ambient temperature</b>	Operating: -10 °C to 50 °C (with no icing) Storage: -25 °C to 65 °C (with no icing)
<b>Ambient humidity</b>	Operating: 35% to 85%
<b>Life expectancy</b>	Mechanical: 10,000,000 operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h) Electrical: H3Y-2: 500,000 operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 1800 operations/h) H3Y-4: 200,000 operations min. (3 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 1800 operations/h)
<b>Noise immunity</b>	±1.5 kV, square-wave noise by noise simulator (pulse width: 100 ns/1 μs, 1-ns rise)
<b>Static immunity</b>	Destruction: 8 kV Malfunction: 4 kV
<b>Enclosure rating</b>	IP40
<b>Weight</b>	Approx. 50 g
<b>EMC</b>	(EMI) EN61812-1 Emission Enclosure: EN55011 Group 1 class A Emission AC Mains: EN55011 Group 1 class A (EMS) EN61812-1 Immunity ESD: EN61000-4-2: 8 kV air discharge (level 3) Immunity RF-interference from AM Radio Waves: EN61000-4-3: 10 V/m (80 MHz to 1 GHz) (level 3) Immunity Burst: EN61000-4-4: 2 kV power-line (level 3) 2 kV I/O signal-line (level 4) Immunity Surge: EN61000-4-5: 2 kV line to ground (level 3) 1 kV line to line (level 3)
<b>Approved standards</b>	UL508, CSA C22.2 No. 14, Lloyds Conforms to EN61812-1 and IEC60664-1. (2.5 kV/2 for H3Y-2/-2-0, 2.5 kV/1 for H3Y-4/-4-0) Output category according to EN60947-5-1.

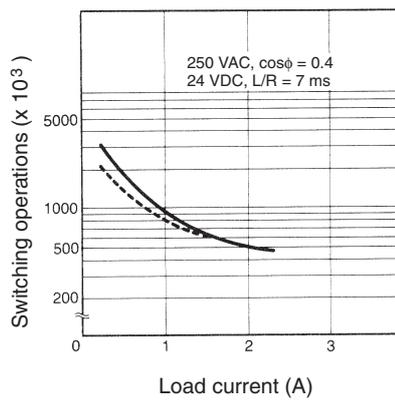
**Note:** 1. Add ±10 mS to the above value for the 0.5-S range model.  
2. Terminal screw sections are excluded.

# Engineering Data

H3Y-2, H3Y-2-0

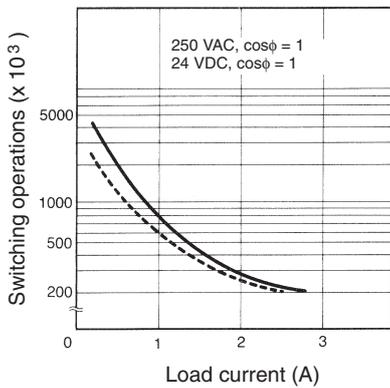


H3Y-2, H3Y-2-0

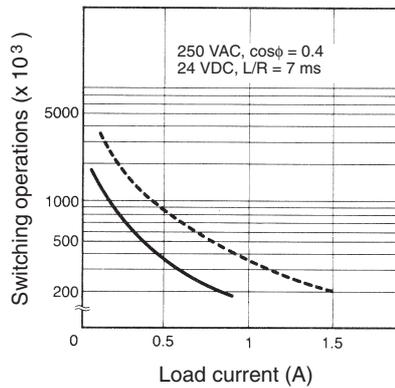


Reference: A maximum current of 0.6 A can be switched at 125 VDC ( $\cos\phi = 1$ ).  
Maximum current of 0.2 A can be switched if L/R is 7 ms. In both cases, a life of 100,000 operations can be expected.  
The minimum applicable load is 1 mA at 5 VDC (P reference value).

H3Y-4, H3Y-4-0



H3Y-4, H3Y-4-0

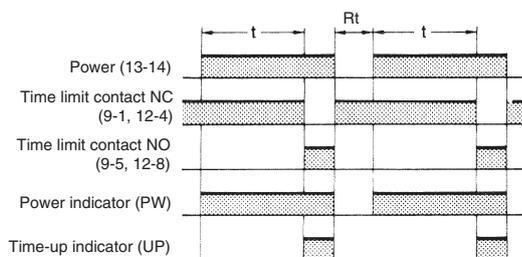


Reference: A maximum current of 0.5 A can be switched at 125 VDC ( $\cos\phi = 1$ ).  
Maximum current of 0.2 A can be switched if L/R is 7 ms. In both cases, a life of 100,000 operations can be expected.  
The minimum applicable load is 1 mA at 1 VDC (P reference value).

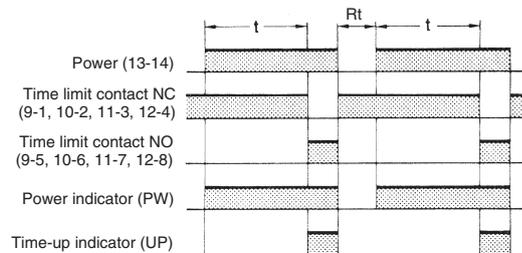
## Operation

### ■ Timing Chart

H3Y-2, H3Y-2-0



H3Y-4, H3Y-4-0

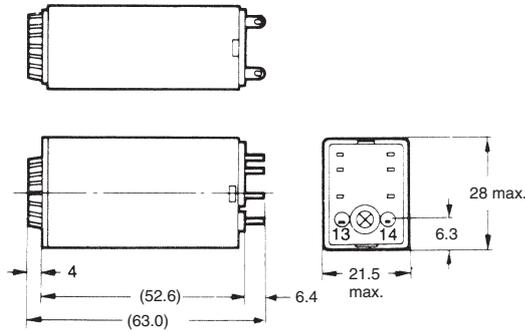


# Dimensions

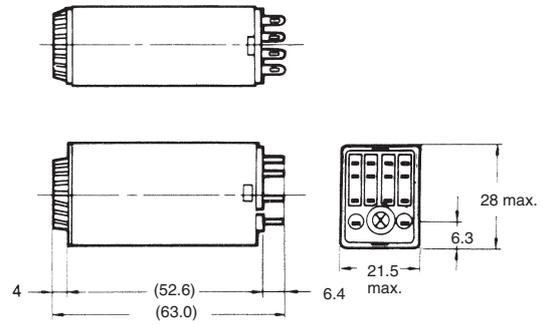
Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

## Timers

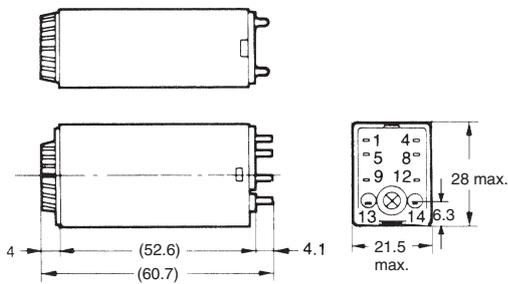
H3Y-2



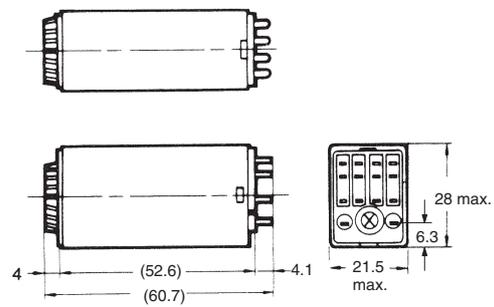
H3Y-4



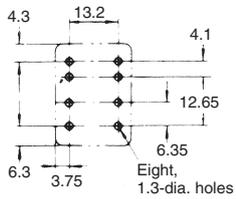
H3Y-2-0



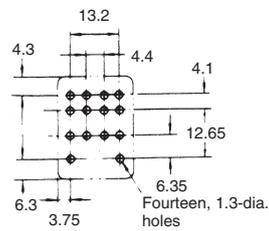
H3Y-4-0



Mounting Holes



Mounting Holes



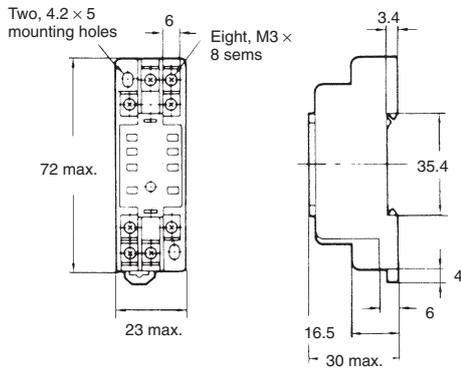
Timers

## ■ Accessories (Order Separately)

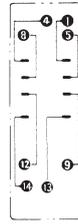
Use the PYF□A, PY□, PY□-02, or PY□QN(2) to mount the H3Y. When ordering any one of these sockets, replace "□" with "08" or "14."

### DIN-rail Mounting/Front Connecting Socket

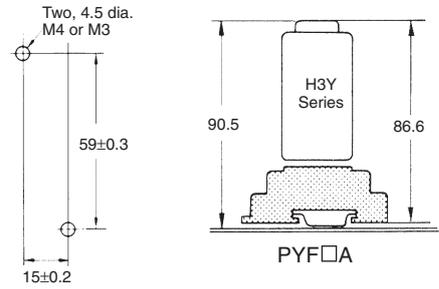
#### PYF08A



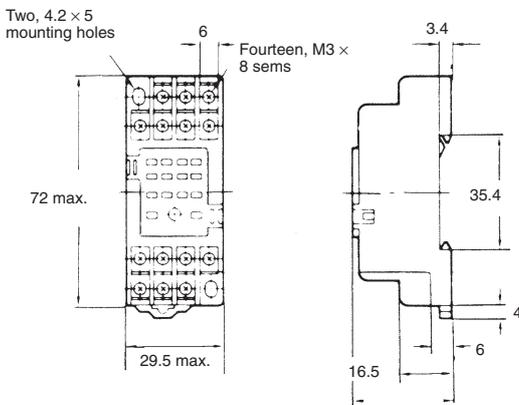
#### Terminal Arrangement (Top View)



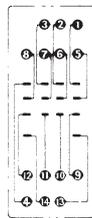
#### Mounting Holes



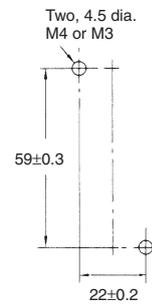
#### PYF14A



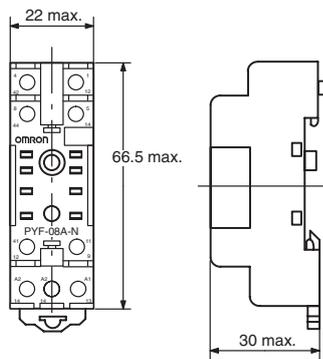
#### Terminal Arrangement (Top View)



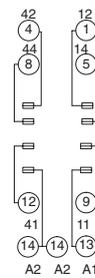
#### Mounting Holes



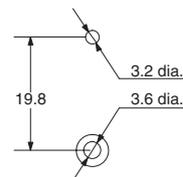
#### PYF08A-N



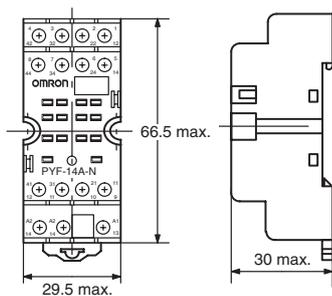
#### Terminal Arrangement



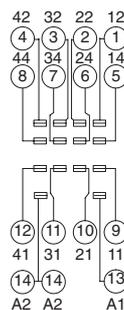
#### Mounting Holes (for Surface Mounting)



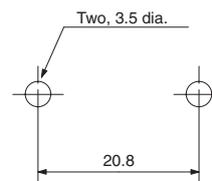
#### PYF14A-N



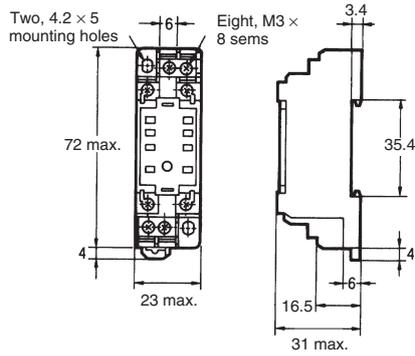
#### Terminal Arrangement



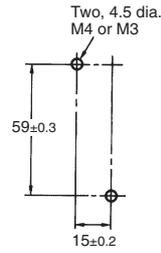
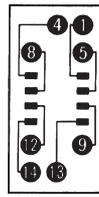
#### Mounting Holes (for Surface Mounting)



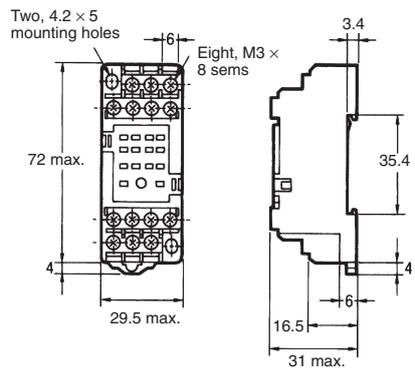
**PYF08A-E**



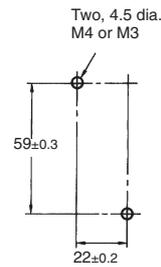
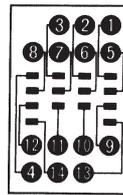
(Top View)



**PYF14A-E**

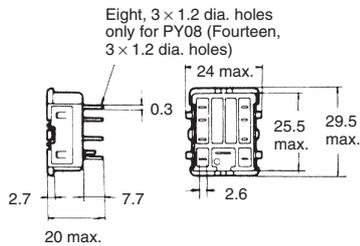


(Top View)

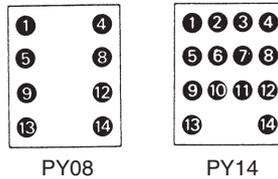


**Back Connecting Socket**

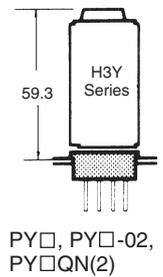
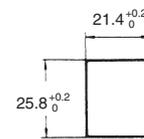
**PY08, PY14**



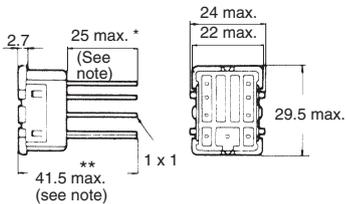
Terminal Arrangement (Bottom View)



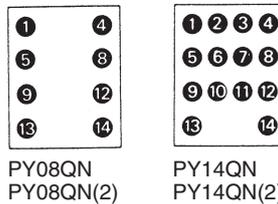
Panel Cutout



**PY08QN, PY14QN  
PY08QN(2), PY14QN(2)**

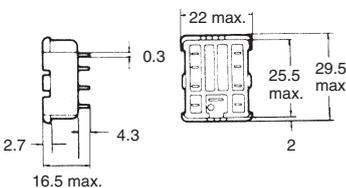


Terminal Arrangement (Bottom View)

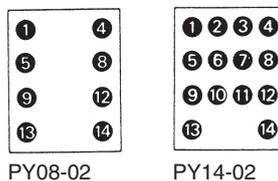


**Note:** With PY□QN(2), dimension \* should read 20 max. and dimension \*\* 36.5 max.

**PY08-02, PY14-02**



Terminal Arrangement (Bottom View)

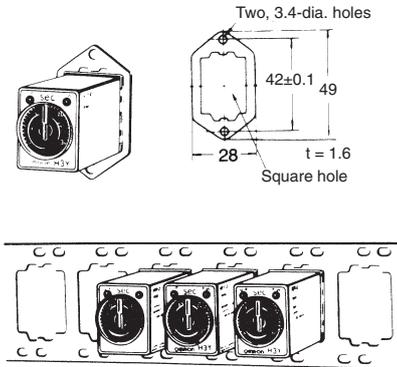


**Socket Mounting Plates (t = 1.6)**

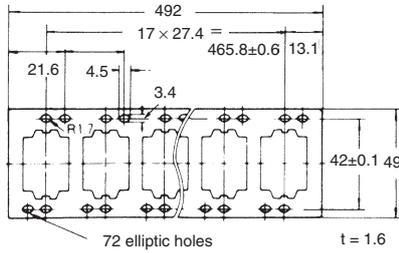
Applicable socket	For mounting 1 socket	For mounting 18 sockets
PY08, PY14, PY08QN(2), PY14QN(2)	PYP-1	PYP-18

Note: PYP-18 may be cut to any desired length.

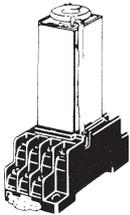
**PYP-1**



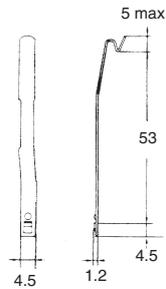
**PYP-18**



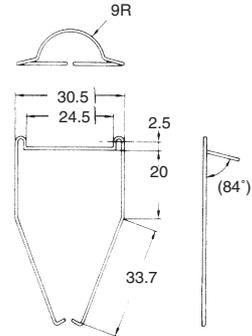
**Relay Hold-down Clips**



**Y92H-3 for PYF□A Socket (Set of Two Clips)**

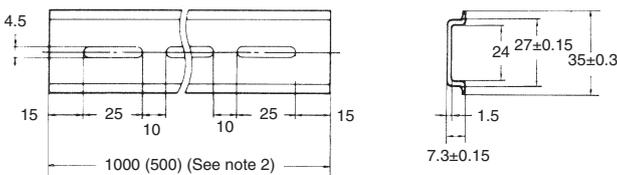


**Y92H-4 for PY□ Socket**



**Mounting DIN-rail**

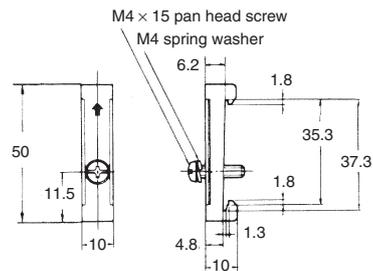
**PFP-100N/PFP-50N (see note 1)**



Note: 1. Meets DIN EN50022  
2. This dimension applies to PFP-50N.

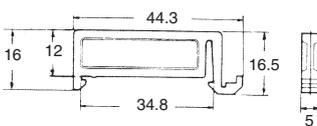
**End Plate**

**PFP-M**



**Spacer**

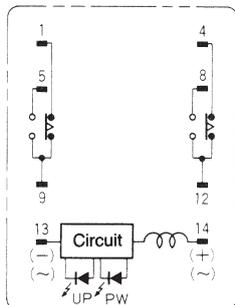
**PFP-S**



# Installation

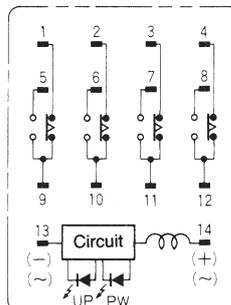
## ■ Connection

H3Y-2, H3Y-2-0



Connect the DC power supply to terminals 13 and 14 according to the polarity marks.

H3Y-4, H3Y-4-0



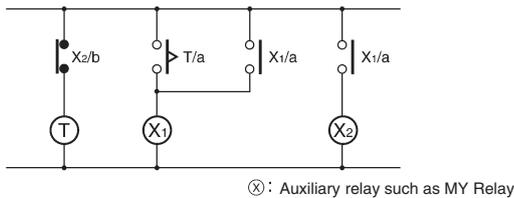
Connect the DC power supply to terminals 13 and 14 according to the polarity marks.

# Precautions

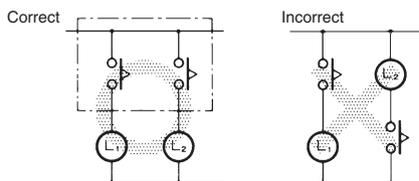
When selecting a control output, use the H3Y-2 for switching ON and OFF the power and the H3Y-4 for switching ON and OFF the minute load.

The operating voltage will increase when using the H3Y in any place where the ambient temperature is more than 50°C. Supply 90% to 110% of the rated voltages (at 12 VDC: 95% to 110%) when operating at 45°C or higher.

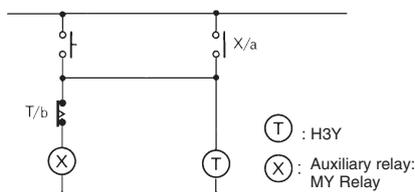
Do not leave the H3Y in time-up condition for a long period of time (for example, more than one month in any place where the ambient temperature is high), otherwise the internal parts (aluminum electrolytic capacitor) may become damaged. Therefore, the use of the H3Y with a relay as shown in the following circuit diagram is recommended to extend the service life of the H3Y.



Do not connect the H3Y as shown in the following circuit diagram on the right hand side, otherwise the H3Y's internal contacts different from each other in polarity may become short-circuited.



Use the following safety circuit when building a self-holding or self-resetting circuit with the H3Y and an auxiliary relay, such as an MY Relay, in combination.



Do not use the H3Y in places where there is excessive dust, corrosive gas, or direct sunlight.

Do not mount more than one H3Y closely together, otherwise the internal parts may become damaged. Make sure that there is a space of 5 mm or more between any H3Y Models next to each other to allow heat radiation.

The internal parts may become damaged if a supply voltage other than the rated ones is imposed on the H3Y. When more than 100 V is applied to 12- or 24-VDC models, the internal element (varistor) may break.

## Precautions for EN61812-1 Conformance

The H3Y as a built-in timer conforms to EN61812-1 provided that the following conditions are satisfied.

### Handling

Before dismantling the H3Y from the socket, make sure that no voltage is imposed on any terminal of the H3Y.

### Wiring

The power supply for the H3Y must be protected with equipment such as a breaker approved by VDE.

Basic insulation is ensured between the H3Y's operating circuit and control output.

Insulation requirement: Overvoltage category II, pollution degree 1 (H3Y-4/-4-0), pollution degree 2 (H3Y-2/-2-0) (with a clearance of 1.5 mm and a creepage distance of 2.5 mm at 240 VAC)

Output terminals next to each other on the H3Y-4 or H3Y-4-0 must have the same polarity.

ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.  
To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937. To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527.